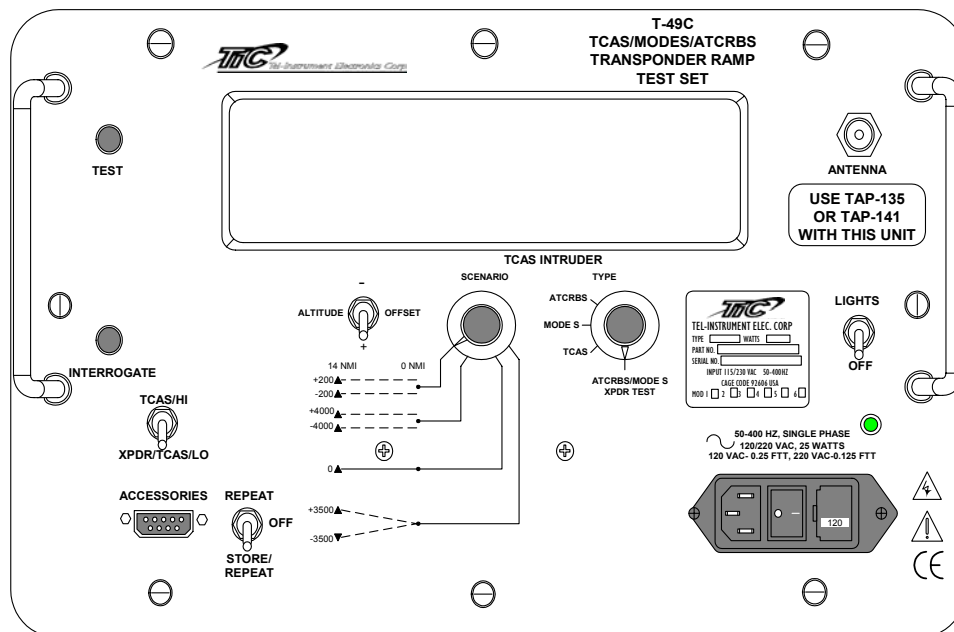




## T-49C/CA MOD 2 TRANSPONDER/TCAS TEST SET



## Operational and Maintenance Manual Volumes 1 & 2

REVISION 01-12-03

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

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## T-49C/CA MOD 2 TABLE OF CHANGES

Date	REV	ECO	Page	Description
5-28-02	A			Initial Release
01-12-03	B			Complete overhaul of Manual to include but not limited too: Drawings, Parts list, Calibration procedures, and improved Graphics.

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# **VOLUME 1**

## **Operational Manual**

# CHAPTER I

## INTRODUCTION

### SECTION A

#### 1.1 Scope of Manual

This manual is intended to familiarize the operator with the operating procedures necessary to utilize the T-49C/CA MOD 2 Test Set. If you purchased the option of Maintenance and Servicing Instructions, these procedures are included as Chapters IV, V, and VI.

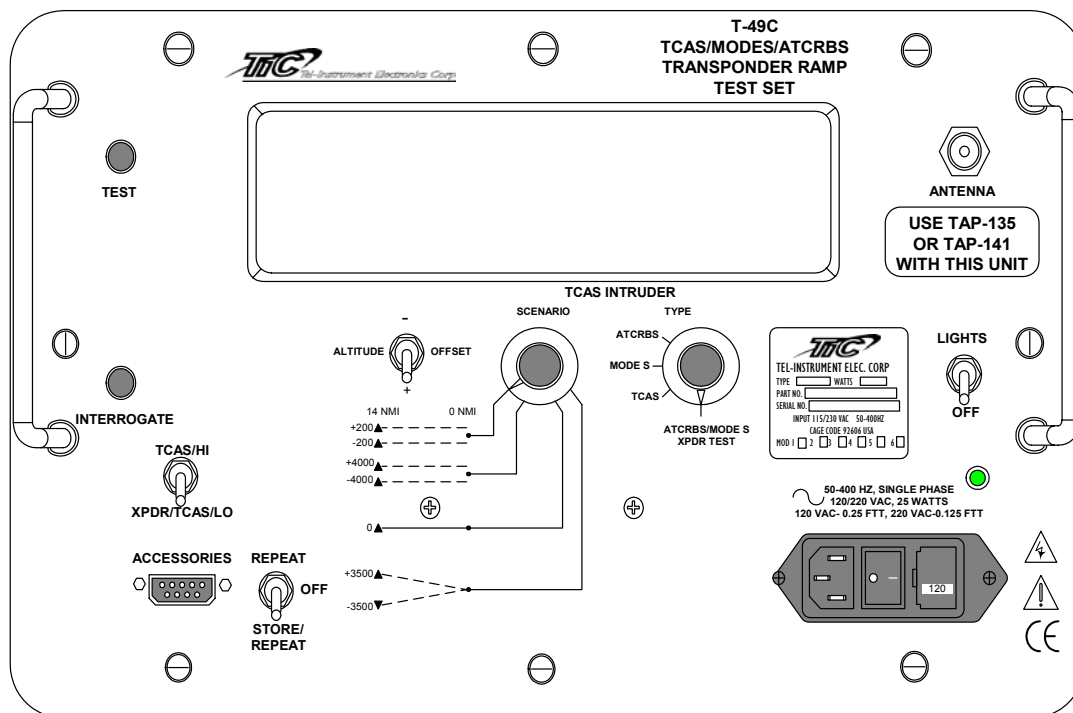


Figure 1-1

T-49C/CA MOD 2, TCAS/Transponder Ramp Test Set

## **1.2 Purpose and Function of the Equipment**

The T-49C/CA MOD 2 Test Set (T/S) tests airborne ATCRBS MODE A & C and MODE S transponders and TCAS I/II systems. It is a self contained and battery operated unit that requires no direct hardware connection to the equipment under test. The Test Set receives and radiates signals to the Unit Under Test (UUT) from an antenna supplied with the T/S. For MODE S and ATCRBS transponder tests, an antenna coupler unit is provided to measure transponder transmitter power, receiver frequency, receiver sensitivity, and diversity operation.

## **1.3 Regulatory Responsibilities**

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), requires that transponders operated under *Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR)* Part 91.215(a), 121.345(c), or 135.143(c) be tested and inspected every 24 calendar months in accordance with *FAR Part 43-Appendix F*. The Tel-Instrument Electronics Corp. T-49C/CA Test Sets perform all of the tests as required by *FAR Part 43-Appendix F*, paragraphs (a) through (j).

## **1.4 Warranty**

The Tel-Instrument Electronics Corporation warrants that each product it manufactures is free from defective material and workmanship for a period of two (2) years subject to the following terms and conditions. Tel-Instrument Electronics Corporation will remedy any such warranted defect subject to the following:

This warranty requires the unit to be delivered by the owner to Tel-Instrument intact for examination, with all transportation charges prepaid to the factory, within two (2) years from the date of sale to original purchaser. Tel-Instrument will solely determine when such defect exists.

This warranty does not extend to any of Tel products which have been subject to misuse, neglect, accident, improper installation, or used in violation of operating instructions. This warranty does not extend to units which have been repaired, calibrated, or altered in any way by a facility that is not approved, in writing, by Tel-Instrument Electronics Corp. to perform such work. This warranty does not apply to any product where the seals or serial number thereof has been removed, defaced or changed, nor to accessories not of our own manufacture.

Repair parts will be made available for a minimum period of five (5) years after the manufacture of this equipment has been discontinued.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and all such other warranties are hereby expressly excluded. No representative or person is authorized to assume for us any other liability or warranty in connection with the sale of Tel's products.

This warranty does not cover or include batteries (batteries have a separate 90 day warranty).

Additional information with regard to the applications and maintenance of this equipment will be available from time to time.

## SECTION B

### EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.5 Specifications<sup>1</sup>

##### Transmitter

Frequencies	1030 MHz and 1090 MHz $\pm$ 0.1 MHz
Output power, HIGH	+10 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm
LO	-10 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm
Pulse amplitude on/off ratio	greater than 35 dB
Differential Phase Shift Keying (DPSK) accuracy	$\pm$ 22 degrees
DPSK amplitude modulation	less than 10%

##### Receiver

Frequency Range	1030 $\pm$ 3MHz and 1090 $\pm$ 3 MHz
Sensitivity	< -25 dBm

##### Transponder Measurements Performed (Measured utilizing the TAP-141)

Receiver Sensitivity	Range -65 to -82 dBm, accuracy $\pm$ 2 dB
Radiated Power	40 to 60 dBm $\pm$ 2 dB (10 to 1000 watts)
Frequency	1087 to 1090 MHz $\pm$ 300 KHz
Reply Efficiency	0 to 99 $\pm$ 5%

##### Physical Properties

Packaging	MIL-PRF-28800F, Style C
Operating Temperature	-22 to +122 degrees F (-30 to +50 degrees C)
Size	14.5 x 9.4 x 6.5 inches
Weight	19.0 lbs. W/ line cord, antenna coupler, omni and directional antennas
Battery Life	8 hours Min. at 50% duty cycle
Supplied Antennas	Directional Dipole, Omni-Directional, TAP-135 Antenna Coupler (CA contains 2) TAP-141 Direct Connect Coupler (Optional)

<sup>1</sup> Tel Instrument Electronics Corp. reserves the right to modify and change specifications without notice.

## 1.6 T-49C TCAS Test Scenarios

Selectable Scenarios	Intruder Speed	Intruder Range	Altitude Separation	Altitude Offset
<b>+3500/-3500</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	3500 ft.	Altitude offset will decrease as distance decreases or Vice-Versa.
<b>0</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	0	Constant
<b>+4000/-4000</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	4000 ft.	Constant
<b>+200/-200</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	200 ft.	Constant

## 1.7 Safety Considerations

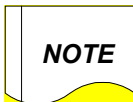
The following are general safety precautions that are not related to a particular test or procedure. These are recommended procedures that all personnel must apply during many phases of operation and maintenance. It is assumed that the operator has general knowledge of electrical theory and the dangers associated with it.

1. When performing any of the tests thoroughly read and understand all procedures before actually performing them.
2. The various front panel connectors, switches, and controls specified can be located by referring to Figure 2-1 on page 2-2.
3. Take the time to learn the proper operation and function of the Test Set as outlined in Chapters 1, 2, and 3. Through knowledge of the Test Set and its capabilities greatly improves the time it takes to complete the tests.
4. Pay particular attention to **NOTES** and **WARNINGS** that may accompany some test procedures.



### **WARNINGS**

Alerts the operator to potential dangers associated with a particular test. Thoroughly understand the warning before proceeding in order to prevent a potentially dangerous situation or damage to the Test Set.



### **NOTES**

Provides supplemental information that enhances the test procedure.

5. Observe all standard safety procedures when working with live voltages. The potential for electric shock exists any time the Test Set is removed from its case.
6. DO-NOT service the unit or make adjustments alone. Always be in the presence of another person when working with live voltages.
7. Be familiar with general first aid procedures and CPR (Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation). Contact your local Red Cross for more information.
8. Ensure the test equipment and the tools you utilize are in good operational condition and not damaged in any way.

## 1.8 Calibration and Repair

The T-49C/CA Test Set will require Calibration on an Annual Basis. This calibration requires the opening of the Test Set, measuring Inputs and Outputs, and making adjustments when required. This Calibration can be performed at Tel-Instrument Corp or at one of our authorized repair facilities.

When utilizing Tel-Instrument Corp. as your calibration depot, any applicable Service Bulletins and/or Software upgrades that were introduced since you purchased the Test Set will be installed at no charge.<sup>2</sup>

In addition, the owner/operator will maintain the standard warranty that came with your Test Set. See *Paragraph 1.4, **Warranty***, for specific information and details regarding our warranty.

To schedule your Calibration and/or repair, please contact:

Tel Instrument Electronics Corp.  
728 Garden Street  
Carlstadt, NJ 07072  
(201) 933-1600 EXT – 322

Or visit our Web Site at [www.telinst.com](http://www.telinst.com).

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<sup>2</sup> Only Service Bulletins and Software revisions affecting the correct operation and/or function of the Test Set will be considered "No Charge". Modifications to the Test Set which enhances and or changes the performance or features will be subject to charge. Contact your Tel representative for specific information regarding Service Bulletins and repair services.

## 1.9 Abbreviations, Acronyms and Glossary of Terms<sup>3</sup>

A/A	Air to Air
A/A B	Air to Air Beacon
ac or AC	Alternating Current
A/D	Analog to Digital
Address	The unique code to which a MODE S transponder replies. This is not to be confused with the 4096 code used for identifying ATCRBS transponders. The address of a MODE S transponder is not alterable by the pilot or crew.
Altitude	The pressure altitude of the aircraft as transmitted by an ATCRBS or MODE S transponder. This information is obtained from an external sensor and transmitted to the transponder.
AM	Amplitude Modulation
ATCRBS	Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System
ATC	Air Traffic Control
AUT	Aircraft Under Test
BIT	Built in Test
Comm	Refers to the communications and data-link capability of a MODE S transponder. There are four (4) capabilities: No Comm, Comm A/B, Comm A/B/C and Comm A/B/C/D. The Comm. capability is displayed when the transponder is determined to be a MODE S.
CW	Continuous Wave
D/A	Digital to Analog
dB	Decibel
dBm	Decibels above 1 milliwatt
dc or DC	Direct Current
DME	Distance Measuring Equipment
DPSK	Differential Phase Shift Keying. The method of modulation used for the selective MODE S uplink interrogations.
DF	Downlink Format. The format included in a MODE S transponder reply to an interrogation or squitter message that indicates the type of message.
ELM	Extended Length Messages
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FAR	Federal Aviation Regulation
FIFO	First In First Out
FREQ	Frequency
ft.	Feet
G/A	Ground to Air
Hz	Hertz
IF	Intermediate Frequency
IFF	Identify Friend or Foe
KHz	Kilohertz
kts.	Knots
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MODE S	A secondary radar system where transponders can be individually interrogated or selected (the "S" in MODE S) so that in a crowded air traffic area, the amount of interference or garble can be reduced to a minimum.
ATCRBS/MODE S All Call	Interrogation that causes all ATCRBS/MODE S transponders to reply.
MHz	Megahertz
nmi.	Nautical mile

<sup>3</sup> Further definitions may be found in the following reference books and documents: Helfrick, A.D. Principles of Avionics. Leesburg: Quality Books, 2000. RTCA/DO-181B. Minimum Operational Performance Standards for Air Traffic Control RADAR Beacon System/Mode Select (ATCRBS/Mode S) Airborne Equipment. Washington D.C.: 1999. United States. Federal Aviation Administration. Federal Register Fed 3, 1987 FAA rules Part 91.

ns	Nanosecond
PAM	Pulse Amplitude Modulation
PDME	Precision Distance Measuring Equipment
PMCS	Preventative Maintenance Checks and Services
PPM	Pulses per Minute
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
PW	Pulse Width
PWR	Power
RA	Resolution Advisories
Receiver Efficiency	The Test Set's Measurement of valid replies received. Displayed as a Percentage.
Reply Codes	A transmitted response, from the airborne transponder, to an interrogation. Commercial transponders responses are designated as either ATCRBS/A where the reply includes the pilot selected 4096 ID code, or ATCRBS/C, where the reply includes the aircraft pressure altitude. These same responses for military transponders are designated as MODE 3A and MODE 3C. The associated intruder type panel designations on the T-48 is "ATCRBS".
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root Mean Square
R/T	Receiver Transmitter
SIF	Selective Identification Feature
SLS	Side Lobe Suppression. A pulse transmitted from an omni-directional antenna, used as a reference level to prevent replies to interrogations received from the secondary radar antenna side lobes.
Squitter	The self-generated transmissions made by a MODE S transponder, not in reply to an interrogation, for the use of the collision avoidance system.
Surveillance Altitude	An interrogation that causes only the addressed MODE S transponder to reply.
Surveillance ID	An interrogation that causes only the addressed MODE S transponder to reply to its "4096" code.
TA	Traffic Advisories
TACAN	Tactical Air Navigation
TCAS	Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System
TX	Transmitter
UF	Uplink Format. The format in a MODE S interrogation that indicates the type of reply expected.
VORTAC	VOR and TACAN (co-located)
VOR	VHF Omni-Directional Range
VSWR	Voltage Standing Wave Ratio
WOW	Weight On Wheels
UUT	Unit Under Test
XPDR	Transponder
XPDR UT	Transponder Under Test
4096 Code	This refers to the octal number dialed into either an ATCRBS MODE A or MODE S transponder by the pilot. This is to be distinguished from the address of the MODE S transponder, which cannot be changed.

<sup>3</sup> Further definitions may be found in the following reference books and documents: Helfrick, A.D. Principles of Avionics. Leesburg: Quality Books, 2000. RTCA/DO-181B. Minimum Operational Performance Standards for Air Traffic Control RADAR Beacon System/Mode Select (ATCRBS/Mode S) Airborne Equipment. Washington D.C.: 1999. United States. Federal Aviation Administration. Federal Register Fed 3, 1987 FAA rules Part 91.



## CHAPTER II

# PREPARATION FOR USE AND OPERATION

## SECTION A

### 2.1 General

This Chapter contains all necessary information on the initial unpacking, inspection, and set-up of the T-49C/CA MOD 2 Test Set. From this point forward, the T-49C/CA MOD 2 Test Set will be known as the T-49C, T-49, Test Set, or T/S.

### 2.2 Unpacking

When receiving the T-49C for the first time, ensure that there is no damage to the shipping container. Carefully unpack the unit and save the shipping container in a safe location for shipping or extended storage.

Examine the unit for obvious signs of damage. Check all displays, switches, and connectors before utilizing the Test Set.

If any damage is found, DO NOT use the Test Set until a determination of the Test Sets functions can be assessed. Refer to the procedures outlined in Chapter 4, Section B, Test Set Verification and Acceptance Checks. You may also contact Tel-Instrument Electronics Corp. for assistance.

The T-49C batteries were installed and fully charged when shipped from the factory.

### 2.3 Installation

The T-49C is ready to use from the factory. There are no installation procedures applicable.

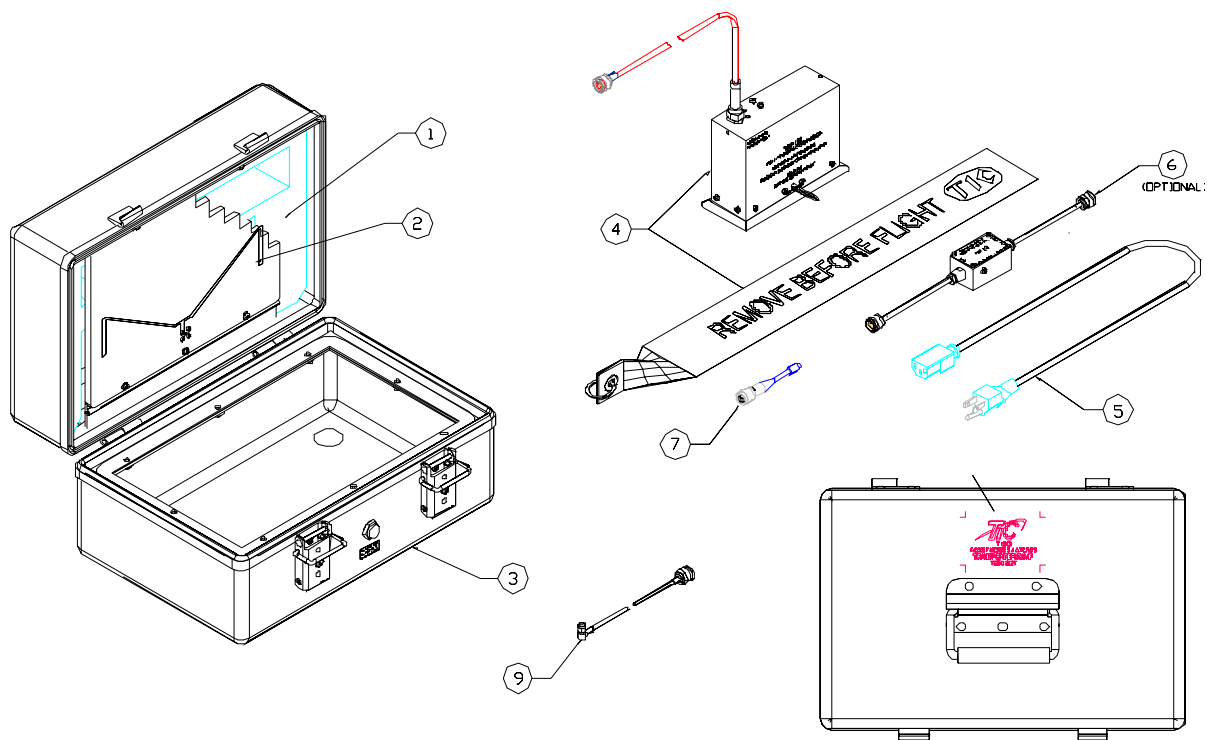
### 2.4 Accessories

Check that all accessories that were purchased with the Test Set are accounted for. The T-49C comes standard with the following (see Table 2-1 and Figure 2-1):

## T-49C/CA MOD 2 Test Set, P/N- 90 000 048 MOD 2

Table 2-1

#	NOMENCLATURE	P/N	QTY
1	Foam Insert, Case	31000007	1
2	Directional Antenna Assembly	89000028	1
3	Case, Universal	64030034	1
4	Coupler, Antenna TAP-135 (10 ft)	89000145	1
5	Cable Assembly, AC Line Cord	75010025	1
6	Direct Connect Coupler, TAP-141	89000147	<b>OPTIONAL</b>
7	TSP-1A, Omni Antenna	40030011	1
9	Cable Assembly, Directional Antenna	75010036	1
X	Operational and Maintenance Manual	90008048	1
X	Coupler, Antenna TAP-135 (50 ft)	T-49CA	<b>OPTIONAL</b>



T-49C Accessories

Figure 2-1

## SECTION B

### OPERATING CONTROLS, INDICATORS, AND CONNECTORS

#### 2.5 General

This section covers location and function of the operating controls, indicators, and connectors. All controls, indicators, and connectors are located on the front panel of the Test Set.

#### 2.6 Controls, Indicators, and Connectors

Table 2-2 and Figure 2-2 describes and shows locations for the T-49C Test Set controls, indicators, and connectors.

	Control, Indicator or Connector	FUNCTION (Table 2-2)
1	<b>DATA DISPLAY WINDOW</b>	Alpha/Numeric Display (two lines/20 characters) provides operational instructions, error messages, and scenario progress and test results.
2	<b>SCENARIO</b> Select Switch	When any TCAS Intruder mode selected, 4 scenarios are available: +200/-200, +4000/-4000, 0 and +3500/-3500.
3	<b>TCAS INTRUDER</b> Select Switch	1. Utilized to select Transponder or TCAS test scenarios. 2. In <b>ATCRBS/MODE S XPDR TEST</b> , selects transponder tests. 3. In <b>TCAS, MODE S</b> or <b>ATCRBS</b> , selects TCAS selectable test scenarios.
4	<b>LIGHTS/OFF</b> Switch	De-energizes Test Set when toggled down. Provides Backlighting for display when toggled up.
5	<b>ANTENNA</b> Connector	Connector for Omni-Directional Antenna, Directional Dipole and TAP-135 Antenna Coupler.
6	<b>AC POWER</b> Indicator	Green "LED" indicates battery charging and AC power connected. When the battery alone is being used, the LED will not illuminate.
7	VOLTAGE CHANGE/FUSE CARTRIDGE	Contains 2- 250V ¼ amp removable fuses for 115 VAC operations. Permits the operator to also configure for 220VAC operation.
8	<b>AC POWER</b> Switch	AC ON/OFF Switch ("-" = ON, "0" = OFF).
9	AC Power Receptacle	Allows the connection of the supplied AC power cord.
10	<b>STORE/REPEAT</b> Switch	Permits the operator to repeat a specific test or store data in the T/S RAM for download to a PC. Allows access to "Calibration Mode".
11	<b>ACCESS</b> Connector	RS-232 link for download of stored data to a PC (under development).
12	<b>TCAS/HI XPDR/TCAS LO</b>	Selects T/S RF Power Output of +10 dBm in the <b>HI</b> position and -10 dBm in the <b>LO</b> position. <b>FOR SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENTS, LEAVE THE SWITCH IN THE LO POSITION.</b> Used for TCAS Operation.
13	<b>TEST SWITCH</b>	1. Allows manual sequence of tests to run and be displayed. 2. Used in-conjunction with <b>INTERROGATE</b> Switch to enter AUT (Aircraft Under Test) altitude. 3. With Test Set "OFF", pressing the <b>TEST</b> Switch will turn the Test Set "ON". 4. In the TCAS modes, halts the Intruder range and altitude, pressing it a second time resumes the original track.
14	<b>INTERROGATE</b> Switch	1. Initiates Automatic Test Sequence for Transponder and TCAS testing. 2. Serves to enter and store data on the T/S RAM. 3. Used in conjunction with <b>TEST</b> switch to enter Aircraft Under Test (AUT) altitude. 4. With Test set "OFF", pressing the <b>INTERROGATE</b> Switch will turn it "ON".
15	<b>ALTITUDE OFFSET</b>	Select above (+) or below (-) the aircraft intruder scenario.



## SECTION C

### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 2.7 General

The Test Set utilizes an easy to read display that provides the operator with easy to follow "On Screen" instructions. To run a scenario, in either TCAS or ATCRBS modes, the **TCAS INTRUDER** and **SCENARIO** select switches are set to the desired positions followed by the momentary press of the **INTERROGATE/TEST** switch. A subsequent press of the **INTERROGATE/TEST** switch will commence the scenario or test sequence.

#### 2.8 Battery Operation

The T-49C Test Set is equipped with a rechargeable Ni-Cad battery capable of operating the Test Set using a 50% duty cycle for 8 hours at 77 degrees F (25 Degrees C). This represents a full day of typical testing on a single charge. Operating the Test Set in lower temperatures, will decrease the overall battery life.

Due to the Ni-Cad batteries ability to maintain a constant current level, the operator will be able to utilize the Test Set until the batteries are nearly depleted. The unit may then be plugged into a standard 120 (220 if so configured) VAC power source to continue testing. By observing a Duty Cycle (DC) of 50%, the Test Set batteries will begin regaining their charge while testing is in progress.

It is strongly recommended that the batteries be charged for a short time each week regardless if the Test Set has been utilized or not. A completely discharged battery will require approximately 16 hours to fully charge. Occasional charges of 16 hours on partially depleted batteries will have no adverse effects.

To charge batteries, utilize the following procedures:

1. Remove the power cord from the inside cover and attach it to the **AC POWER** receptacle.
2. Connect the power cord to a suitable 120 or 220 (if configured) VAC outlet. For 220 VAC operations, see paragraph 2.8.1.
3. Turn the **AC POWER** switch to the "ON" position (-).
4. Verify the green LED **AC POWER** indicator is lit signifying that the battery has commenced charging.

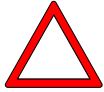


#### WARNING

If the battery voltage has been depleted to the point the Test Set will not turn "ON". DO NOT attempt to Turn the Test Set "ON" until the Unit has been charging for a minimum of 30 minutes.

### 2.8.1 220 Volt Operation

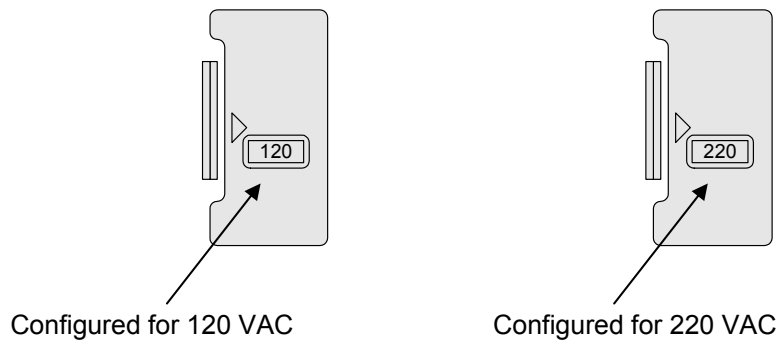
The Test Set is configured from the factory for 120 VAC. To operate the Test Set using 220 VAC, follow the procedures as listed below.



#### **WARNING**

Failure to properly configure the Test Set for 220 VAC operations before use may result in severe damage to the Test Set.

1. Remove the **FUSE CARTRIDGE** from the Test Set by releasing the Tab and pulling straight the cartridge straight out.
2. Remove and store/dispose of the two fuses.
3. Pull the bottom fuse holder from the rear of the cartridge, rotate, and reinstall the cartridge, ensuring that **220** is viewable through the front window.



Fuse Cartridge

Figure 2-3

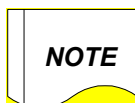
4. Replace the fuses with **250V 1/8A, FTT** fuses and reinstall the fuse cartridge in the fuse housing.

## 2.9 STORE/REPEAT Switch

The **STORE/REPEAT** switch allows the operator several options, which enhances the testing procedure. When conducting Transponder Tests, in the Manual mode, toggle the switch to the “*Down*” position. This will *REPEAT* the current test a second time. Subsequent toggles of the switch will continue to repeat the current test.

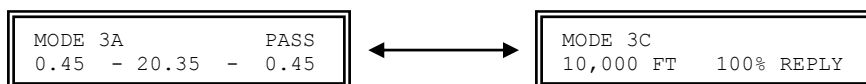


By placing the **STORE/REPEAT** switch to the “*Up*” position, the Test Set will continually retest the selected mode until the switch is returned to the “*OFF*” position.



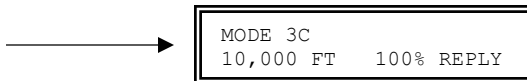
Ensure to return the **STORE/REPEAT** switch back to the **OFF** position when testing is complete.

Test Sets having software version **6.20** and greater, also have the capability of conducting Altimeter checks. Access the MODE C test page (see paragraph 2.12.2). Place the **STORE/REPEAT** switch in the “*Up*” position; the Test Set will begin to conduct the MODE C Test continually. The screen will alternate between the MODE C test page and the PW measurement page (See paragraph 2.13 for further information).



After 30 seconds has passed, the Test Set will discontinue the PW measurements and only display the MODE C altitude. This altitude is updated at a rate of approximately once per second. The operator will be able to observe the Mode C altitude while utilizing a Pitot Static Test Set and *Pump Up* the altitude verifying correct transponder altitude information.

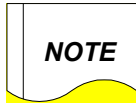
Altitude will update at  
a rate of once per second.



When the Altimeter checks are complete, ensure that the **STORE/REPEAT** switch is returned back to the **OFF** position to prevent unintentional battery discharge.

## 2.10 T-49C Supplied Antennas

The T-49C is equipped with three (3) antennas for a variety of tests. An Omni-Directional Antenna, Directional Antenna, and Antenna Coupler (TAP-135) are supplied as standard equipment.



To improve overall accuracy when making power, receiver sensitivity and frequency measurements, utilize the TAP-135 Antenna Coupler or direct connect to the transponder with the **OPTIONAL TAP-141** Coupler. The Omni Directional Antenna and Directional Antennas are used for a QUICK check of the system only. Power, Frequency, and Receiver Sensitivity are not displayed.

An *OPTIONAL* Direct Connect Coupler (TAP-141) with an attenuated path to protect the Test Set may be purchased separately for direct connection of a transponder receiver transmitter to the T-49C. This is useful to determine and troubleshoot problems by separating the aircrafts antennas and cables from the rest of the system.

### 2.10.1 Omni-Directional Antenna

The Omni-Directional Antenna, stored inside the T-49C cover, primary task is to provide a quick-test capability for ATCRBS Mode A/C and Mode S equipment. The following suggestions will improve your overall test results when utilizing the Omni-Directional Antenna. Transponder RF power, receiver sensitivity, and frequency measurements are not displayed.

1. Connect the antenna directly to the **ANTENNA CONNECTOR** located on the front panel of the T-49C Test Set.
2. Maintain a 15-100 ft. separation from the Test Set and the aircraft under test (AUT), and a clear unobstructed path from the antenna and the Test Set (Figure 2-4).
3. Ensure the transponder that you are testing is significantly closer to the Test Set than another operating transponder equipped aircraft. An undesired reply may occur or erroneous indications may result.
4. DME and transponder antennas are similar in shape and appearance. Have positive identification of the correct antenna as to adhere to the 15-100 ft. range.
5. If the aircraft you are testing is dual transponder equipped, ensure the correct antenna and transponder is selected.

### 2.10.2 Directional Antenna

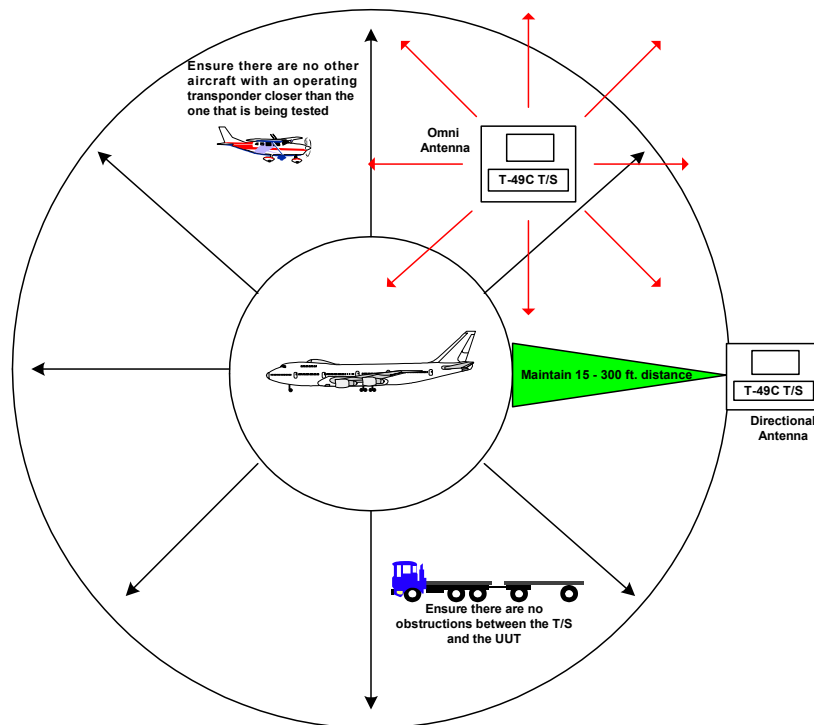
The Directional Antenna is a printed circuit sandwiched between two opaque Lexan sheets. It is hinged to the T-49C Test Set case cover and primarily utilized for TCAS and Transponder tests. As with the Omni-Directional Antenna: RF power, receiver sensitivity, and frequency measurements are not measured when using the Directional Antenna. Use the TAP-135 or TAP-141 Direct Connect Coupler to conduct power, frequency, and sensitivity measurements.



**NOTE**

When utilizing the Directional Antenna, remove all accessories from the cover. The cover is designed to act as an antenna reflector. Results with items left in the cover may be inaccurate or vary.

1. Open and remove the T-49C Test Set case cover. Release the two (2) push button holders and fold down the Directional Antenna. Remove the AC power cord, Omni Antenna, and the TAP-135 Antenna Coupler and store them in a safe location.
2. Fold the antenna into position in the case cover and re-engage the push button holders. Attach the antenna cable connector to the **ANTENNA** connector on the Test Set.
3. Position the Test Set and antenna assembly with a 15-300 ft. unobstructed separation from the Aircraft under test (Figure 2-4).
4. Aim the Directional Antenna at the Aircraft Under Test (AUT) antennas and conduct the appropriate test sequence.



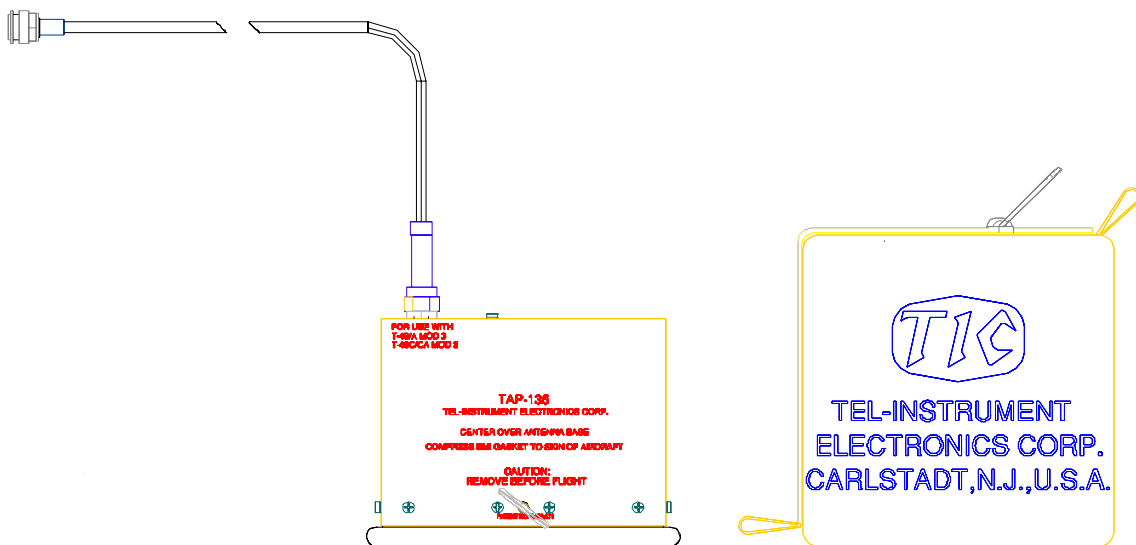
## Directional Antenna

Figure 2-4

### 2.10.3 Antenna Coupler (TAP-135) (T-49CA is equipped with 2 TAP-135 Couplers)<sup>1</sup>

The Antenna Couplers provide transponder power, frequency, and sensitivity measurements. The Antenna Couplers may only be utilized on blade type antennas. When using the Antenna Coupler, ensure you have selected the correct antenna to test.

1. Remove the TAP-135 from the Test Set front cover, unwind the cable and connect the cable to the **ANTENNA** connector on the front panel of the T-49C Test Set.
2. Pull the snap ring located on the side of the coupler and slip the coupler onto the antenna to be tested. The TAP-135 utilizes internal springs to maintain pressure on the antenna blade. Ensure a snug fit, flat on the aircraft fuselage.
3. Ensure that the coupler is centered over the antenna to be tested (Fig 2-6).
4. Due to the availability of numerous styles of L-Band antennas, slight adjust of the Coupler may be necessary to receive accurate measurements. If incorrect readings occur, re-position and ensure a snug fit on the antenna. Move the TAP-135 forward or back and double check a firm and snug seal on the aircraft surface. The adjustment is correct when the maximum power is displayed on the *POWER RCVR*, *FREQ*, page.
4. For Diversity testing, utilize two TAP-135 Couplers simultaneously, one on each antenna. The T-49CA is outfitted with two couplers as standard equipment. The TAP-135's attenuates the RF signal by 20 dB and can be utilized as a shield. The second Coupler can be left disconnected when used for this purpose.

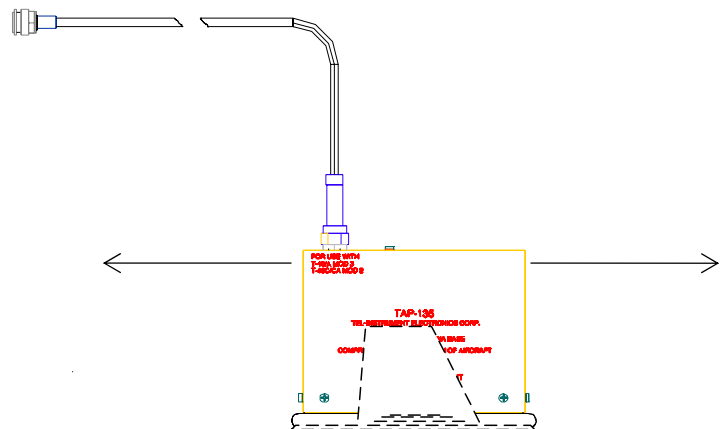
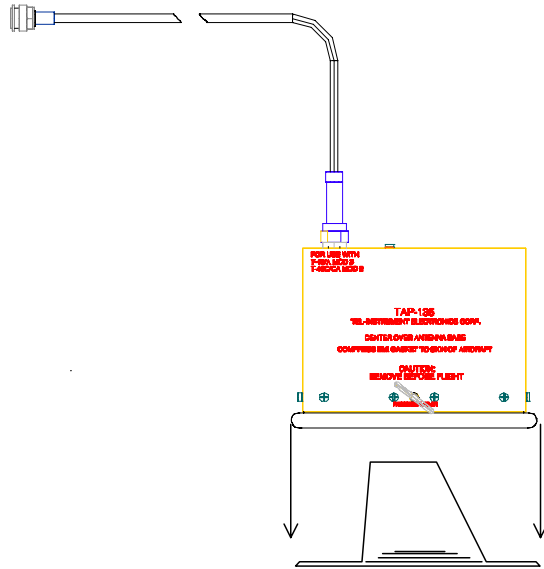


TAP-135 Coupler

Figure 2-5

<sup>1</sup> Measurements utilizing the TAP-135 are accurate within  $\pm 3$ dB.

Center the TAP-135 as close to center as possible for the style of antenna being tested. If inaccurate results occur, reposition the coupler slightly forward or back and check for a snug flush fit until accurate measurements are displayed. Due to the many styles of antennas available, adjustments may be necessary.



TAP-135 Antenna Placement

Figure 2-6

### 2.10.4 Optional Direct Connect Coupler (TAP-141)<sup>2</sup>

The TAP-141 Direct Connect Coupler provides a means of connecting a transponder directly to the T-49C Test Set, thus providing an accurate means of checking transponder power, frequency, sensitivity, and diversity measurements. The TAP-141 supplies an attenuated path protecting the Test Set from the high RF power associated with transponders.

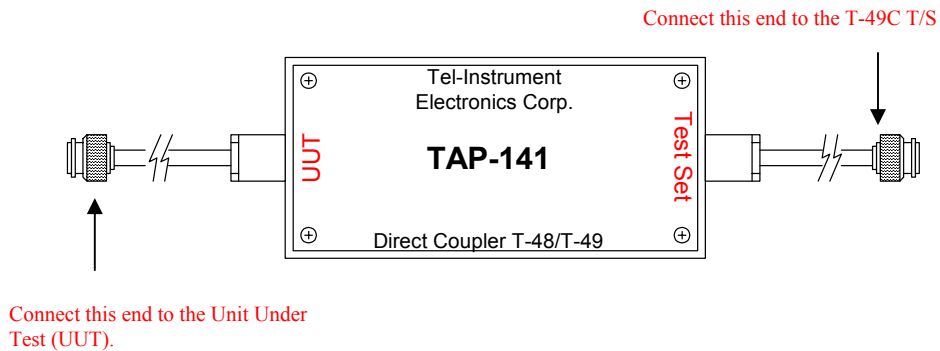
1. Ensure power to the transponder is secured to prevent accidental transmission without a load connected.



#### **WARNING**

The TAP-141 Coupler is labeled as to which end is connected to the Test Set and which end to the UUT. Ensure the proper connections are made before testing the UUT. If the proper connections are not observed, the Test Set and/or UUT may require repair and calibration (Figure 2-7).

2. Connect the TAP-141 **TEST SET** connector to the **ANTENNA** connector located on the front panel of the T-49C Test Set.
3. Connect the TAP-141 **UUT** connector directly to the transponder antenna connector.



TAP-141 Connection Criteria

Figure 2-7

4. Conduct the appropriate tests.
5. When testing is complete, ensure to de-energize the transponder under test and re-connect the antenna connection to your transponder to prevent accidental damage to your unit.

<sup>2</sup> Measurements utilizing the TAP-141 are accurate within  $\pm 2$  dB.

## 2.11 Initial Start-up Procedure

When utilizing the T-49C Test Set, always begin with a fully charged battery or AC power connected. The following displays are shown without a transponder connected.

1. With the **TCAS INTRUDER** type switch selected to **ATCRBS/MODE S - XPDR TEST**, press the **INTERROGATE** button to activate the Test Set. The following display will come into sight, briefly denoting the current software version of the T-49C Test Set:

TEL INSTRUMENT	
T-49C	REV. 6.XX

2. The T-49C will then begin searching for a transponder to test. If the transponder is not connected or powered up, the following will be displayed. The *“Rotating Bar”* in the upper right of the display signifies the Test Set searching to acquire a RF signal.

XPDR TESTING ... /
NO REPLY

Rotating Bar

3. Hold the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch in the “UP” position to verify that the backlighting for the display is operating. Once the operator releases the switch, the backlighting extinguishes to conserve battery power.
4. Press “DOWN” and release the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch to turn power *OFF* to the Test Set.
5. Ensure that the **TCAS HI/LO** switch is in the **XPDR/TCAS/LO** position when conducting Transponder Tests.



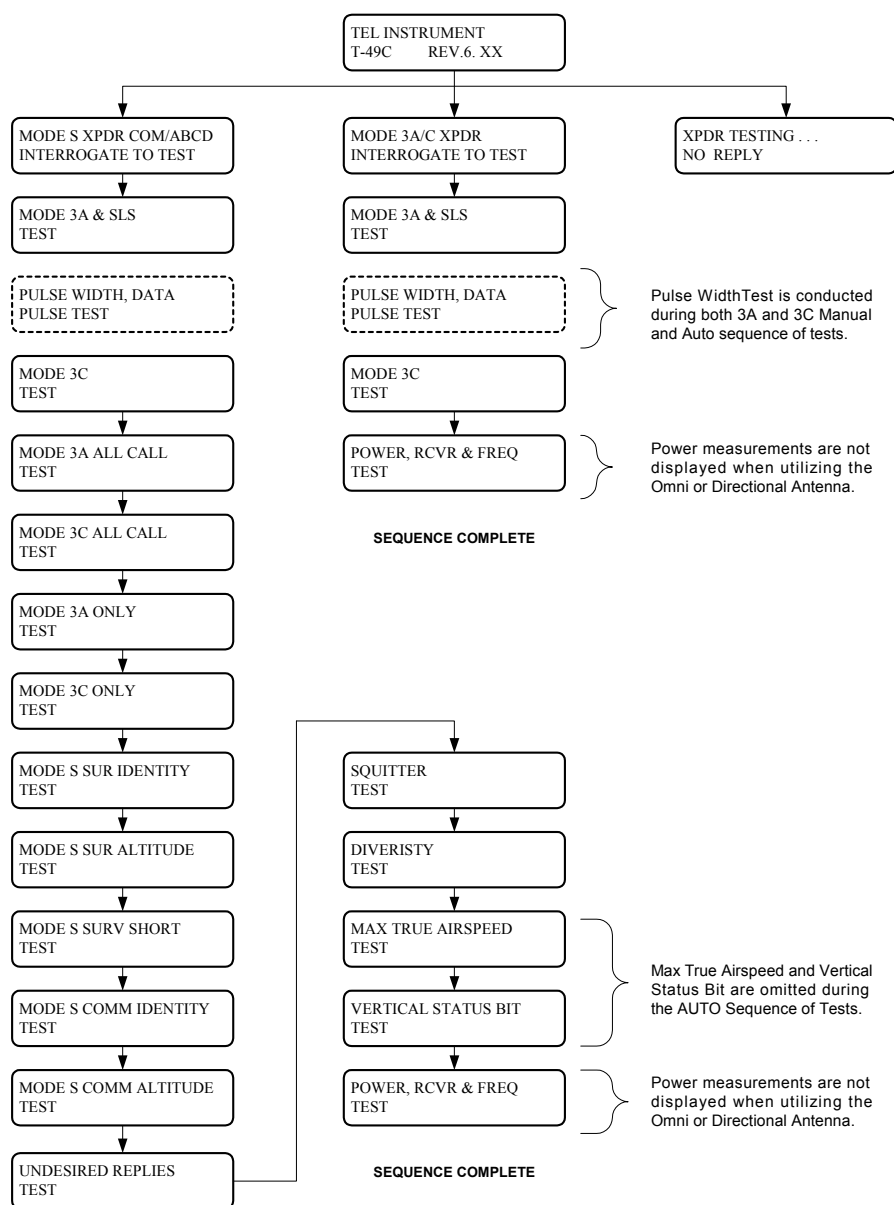
### NOTE

Transponder Sensitivity measurements may be inaccurate if left in the **HI** position.

## 2.12 Transponder Test Sequence

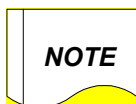
The T-49C is capable of testing ATCRBS Mode A, Mode C, and Mode S transponders. The operator may select an Automatic sequence of tests ending in the Power, Receiver Sensitivity, and Frequency display or manually select the tests one at a time. Figure 2-8 lists the sequence of tests available in the Auto and Manual sequence of tests.

The T-49C will determine upon receiving the transponder RF signal the appropriate sequence. If the transponder is Mode S equipped, the T-49C will automatically select the Mode S menu. If the transponder is Mode A/C capable, the T-49C will initiate the Mode 3A/C transponder tests.



Transponder Sequence of Tests

Figure 2-8



Any displays illustrated were the actual results from a calibrated Transponder. The results may be typical of tests performed, but operators must utilize the literature provided by their transponder manufacturer or FAA guidelines when testing their transponder. The results displayed throughout this manual are for **ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.**

### 2.12.1 Mode 3A/C Automatic Sequence of Transponder Tests

Upon energizing the Transponder Under Test, the T-49C will recognize the transponder as having only Mode 3A and/or Mode C capabilities. The appropriate menu will be initiated and shown on the T-49C display.

MODE 3A/C XPDR  
INTERROGATE TO TEST

The operator may now choose to select the automatic sequence of tests or the manual sequence. By depressing the **INTERROGATE** switch (as indicated on the display), the automatic sequence will commence.

The tests will proceed in order (Figure 2-8) and conclude at the POWER, RCVR & FREQ Test Page. The automatic mode does not display results of an individual test as long as the tests performed "PASS".

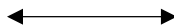
If a failure occurs in any one test, the T-49C will stop the automatic sequence and display the failure.

FAIL 09% REPLY  
CONTINUE: PRESS INT

By stopping the test sequence, the operator is alerted to continued and potential failures if testing is resumed. Once the sequence is stopped due to a failure, the operator may override and continue testing by depressing the **INTERROGATE** button. The T-49C will then proceed to the next test in sequence. The operator may also choose to repeat the test by toggling the **STORE/REPEAT** switch down, to initiate the failed test a second time.

When all tests are complete, with no failures, the T-49C test sequence will end with an alternating display of measured power, receiver sensitivity, and frequency (Shown with results utilizing TAP-141). The second alternating page displays power measured in watts.

POWER, RCVR & FREQ  
54dB-75dB 1090.0 MHz



POWER, RCVR & FREQ  
250W -75dB 1090.0MHz

When utilizing the Omni Directional Antenna or the Directional Antenna: power, frequency and sensitivity will not be shown. Aircraft 4096 code and altitude are displayed.

1234 10,000'  
NO MEASURED POWER

### 2.12.2 Mode 3A/C Manual Sequence of Transponder Tests

To manually display each test performed by the T-49C Test Set, the operator must select the **TEST** switch. The T-49C will then run each test in order (Figure 2-8) but pause and display the results of each test. The operator must then depress the **TEST** button again to proceed to the next test in sequence.

MODE 3A/C XPDR  
INTERROGATE TO TEST

**TEST** button depressed.

MODE 3A & SLS  
TESTING . . .

MODE 3A Test Initiated.

MODE 3A  
1234      100% REPLY

MODE 3A Test Complete. Display indicates transponders 4096 Octal Code (1234) and Receiver Efficiency (100%) as a percentage. Framing Pulse Widths and Spacing are also tested. Refer to paragraph 2.13 for further information.

To check the transponder under test "*IDENT*" function. Press the appropriate button in the aircraft or on the test fixture. Toggle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch on the T-49C. The MODE 3A test will commence and the display will indicate "*IDENT*", verifying the SPI was received.

MODE 3A      IDENT  
1234      100% REPLY

"*IDENT*" signal received.

The **TEST** button must then be pressed to proceed to the next test.

MODE 3C  
TESTING . . .

MODE 3C Test Initiated.

MODE 3C  
10,000FT    100% REPLY

MODE 3C Test completed. Display indicates transponder reported altitude in feet (to the nearest 100<sup>th</sup>) and receiver efficiency as a percentage. Framing Pulse Widths and Spacing are also tested.

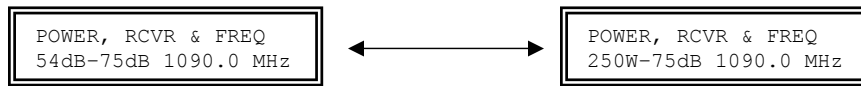
**TEST** button depressed to proceed to the final Mode 3A/C Transponder Test.

POWER, RCVR & FREQ  
TEST

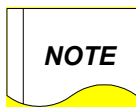
Transponder power, receiver efficiency and frequency test initiated.



Test Set measures transponder RF output (54dBm) Receiver Sensitivity (-75dBm) and Frequency (1090.0 MHz). Second alternating page displays power as watts (250W).



During any test in the manual mode of operation, the operator may chose to repeat a particular test by toggling the **STORE/REPEAT** switch. The current test displayed will commence again. The operator may continue doing this as long as the Test Set remains "ON". Turning the Test Set "OFF" and then "ON" will require the operator to go through all previous tests again to reach the desired test they want to repeat. By leaving the switch in **REPEAT**, the Test Set will continue testing until toggled back to **STORE**.



Always return the **REPEAT** switch to **STORE** when testing is completed.

### 2.12.3 Mode S Automatic Sequence of Transponder Tests

Figure 2-8 lists the sequence of tests performed with a Mode S equipped transponder under test. Paragraph 2.12.4; Mode S Manual Sequence of Transponder Tests, describes in detail each test performed. When the **INTERROGATE** button is pressed, the sequence will continue as long as normal indications are received for each test. If an abnormal result occurs, the sequence will stop at that test and a "FAIL" message will be displayed. To override after a "FAIL" message, press the **INTERROGATE** switch to continue testing with the failure.

MODE S XPDR COM/AB INTERROGATE TO TEST
---

}

First display shown once the T-49C has determined a Mode S equipped Transponder is being received.

When selecting the Automatic sequence of tests, the results of the tests will not be displayed until the final test is completed. At that point, the POWER, RCVR & FREQ display will appear and testing will cease until the **INTERROGATE** or **TEST** button is depressed again to initialize another series of tests.

1234 NXXXXX 10,000' 54dB-82dB 1090.0MHz
--

H:YYYYYY O:XXXXXXX 250W FID:DLXXXXXX
---

}

The final displays of Mode S Transponder tests alternates between two (2) pages. The first page indicates the 4096 octal code, the decoded aircraft address, aircraft altitude and power, sensitivity, and frequency measurements. The second page displays the aircraft address in both Hexadecimal and Octal, power measured in watts and the decoded Flight Identity.

In the Automatic sequence of tests, "**MAX TRUE AIRSPEED**" and "**VERTICAL STATUS BIT**" tests are omitted. In addition- The operator will be unable to verify the testing of the UUT "**IDENT**" function

If the operator requires the results of either of them, the Manual sequence must be utilized. Paragraph 2.12.4; Mode S Manual Sequence of Tests, explains each test and typical results.

### 2.12.4 Mode S Manual Sequence of Transponder Tests

By selecting the manual sequence of Mode S tests, the operator will be able to view the results of each test, repeat them as necessary, test the function of the transponders "IDENT" function, and display Pulse Width, Pulse Spacing and Data Pulse measurements.

To commence the manual sequence, the operator must depress the **TEST** button after the Test Set has verified a RF signal and the first test display is shown on the front panel of the T-49C.

MODE S XPDR COM/AB INTERROGATE TO TEST
---

The T-49C has determined a Mode S equipped transponder is being received. To continue testing, the operator must depress the "**TEST**" button.

MODE 3A & SLS TESTING . . .
--------------------------------

MODE 3A test initiated. Framing Pulse width, data pulse, and spacing are also tested but are not displayed unless a failure was detected.

MODE 3A 1234      100% REPLY
---------------------------------

Mode 3A Test Complete. Display indicates the transponders 4096 Octal code (1234) and receiver efficiency (100%) as a percentage.

To test the transponder "*IDENT*" function, press the appropriate button in the aircraft or on the Test Fixture. Toggle **STORE/REPEAT** on the T-49C. The MODE 3A test will be repeated. "*IDENT*" should appear on the display indicating the receipt of the SPI pulse.

MODE 3A              IDENT 1234      100%      REPLY
---

"*IDENT*" indication displayed confirming a SPI pulse was transmitted following the last framing pulse.

To advance to the next test, the **TEST** button must be depressed.

MODE 3C TESTING . . .
--------------------------

MODE 3C test initiated.

MODE 3C 10,000FT 100% REPLY
--------------------------------

The transponders reported altitude in feet (in 100 ft increments) and receiver efficiency as a percentage.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

MODE 3A ALL CALL  
TESTING . . .

MODE 3A ALL CALL test initiated. Test Set transmits a M3A All Call.

MODE 3A ALL CALL  
YXXXXX 100% REPLY

Reported aircraft address in Hexadecimal (YXXXXX) and receiver efficiency is displayed.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

MODE 3C ALL CALL  
TESTING . . .

MODE 3C ALL CALL test initiated. Test Set transmits a MODE 3C-Only All Call.

MODE 3C MODE S ALL  
YXXXXX 100% REPLY

Reported aircraft address in Hexadecimal (YXXXXX) and receiver efficiency is displayed.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

MODE 3A ONLY  
TESTING . . .

Mode 3A ONLY test initiated. Test Set transmits an ATCRBS-Only All-Call.

MODE 3A ONLY  
PASS

A MODE S transponder will not accept an ATCRBS Only All Call. A "PASS" displayed, indicates that the Mode S transponder did not reply.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

MODE 3C ONLY  
TESTING . . .

MODE 3C ONLY test initiated. Test Set transmits an ATCRBS Only All Call.

MODE 3C ONLY  
PASS

A MODE S transponder will not accept an ATCRBS Only All Call. A "PASS" displayed, indicates that the Mode S transponder did not reply.

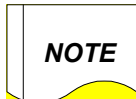
**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

```
MODE S SURV IDENTITY
TESTING . . .
```

MODE S Surveillance Identity test initiated. The Test Set transmits an UF=5 Interrogation.

```
MODE S SURV FS: AIR
1234      100% REPLY
```

A DF=5 reply will display the decoded 4096 field (1234) and Flight Status (FS). FS is utilized in the DF=4, 5, 20 and 21 formats.



Possible FS displays are **AIR** (Airborne), **GND** (On Ground), **AL/AR** (Alert/Airborne), **AL/GD** (Alert/Ground), **AL/SP** (Alert/SPI), and **SPI**.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

```
MODE S SURV ALTITUDE
TESTING . . .
```

MODE S Surveillance Altitude test initiated. The Test Set transmits an UF=4 Interrogation.

```
MODE S SURV FS: AIR
10,000FT  100% REPLY
```

The DF=4 reply will display reported altitude (to the nearest 25 ft. level), flight status and the receiver efficiency.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

```
MODE S SURV SHORT
TESTING . . .
```

MODE S Short Air to Air Surveillance test initiated. The Test Set will transmit a short special interrogation, UF=0 format.

```
MODE S SRV 100%REPLY
YXXXXX  GND 10,000FT
```

The Mode S Transponder will reply with a short special reply in DF=0 format. Aircraft address in Hexadecimal, aircraft altitude, and flight status is displayed.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

```
MODE S COMM IDENTITY
TESTING . . .
```

MODE S COMM A Identity test initiated. The Test Set transmits a COMM A/B, ABCD transmission utilizing a UF=5/RR:18 format. This tests a transponders communication and data-link capabilities.

```
IDENTITY: DLXXXXXX
1234      100% REPLY
```

The transponder will reply in the DF=21 format. The display will show the Flight ID code and decoded 4096 field. Receiver efficiency as a percentage is also displayed.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

```
MODE S COMM ALTITUDE
TESTING . . .
```

MODE S COMM A Altitude test initiated. The Test Set transmits a COMM A/B, ABCD transmission utilizing a UF=5/RR:18 format. This tests a transponders communication and data-link capabilities.

```
MODE S COMM YXXXXX
10,000FT 100% REPLY
```

The transponder will reply in the DF=20 format. Aircraft Address in Hexadecimal, aircraft altitude, and the receiver efficiency will be displayed.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

```
UNDESIRE REPLIES
TESTING . . .
```

Undesired Replies test initiated. The Test Set will make randomly addressed interrogations. Only the correctly addressed interrogation will be accepted.

```
UNDESIRE REPLIES
NO REPLIES
```

If the transponder replies to any of the random addresses, an error message will be displayed. "NO REPLIES" indicates the transponder did not reply and has passed the test.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

```
SQUITTER
TESTING . . .
```

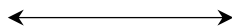
The Test Set will transmit no interrogations but receives and processes DF=11 and extended DF=17 replies. After detection of the replies is received, two alternating pages will appear displaying the time interval of received replies.

#### DF=11 Acquisition

```
ACQ:PASS DIV 1021 MS
ADD: AXXXXX II:0
```

#### DF=17 Extended Squitter

```
EXT: PASS DIV 520 MS
ADD: AXXXXX
```



The detection time of each DF=11 and/or DF=17 message will be displayed. If the time interval is between 0.8-1.2 sec. - "PASS" is displayed. If the time interval falls in the 1.6-2.4 sec. range - "DIV" (Diversity) is also displayed. The aircraft address is also shown.

ACQ: NOT DETECTED

If a DF=11 or DF=17 message is not received- "NOT DETECTED" will be displayed.

EXT: FAIL  
ADD: AXXXXX

If only one message of either DF=11 or DF=17 is received in the 5.1 second measuring period, "FAIL" will be displayed and no time will be shown.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

DIVERSITY  
TESTING . . .

Diversity test initiated.

DIVERSITY  
PASS

Display indicates a "PASS" when the Test Set determines whether leakage relative to the inactive antenna is less than -20 dB.

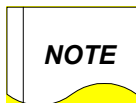
**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test. The **MAX TRUE AIRSPEED** test is not performed during the auto sequence of Mode S tests.

MAX TRUE AIRSPEED  
TESTING . . .

Test Set initiates a UF=0 interrogation. Verifies that the transponder airspeed code is one of seven possible RI field codes.

MAX TRUE AIRSPEED  
GT 300 & LE 600 KTS

The DF=0 reply reports the aircraft maximum cruising true airspeed in the RI Field of the DF=0 format.



Eight possible RI field codes are available.

- 1) NO Max airspeed data
- 2) LE 75 knots
- 3) GT 75 & LE 150 kts
- 4) GT 150 & LE 300 kts
- 5) GT 300 & LE 600 kts
- 6) GT 600 & LE 1200 kts
- 7) GT 1200 kts
- 8) Not Assigned.

**GT** denote "Greater Than", **LE** denotes "Less than or Equal"

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test. The **VERTICAL STATUS BIT** test is not performed during the auto sequence of Mode S tests.

VERTICAL STATUS BIT  
VS=1 (ON GROUND)

Test Set receives the Vertical Status as part of the UF=0 format. A display of ONE (VS=1) is aircraft on ground. A display Of ZERO (VS=0) is aircraft airborne.

**TEST** button depressed to advance to next test.

POWER, RCVR & FREQ  
TESTING . . .

The Test Set begins transponder RF power, receiver sensitivity, and frequency tests.

POWER, RCVR & FREQ 01  
TESTING

The Test Set will take the receiver sensitivity measurement four (4) times and average the results. The number in the upper right corner counting; **01-02-03** signifies the sensitivity test progressing.

The final test in the manual sequence will end with an alternating display of transponder RF power output (54dBm), receiver sensitivity (-75dBm) and transponder frequency (1090.0 MHz). The second page displays power in watts.

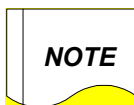
POWER, RCVR & FREQ  
54dB-75dB 1090.0 MHz



POWER, RCVR & FREQ  
250W-75dB 1090.0 MHz

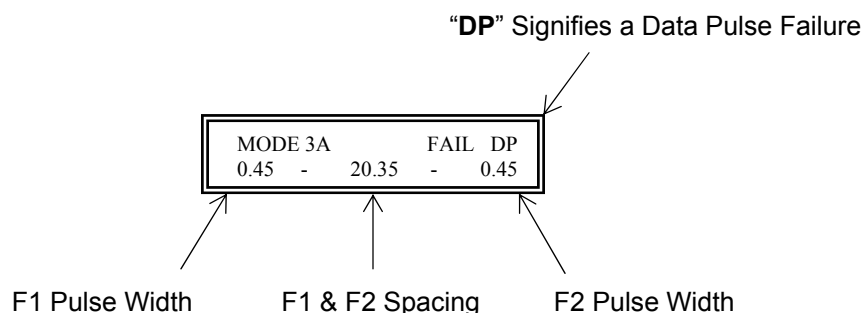


## 2.13 Pulse Width, Spacing and Data Pulse Measurements

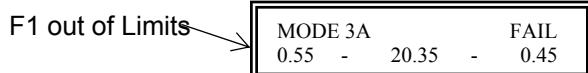


Pulse Width, Pulse Spacing, and Data Pulse measurements are not reliable if the T-49C Test Set Receiver efficiency is less than 90%.

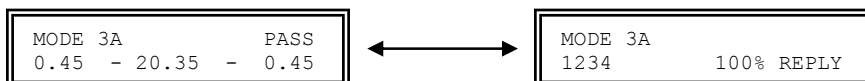
The T-49C/CA accurately measures each Framing Pulse, Pulse Width, and Pulse Spacing. Each Data Pulse entered will also have the width and spacing measured. Both Mode S and ATRBS transponders are tested during the Mode 3A and Mode C portion of the **MANUAL** and **AUTO** test sequence. If no failures are detected, no display is shown. In the event of a failure, the Test Set will cease testing and display the failure. The Test Set will display the measured Framing Pulse Width (F1), Spacing between F1 and F2, and Pulse width of F2 (see figure 2-9).



A “**FAIL**” signifies a F1/F2 Width failure, or a Framing Pulse Spacing Failure.



The operator may also choose to repeatedly measure and test the Pulse Width, Spacing and Data Pulses by placing the **STORE/REPEAT** toggle in the “UP” position after completing either the Mode 3A or Mode C test. The Test Set will then alternately test the appropriate Test (Mode 3A or C) and the Pulse Width measurements. The display will also alternate showing the results each time it is tested.



When conducting the PW test in the MODE C test page, after 30 seconds has passed, the Test Set will discontinue the PW measurements. To continue to measure the PW, the operator must cycle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch to begin another 30 seconds of PW measurements.

### 2.13.1 PW, Spacing and Data Pulse Test Example

As an example, the operator of an ATCRBS transponder selects 1234 as the 4096 code. Turn the Test Set "ON" by pressing the **INTERROGATE** button. The Test Set will automatically determine an ATCRBS only transponder is transmitting. Press the **TEST** button to initialize the manual sequence of tests.

```
MODE 3A & SLS
TESTING . . .
```

MODE 3A Test Initialized. Test Set also performs Framing Pulse Width and Data Pulse Tests. With 1234 entered, the T-49C will measure Framing Pulses, their width, and their spacing. The Test Set will also measure each Data Pulse in each time slot and their separation (D4, C2, C1, B2 and A1).

```
MODE 3A
1234      100% REPLY
```

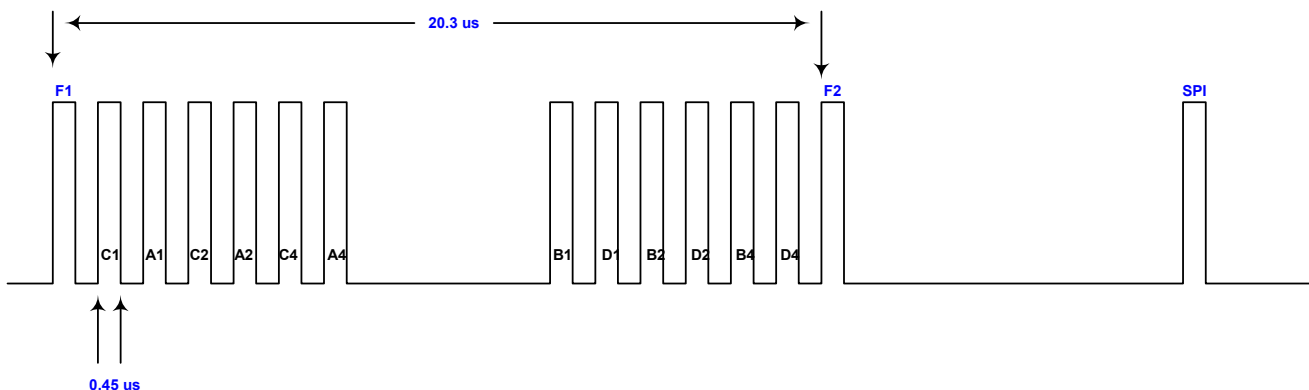
Display indicating no failures.

Table 2-3 contains each parameter and their failure criteria.

PARAMETER	NORMAL INDICATION	LIMITATIONS
Framing Pulse Width	.45 $\mu$ s	$\pm .1 \mu$ s
Framing Pulse Separation	20.3 $\mu$ s	$\pm .1 \mu$ s
Data Pulse Width	.45 $\mu$ s	$\pm .1 \mu$ s
Data Pulse Separation	1.45 $\mu$ s	$\pm .1 \mu$ s

Pulse Width and Spacing Criteria

Table 2-3



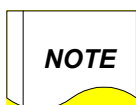
Framing and Data Pulses

Figure 2-9

## 2.14 TCAS Test Scenarios

The T-49C Test Set is capable of testing ATCRBS and Mode S, TCAS I/II systems (Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System). The operator is able to select four separate Intruder scenarios. When properly configured, the Test Set will simulate an Intruder aircraft converging on the position of the UUT. The operator may then observe the UUT TCAS display to ensure correct heading and altitude displays are shown. The appropriate TA's (Traffic Advisory) and RA's (Resolution Advisory) will also be heard and displayed.

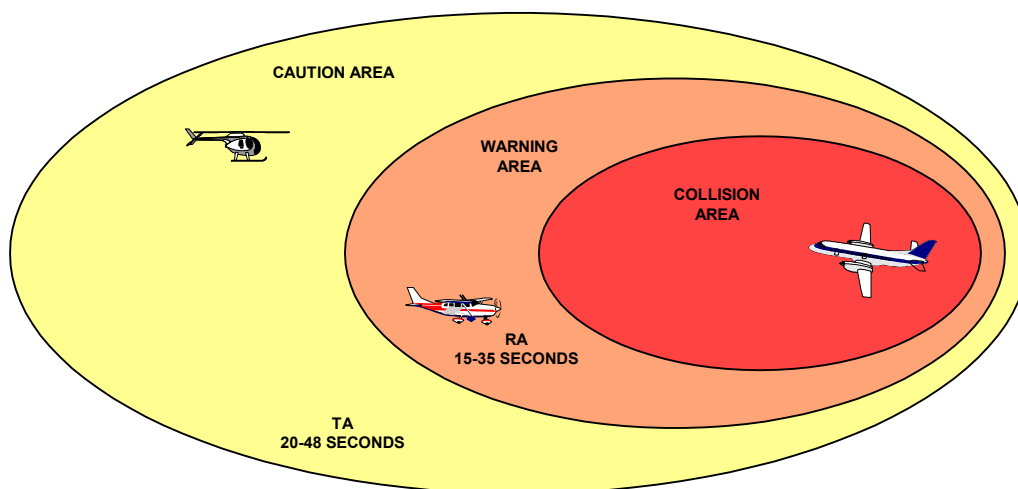
### 2.14.1 Typical TCAS Concepts



All illustrations shown are for demonstration purposes. Though the test results may be typical, they are not meant to replace FAA guidelines and manufacturer recommendations.

TCAS is a system, which provides situational awareness of the surrounding airspace of an aircraft to the pilot and crew. A TCAS establishes a volume of airspace around the aircraft. The size of the airspace is based on range, speed and altitude. By working in-conjunction with the aircraft Transponder system, the TCAS can determine the relative threat of an aircraft, issue visual and audible advisories to assist the crew in locating and/or take action to prevent a collision.

The perimeter of the *CAUTION AREA* is approximately 20 to 48 seconds to the time the intruder would enter the *COLLISION AREA*. Refer to Figure 2-10.



Caution, Warning, and Collision Areas

Figure 2-10

The perimeter of the **WARNING AREA** is approximately 15-35 seconds from entering the **COLLISION AREA**.

When an aircraft enters the **CAUTION AREA**, a “TA” (Traffic Advisory) is issued. This would consist of an audible and visual warning in the cockpit.

When an intruder enters the **WARNING AREA**, the TCAS will issue a “RA” (Resolution Advisory). “RA’s” consist of audible and visual warnings and possible instructions and/or automatic aircraft avoidance maneuvers.

A TCAS display will vary dependent on the manufacturer. Typically, they are incorporated with a VSI (Vertical Speed Indicator).

### 2.14.2 TCAS Intruder Types and Scenarios

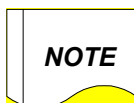
The operator is able to select four (4) separate Intruder scenarios by means of the **SCENARIO** select knob on the front of the T-49C Test Set. Table 2-4 lists each scenario available.

Selectable Scenarios	Intruder Speed	Intruder Range	Altitude Separation	Altitude Offset
<b>+3500/-3500</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	3500 ft.	Altitude offset will decrease as distance decreases or Vice-Versa
<b>0</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	0	Constant
<b>+4000/-4000</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	4000 ft.	Constant
<b>+200/-200</b>	300 kts.	14 to 0 nmi.	200 ft.	Constant

TCAS Intruder Scenarios

Table 2-4

The operator may also select what type of Intruder to simulate. MODE 3A/C and MODE S are available by turning the **TCAS INTRUDER** select knob on the T-49C.



The **TCAS** position on the **TCAS INTRUDER** select knob is identical in use as the **MODE S** position. This was incorporated into the T-49 T/S for possible future expansion.

### 2.14.3 TCAS Testing Cautions

Due to the nature of operating a TCAS system, especially Mode S equipped, the potential exists to create false targets in the airspace surrounding the test area, causing local aircraft and FAA ATC Centers to display false intruders.

The TAP-135 antenna couplers offer sufficient attenuation to suppress the transponder output during TCAS testing. Place the coupler tightly over the unused antenna during TCAS testing to

minimize false target problems. The coupler does not require connector termination when utilized in this fashion.

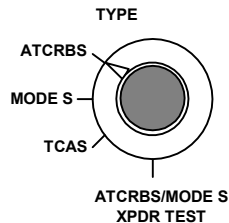
#### 2.14.4 TCAS Test Sequence

The Test Set utilizes the Directional Antenna for TCAS simulation. This offers the operator the ability to move the Test Set to different locations around the aircraft to check if correct heading information is being shown on the TCAS Display. Refer to Paragraph 2.10.2 on Directional Antenna procedures.

To configure the Test Set to simulate an intruder aircraft, the AUT (Aircraft Under Test) altitude must be known. *Typically*, the Intruder Altitude is set to the same altitude as the AUT to ensure that the simulated Intruder converges with the AUT for verification of all RA's and TA's.

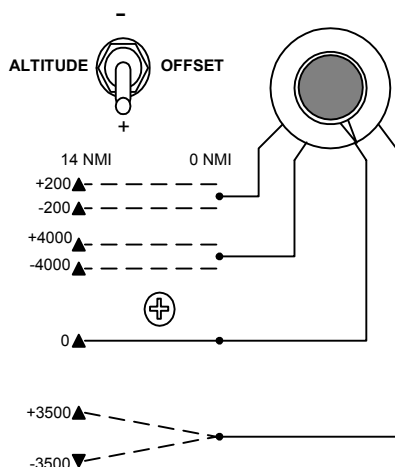
The T-49 will automatically acquire the AUT altitude by conducting a MODE C test upon turning on the Test Set. If the transponder is not operating properly, or is powered down, the operator may still enter the altitude manually.

1. Start the Intruder Scenario by selecting the type of intruder to be simulated. Utilize the **TCAS INTRUDER TYPE** switch to select either a **MODE S** or an **ATCRBS** intruder.



An **ATCRBS** Intruder is shown selected.

2. Use the **SCENARIO** switch to select the appropriate Intruder simulation. The operator may also select an offset of above the AUT (+) or below the AUT (-) for any scenario, with the exception of the **0** Offset Scenario (as shown here).



The 0 ft. Offset Scenario is shown selected.

3. Turn the Test Set “ON” by depressing the **TEST** or **INTERROGATE** button.
4. The Test Set will briefly display the *Start* Screen.

TEL INSTRUMENT  
 T-49C REV . 6.10

5. The Test Set will automatically conduct a MODE C Test to obtain the current aircraft altitude. If the Altitude is unavailable, the Test Set will briefly display:

MODE C ALTITUDE  
 NOT AVAILABLE

Followed by the TCAS SETUP Screen.

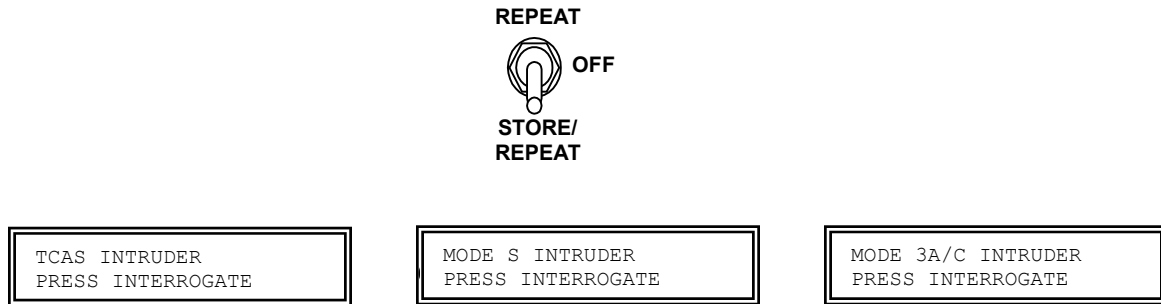
ALT 3,800' CONT: STR  
 SLEW UP: TEST DN: INTR

6. Enter the AUT Altitude, if not obtained as in *Step 5*, by pressing the **TEST** and **INTERROGATE** buttons to the desired altitude. The Altitude is adjustable in 100' increments from -1000 ft. to +99,900 ft.

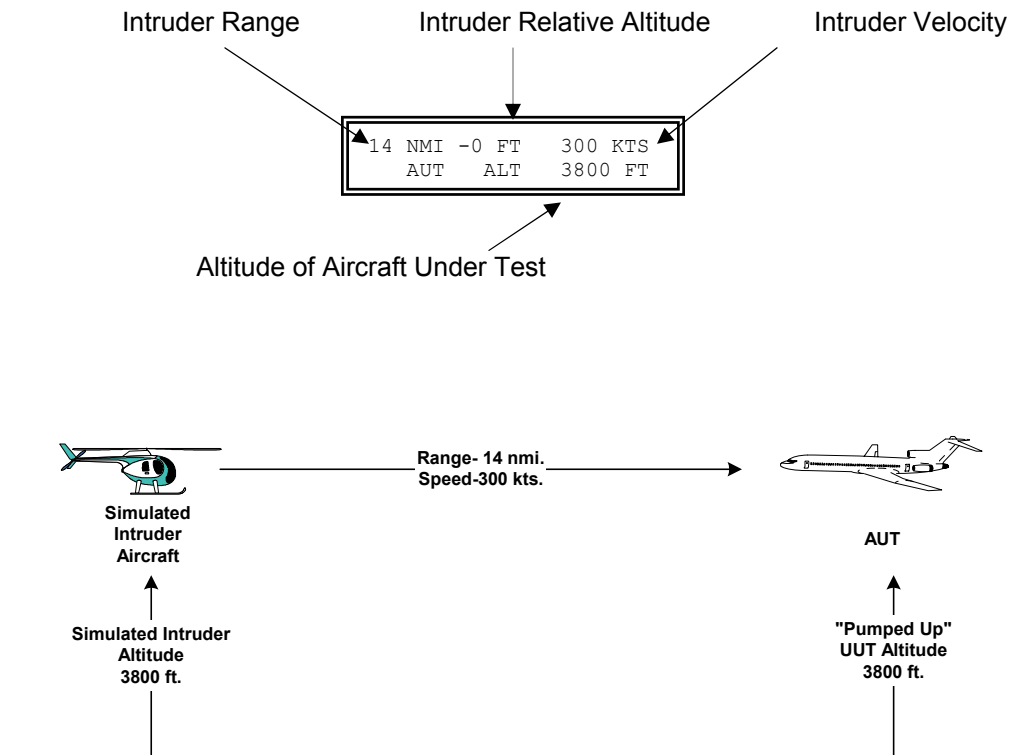
**NOTE**

If the AUT altitude is changed while testing is in progress, the operator may have to reinitialize the Test over to reacquire the MODE C altitude or manually insert the altitude.

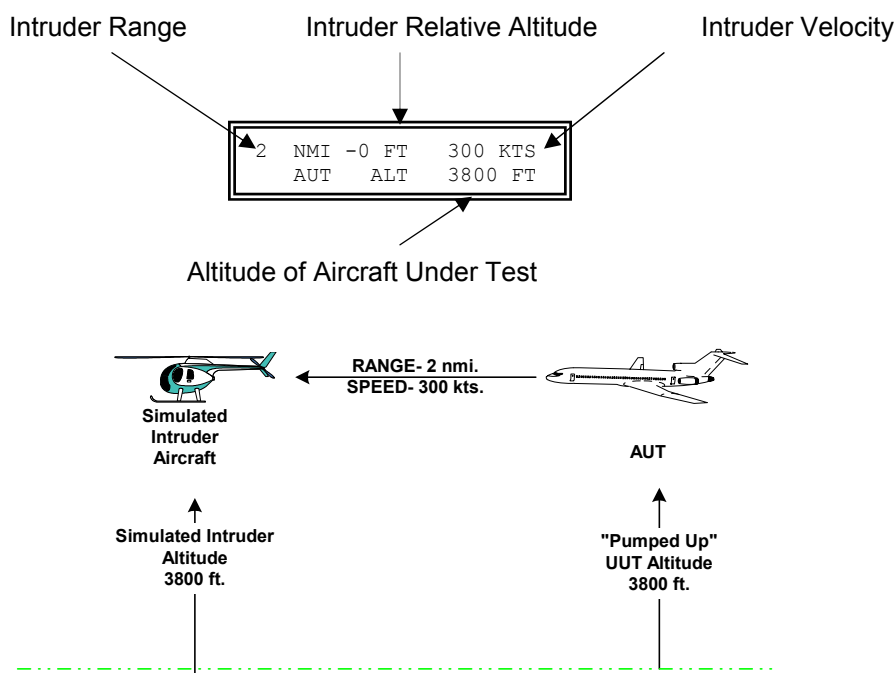
7. Toggle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch “Down” to store the entered values. The Test Set will display the selected intruder Start Page.



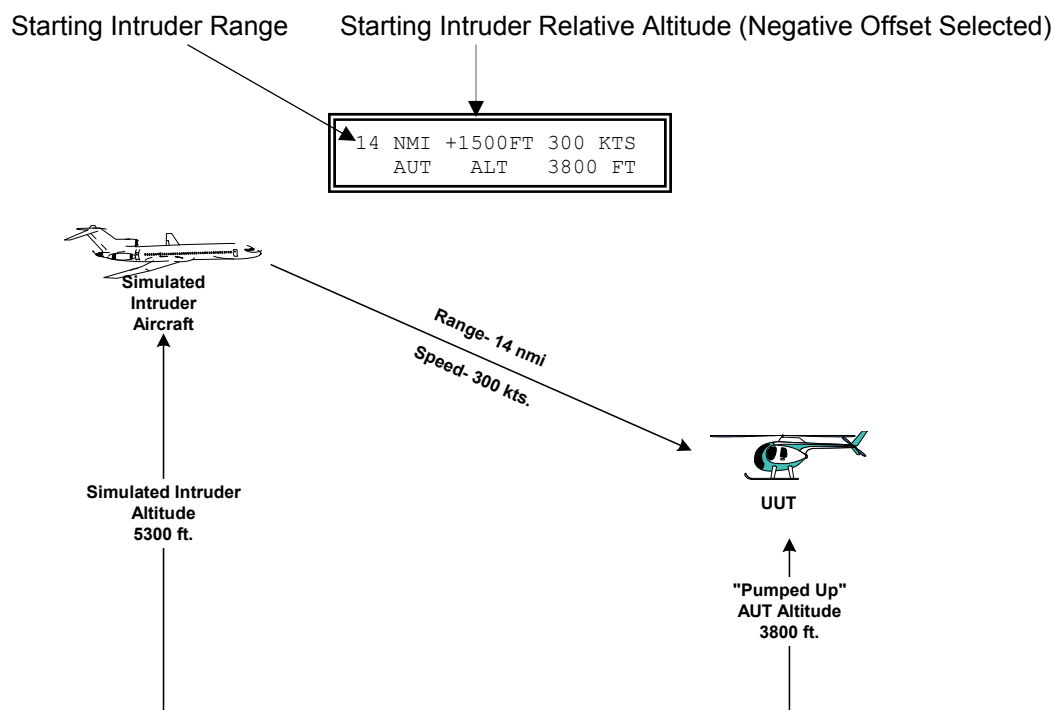
8. Press the **INTERROGATE** button to initiate the TCAS Simulation.



The Scenario will run from 14 nmi. to 0 nmi. and return back to 14 nmi. It will continue this cycle until another scenario is selected, the Test Set is turned “OFF” or times out.

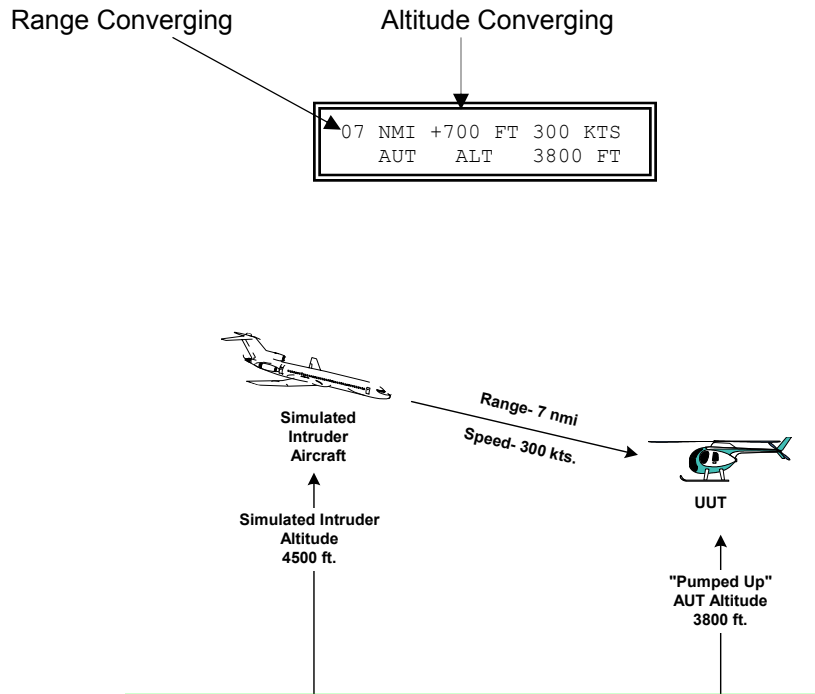


When utilizing the **+3500/-3500** Intruder Selection. The T-49C altitude will also increase or decrease (dependent on offset selected) altitude to intercept the Aircraft Under Test altitude. When the altitude and range converge, the test will reverse back out to the 14 nmi. initial range.

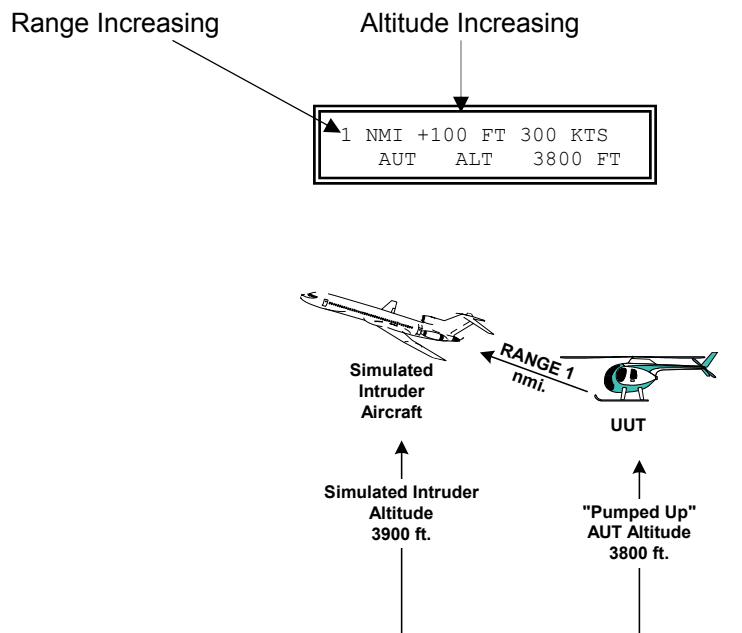




As the Range Decreases, the relative Altitude also decreases until they converge at 0 nmi. and 0 FT.



Once the Intruder Simulation reaches 0, the simulation will reverse direction and return back to 14 nmi.



9. When you are unable to observe the simulated target on the TCAS display, reposition the TCAS directional Antenna to a different location. Observe that there are no obstructions between the Test Set and the AUT TCAS Antenna. If no display is still present, place the **TCAS/HI-XPDR/TCAS/LO** switch to the **HI** position.



By placing the switch in **HI**, the Test Set power was increased by +10 dBm. Ensure to return the switch back to the **LO** position when testing is complete.

10. At any time during the sequence, the operator may *HALT* the simulation at any point. The Test Set can then be moved to another location around the AUT to verify correct bearing and heading. Press the **TEST** button a second time to resume the simulation.

## **VOLUME 2**

### **Maintenance Manual**

## CHAPTER III

### PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

#### 3.1 General

The Test Set contains a transmitter and receiver that communicate with the Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS) or transponder (XPDR) under test. Both transmitter and receiver are capable of operating on either 1030 MHz or 1090 MHz, with both pulse amplitude and Differential Phase Shift Keying (DPSK) modulation.

#### 3.2 Test Modes

##### 3.2.1 ATCRBS (Mode A/C) and Mode S Transponder Testing

When the **TYPE** switch is set to **ATCRBS/MODE S, XPDR TEST** the test set simulates secondary radar, radiates interrogations Mode A/C to the transponder under test, and receives the reply. A series of ATCRBS (Mode A/C) interrogations are transmitted, followed by Mode S interrogations. The test set analyzes the replies of the transponder under test, both Mode A/C and Mode S, to insure that they are the correct reply for the interrogation.

##### 3.2.2 TCAS Testing

For TCAS testing, the Test Set simulates an intruder by replying to UUT TCAS interrogations with the characteristics of a specific transponder type, as selected by the front panel rotary switch. Squitter and other un-requested third party reply transmissions are also provided.

When the **TCAS INTRUDER TYPE** switch is set to TCAS or MODE S, the Test Set will only respond to Mode S interrogations. In addition to replies, the Test Set also provides normal squitter with downlink format 11 (All-Call Reply), as well as simulated replies to interrogators other than the TCAS system with downlink format 4 (Surveillance, Altitude). Replies to Mode S interrogations from the TCAS UUT will be in downlink format 0 (Short Special Surveillance).

The TCAS system determines the existence of a potential Mode S intruder by receiving squitter and other simulated interrogation replies from the Test Set. The Test Set intruder's address may be obtained from the squitters, while the altitude is available from downlink format 4. Thus, without interrogating the potential intruder, the TCAS system may discern the altitude and the address of the Test Set simulated intruder.

If the Test Set intruder altitude, or altitude rate, are determined by the TCAS system to require further information, the TCAS system will interrogate the simulated intruder using the address obtained from the received squitter or simulated third party replies. By measuring the elapsed time from the initiation of the interrogation to the receipt of the reply, the TCAS system will determine its distance from the Test Set intruder. The Test Set computes and reduces the time delay (and altitude offset) in order to simulate a converging track.

When in the TCAS intruder mode, the address used for the Test Set is selected to be one digit lower than the UUT address. Should two TCAS equipped aircraft decide to issue a resolution advisory simultaneously, the TCAS aircraft with the higher address will be given priority. To insure that the aircraft under test issues the correct advisory, the Test Set address will be forced to be the lower address for all cases.

When the **TCAS INTRUDER TYPE** switch is set to **ATCRBS** for **TCAS Testing**, the Test Set will provide replies to ATCRBS Mode 3A or C interrogations. Simulated reply distances at 14 nautical miles down to 0 nautical miles are provided by varying the reply time delay. The TCAS UUT sees the Test Set reply as an aircraft converging on the TCAS equipped aircraft under test. The altitude of the aircraft under test (AUT) may be obtained by using the Test Set in **ATCRBS/MODE S XPDR TEST** and interrogating the AUT in Mode C or entered manually by pressing the **TEST** and **INTERROGATE** buttons at the TCAS start page. An offset altitude is added or subtracted from the AUT altitude to represent the altitude of the Test Set simulated intruder aircraft. This offset altitude may be fixed or variable depending on the scenario selection using the Test Set front panel switches.

### 3.3 Theory of Operation

The T-49C Test Set contains a transmitter and receiver which communicates with the TCAS or Transponder under test. The Test Set transmitter and receiver are capable of operating on either 1030.0 MHz or 1090.0 MHz, with both pulse amplitude and DPSK modulation (1030.0 MHz only).

#### 3.3.1 RF Transmitter

The transmitter section generates the desired carrier frequency using a frequency synthesizer. The Oscillator, Q6, is a varactor-tuned oscillator that is followed by two stages of buffer amplifiers, U22 and U23, to ensure minimal frequency modulation due to the phased amplitude modulation applied to the carrier. A divide-by256 prescaler, U33, is fed from the first buffer amplifier and drives the phase detector U36. The phase detector output drives a single loop filter/amplifier, which in turn closes the loop by feeding the varactor diode, Q8 and Q11, of the VCO.

The transmitter oscillator is operated on one of two frequencies. By selecting one of two crystal oscillators at  $1090.0/256 = 4.257812$  MHz, Y3, or  $1030.0/256 = 4.0234225$  MHz, Y4. The desired oscillator, Y3 or Y4 is selected by applying power to oscillator.

Modulation is applied to the transmitter carrier by using a combination of two methods. A balanced mixer, U28, provides either amplitude modulation or Phase Shift Keying Modulation. Following the balanced mixer, buffer amplifiers U25 and U26 are modulated by the DAC. These amplifiers provide 20 dB of gain variation. U11 is gated to provide

further amplitude modulation since the balanced mixer would not provide sufficient on/off ratio.

An analog switch, U27, under digital control, provides the modulation to the balanced mixer. This analog switch provides positive and negative current into the balanced mixer to provide both phase in-phase and reverse-phase for DPSK modulation. In addition, this chip provides power switching for the buffer amplifier U11 through Q12 and Q13. R96 is utilized to adjust the Side Lobe Suppression (SLS) P2 power level.

### **3.3.2 RF Receiver**

The receiver is a single-conversion superheterodyne using an IF of 45.00 MHz. The local oscillator frequencies used are 1045 MHz, for receiving 1090 MHz, and 1075 MHz, for receiving 1030 MHz. Since the pulse and DPSK modulations employed in transponder and TCAS technologies are not spectrum sensitive, the resultant inverted spectra are not a factor. The use of both high side and low side injection was done to reduce the frequency spread of the local oscillator and therefore, enhance the lock-up time. In addition, the 45 MHz IF, rather than the conventional 60 MHz, prevents the receiver local oscillator from being present at the transmit frequency and, therefore, avoiding the difficult task of reducing to an acceptable level the amount of local oscillator radiation.

The receiver input feeds a broadly tuned transmission line resonator filter which passes both 1030 and 1090 MHz. The mixer follows, which is fed the local oscillator from the output of the two buffer amplifiers, U19 and U3). The mixer output is followed by amplifier U4 which feeds a two-pole IF filter tuned to 45 MHz.

The IF amplifier is a logarithmic amplifier. It is important that the receiver have characteristics similar to an airborne transponder so that it will react in a similar fashion to the "whisper-shout" interrogations from the TCAS computer. Therefore, the receiver uses a pulse amplitude-following detector to provide pulse amplitude discrimination similar to that found in a typical ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponder.

### **3.3.3 Power, Frequency and Sensitivity Measurements**

With a TAP-135 or TAP-141 connected, the Test Set measures the frequency and the power output of the MODE S or ATCRBS transponder under test. The frequency measurement is made using a frequency discriminator in the receiver IF at 45 MHz. Whenever pulses are received, the output of the frequency discriminator is gated to an integrator. Immediately preceding the measurement period, a 45 MHz calibration oscillator is energized and the center frequency of the discriminator is adjusted using a varactor diode. The analog output from the discriminator is fed to an A/D converter for conversion and reading by the microprocessor.

To measure transponder power and receiver sensitivity, a TAP-135 or TAP-141 must be connected to the Test Set.

Rectified transmitter pulses are fed to the peak power measuring circuit consisting of U29, U30, Q14 and Q15. This is a peak following circuit where a capacitor, C121, is charged by the comparator, U29, to the peak of the input pulse. The capacitor voltage is

fed to a buffer amplifier and amplified by an op-amp, U30. The output of this amplifier is converted with the A/D converter U32 and is read by the microprocessor.

To measure receiver sensitivity, the signal level from the test set is steadily reduced while the replies from the transponder under test are monitored. The level of output signal is controlled by applying a negative bias to the output amplifiers through a D/A converter, (U3, located on the digital board) under control of the microprocessor. When the reply efficiency has reduced to 90% in the ATRBS mode and 99% in the Mode S mode, the microprocessor reads the last level applied to the D/A converter and calculates the equivalent receiver sensitivity.

### **3.3.4 Diversity Measurements**

Diversity is measured by comparing the magnitude of two successive squitter transmissions from a Mode S transponder using the peak power measurements described above. The TAP-135 anti-radiation/diversity couplers are placed over both Mode S transponder antennas. The coax cable from one coupler is first connected, and the diversity check run, and then this test is repeated with the other coupler connected. The cable from the unused coupler does not have to be terminated. These tests determine whether the leakage from the active antenna is less than 20dB. The use of the TAP-135 couplers also reduces external radiation by over 20dB.

### **3.3.5 Microprocessor**

The digital board contains the microprocessor and all of the bus-connected peripheral chips. The microprocessor, U4, is a CMOS 80C31AH. The program memory, U13, has 256K bits. The RAM, U11, is battery backed for storing test data while IC's U1-U9 are latches for interfacing with various peripheral circuits including those located on the RF board. U14 is a latched demultiplexer decoder that is used for demultiplexing some of the latches and providing other control signals.

When testing transponders, the transmitter modulation is generated by a first-in first-out (FIFO) chip, U46. The required pulse train for the modulation envelope is loaded into the FIFO at a slow rate and clocked out at a much faster rate for the interrogations. This is necessary, because the microprocessor is not capable of providing the necessary pulse manipulations at the necessary clock speeds. The microprocessor is incapable of storing and analyzing the data as received from the transponder under test. Therefore, the received data are clocked into the same FIFO at real time, to be stored temporarily, and then clocked out by the microprocessor at a slower rate for analysis. Since transmitting and receiving occur at two different times, the same FIFO may serve both purposes. FIFO, U46, is used for receiving and transmitting transponder tests.

In the case of TCAS testing, the possible replies are loaded and stored into a second FIFO, U37. The received interrogations are decoded, using logic elements, and the desired reply is selected and transmitted without microprocessor assistance. The nature of the interrogation is then investigated and should any changes be made to the reply, the FIFO is loaded with the new data, which will constitute the next reply. Because of the need to retain the reply message within a FIFO, while the test set is receiving, two FIFO's are required. U46 is used for receiving while U37 contains the possible transmit messages.

The received interrogation for TCAS testing is decoded using discrete logic due to the time constraints involving the microprocessor. The Mode C and Mode S decode circuitry are clocked using a 20 MHz clock for 50 ns maximum jitter. Decoding either a valid Mode C or Mode S interrogation results in a reply for the interrogation mode. U18 through U27 are the ICs involved in this decoding process.

After either a Mode S or Mode C interrogation has been decoded, a range delay is inserted before a reply is transmitted. This time delay is variable and programmed by the microprocessor.

### **3.3.6 Battery Charger and Power Supply**

Power for the Test Set is supplied by a set of rechargeable Ni-Cad cells, B1. A battery charging circuit, capable of fully charging a depleted battery in 16 hours, is provided. Charging current level is only about half of that required to operate the Test Set. Operating the Test Set at 50% duty cycle, with the charger on, will result in a no net change in the state of charge of the battery.

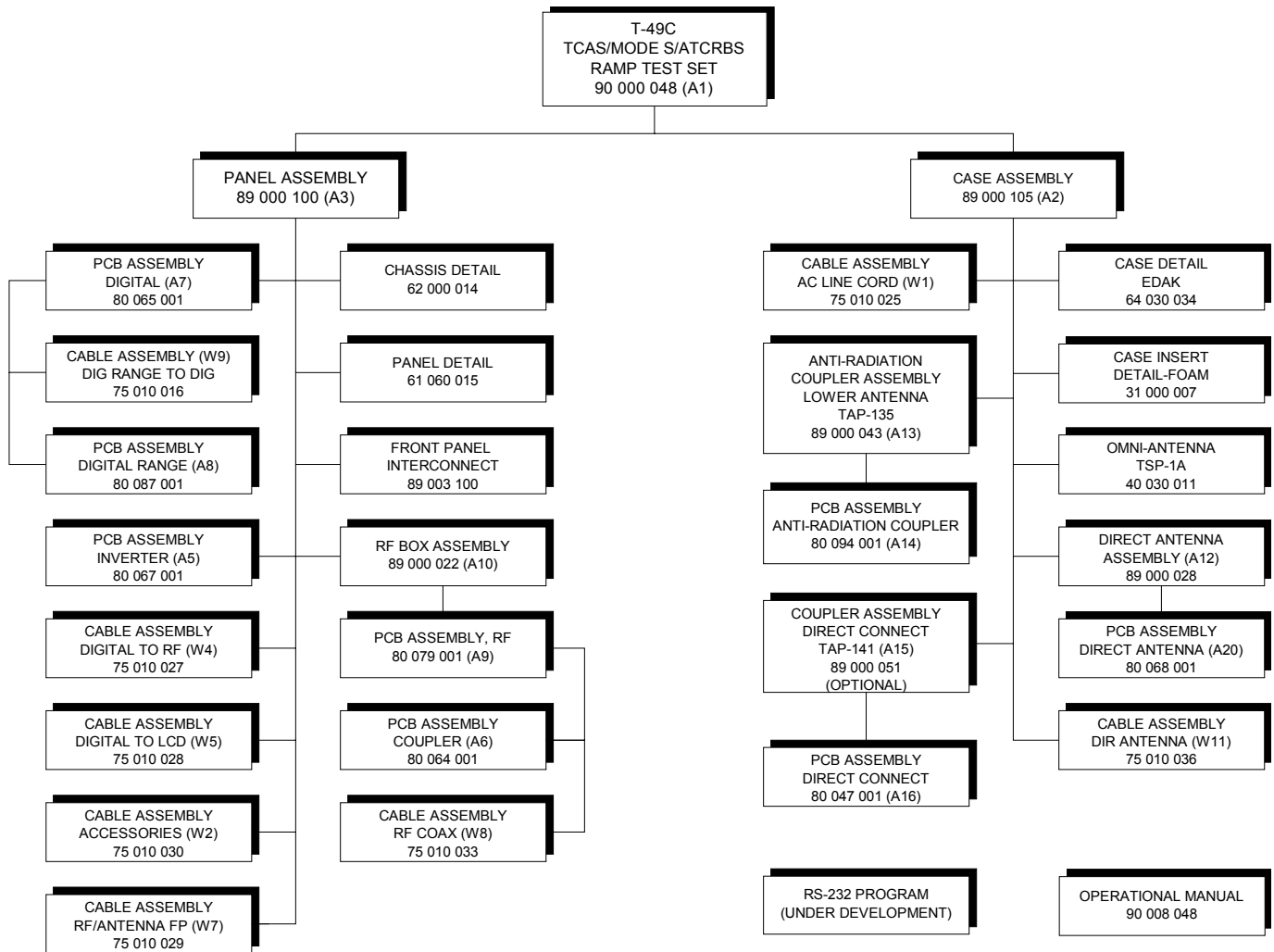
The battery charger is a simple full wave bridge rectifier consisting of diodes CR4-CR7 with a series resistor for current limiting. The battery charger also supplies current to the front panel green LED indicator that will indicate that the battery charger is operating. The power supply control circuits are located on the digital board.

The Test Set is provided with two DC fuses, F1 and F2 both of which are located behind the front panel in the return line of the battery. This is done so that if a tool touches the fuse holders during assembly or disassembly or when removing the fuses, it will not result in a short across the battery. The Ni-Cad battery is capable of providing very large peak energy and a direct short across the battery could result in damage to the interconnecting wires.

The battery charger has a separate fuse so that if the battery fuse is open, the unit will not operate on the battery charger voltage that is uncontrolled and is capable of causing damage to the unit. The unit is provided with a dual primary transformer T1 for operation at supply voltages of 110 VAC. Two line voltage fuses F3 and F4 are provided for protection. An inverter located on inverter board A5 provides 70 VRMS, 400 Hz power for the LCD backlighting.

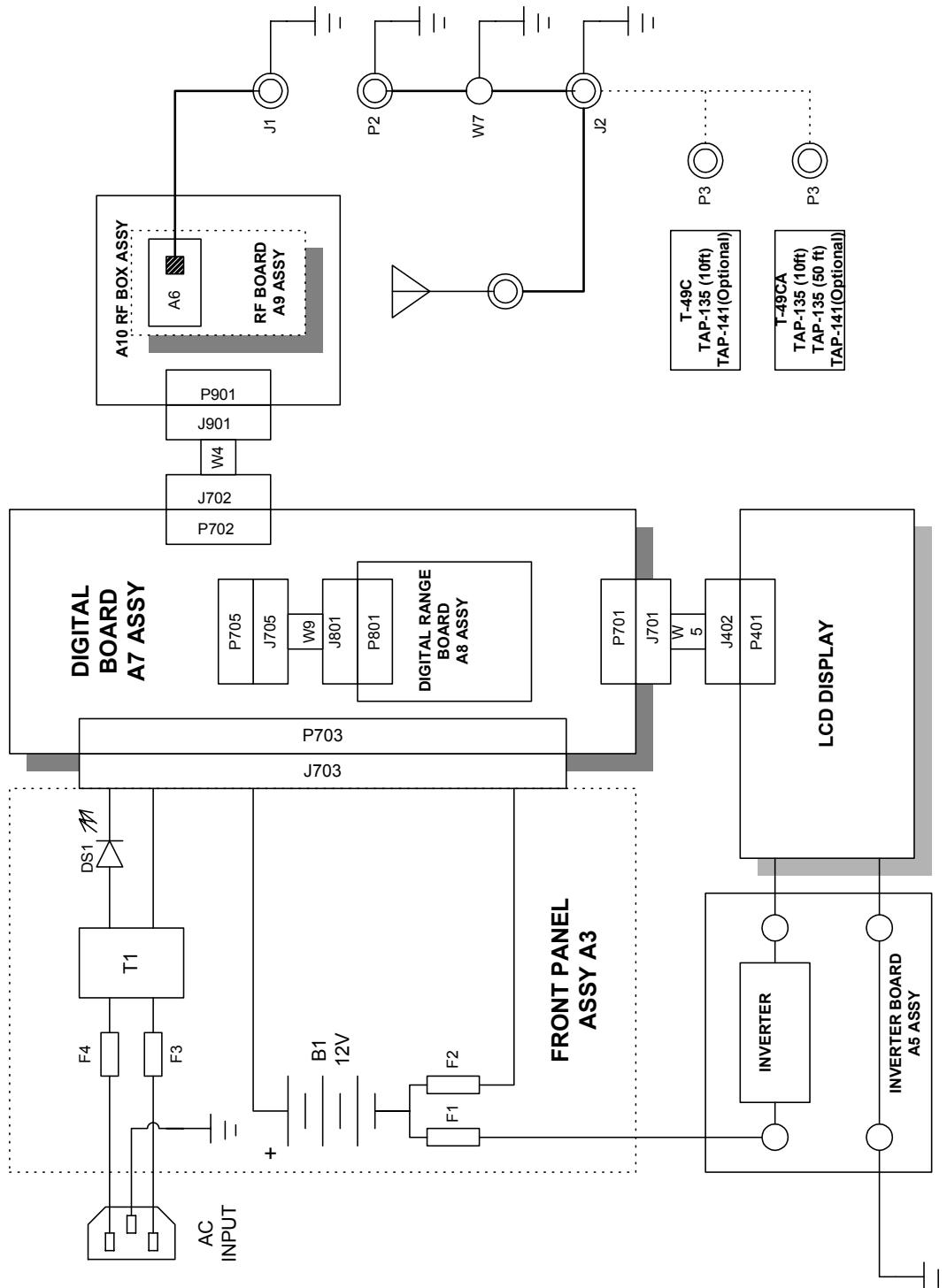
All positive operating voltages for the test set are derived from linear integrated circuit regulators U56 and U55. A switching regulator, U51, is provided to supply -10 volts for those circuits requiring a negative supply voltage. A 900 second timer circuit automatically shuts-off the unit if there are no front panel switch actions for a fifteen-minute period. The output is fed to 4096 counter U17 that in turn shuts the unit off if the time has expired. This timer is reset each time the **INTERROGATE** or **TEST** buttons are pressed. The LIGHTS/OFF front panel switch may be used to force the unit to off before the 200-second period has elapsed. The integrated circuit, U21, provides interfacing for the RS-232 connector. This circuit provides -9VDC for this interface.





T-49C Configuration Chart

Figure 3-1



T-49C/CA Simplified Block Diagram

Figure 3-2

## CHAPTER IV

### GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 4.1 General

The use of the current generation of electronic components has dramatically decreased the cost of maintaining and calibrating test equipment. Tel-Instrument Corp. has recommended an annual calibration interval and periodic checks to keep the T-49C Test Set in operational condition. Performing preventative maintenance checks of the Test Set and Test Set Verification and Acceptance Checks if a failure is suspected, will reduce down time by detecting and correcting potential problems at their onset. This chapter is broken down in four sections:

1. Routine Maintenance (Section A).
2. Test Set Verification and Acceptance Checks (Section B).
3. Annual Calibration and Alignment (Section C).
4. Battery Replacement (Section D).

**Routine Maintenance:** By routinely cleaning and inspecting the T-49C Test Set, the operator will be able to reduce down time due to unexpected failures. Routine Maintenance, as outlined in *Section A*, consists of checks and observations performed to maintain the Test Set in a serviceable and ready condition. They should be accomplished each time the Test Set is utilized and after extended storage.

**Test Set Verification and Acceptance Checks:** If during normal operation, a failure is suspected or unusual or erratic results are displayed, perform the procedures as listed in *Section B*. By conducting and verifying the Test Sets condition when abnormal results occur, the operator will be able to determine if the Test Set is malfunctioning or the UUT is at fault. Periodic checks will also alert the operator to possible problems and ensure the Test Set is in full operational condition before it is used.

**Annual Calibration and Alignment:** A full Calibration and Alignment of the Test Set shall be performed under the following conditions:

1. Tel-Instrument Corporation recommends an Annual Calibration & Alignment to ensure accurate test results and improved performance.
2. If any failure occurs or is suspected during *Routine* or *Test Set Verification Checks*, a full Calibration and Alignment shall be performed.
3. If any major assembly is replaced.
4. If during normal operation, the Test Set fails to meet any specification outlined in Chapter 1, Section B.

## SECTION A

### ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

#### 4.2 General

By routinely cleaning and inspecting the T-49C Test Set, the operator will be able to reduce down time due to unexpected failures. Routine Maintenance consists of checks and observations performed to maintain the Test Set in a serviceable and ready condition. They should be accomplished each time the Test Set is utilized and before extended storage.

Routine maintenance consists of the following:

1. Cleaning of the T-49C Test Set exterior case.
2. Inspection of all connectors, cables and the Test Set assembly.
3. Battery check and charging.

##### 4.2.1 Cleaning Procedure

Keep the Test Set clean by removing any loose dirt, mildew or mild corrosion with a soft cloth moistened with warm water and a mild detergent. Do not spray any cleaning detergent or water directly on the Test Set. Ensure to dry off the Test Set with a Lint free cloth to remove all deposits and remaining cleaning solution. Strong cleaners and chemicals should be avoided to prevent damage to the display and switches.

##### 4.2.2 Inspection of all Connectors, Cables and Test Set Assembly

By inspecting the cables, connectors, and the Test Set periodically, potential inaccurate test results can be alleviated.

1. Check each cable for kinks, crushed insulation, frayed cables and rusty connectors.
2. Check each antenna supplied with your Test Set for obvious signs of rust, dents and loose parts.
3. Inspect the Test Set case for signs of abuse. Large dents and cracked displays may render the Test Set inoperable.
4. Toggle and push each switch for proper operation. Sticking switches may result in erroneous test results.
5. Inspect for loose bolts, nuts, and screws; tighten if necessary.
6. Periodically clean all exposed connectors with an approved avionics cleaner.

#### 4.2.3 Battery Check and Charging

Check the Ni-Cad battery before each use to ensure a sufficient charge is available to complete the required tests. By charging the battery a few hours each week, you will keep the Ni-Cad battery in a fully charged state ensuring a significant charge is available for extended testing. A fully depleted battery will require a full 16 hours to completely charge.

An indication of **BATTERY LOW, RECHARGE** signifies a depleted battery.

BATTERY LOW RECHARGE
-------------------------

Charge the battery IAW the following procedure:

1. Connect the supplied power cable to the Test Sets **AC** Power receptacle.
2. Plug the cord into a standard 115 VAC socket (220V if properly configured).
3. Toggle the **AC POWER** switch to the "ON" position. A Green LED indicates that charging is commencing.
4. When charging is completed, unplug the AC cord and stow back in the cover.

The Test Set may be utilized with a depleted battery by using 115 or 220 VAC (if configured) power. By maintaining a 50% Duty Cycle, the Test Set battery will continue to charge even during use.

The total time of charging should be at least two (2) times as long as the Test Set was operated since its last full charge. A charge time of up to 16 hours will not damage the Ni-Cad battery.



#### **WARNING**

**If the battery voltage has been depleted to the point the Test Set will not turn "ON". DO NOT attempt to Turn the Test Set "ON" until the Unit has been charging for a minimum of 30 minutes.**

## SECTION B

### TEST SET VERIFICATION AND ACCEPTANCE CHECKS

#### 4.3 General

These procedures will be performed on an unopened Test Set by measuring inputs/outputs. If the Test Set results are not within tolerances, the Test Set will require a full alignment.

##### 4.3.1 Test Equipment Required

The following support equipment (or their equivalent) is necessary to perform the Closed Box checks of the T-49C Test Set.

1. Spectrum Analyzer (Hewlett Packard 8558B/182T).
2. 3' x 3'L-Band Antenna and Base Plate.
3. Calibrated Transponder and TCAS R/T.
4. Signal Generator (Hewlett Packard 8648B).
5. Power Meter (Optional).
6. Photo Copy of the ***Calibration Test Report*** (APPENDIX A).

##### 4.3.2 Display Operation

1. Using the **TCAS INTRUDER TYPE** switch; select **ATCRBS/MODE S-XPDR TEST**.
2. Press the **INTERROGATE** switch. Check the T-49C Test Set Display for the following indications.

Start Screen is briefly displayed.

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--

Immediately followed by:

XPDR TESTING . . . / NO REPLY
----------------------------------

3. Toggle the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch to the **LIGHTS** position and hold. Verify that the backlighting is illuminated. Release the switch and the lights will extinguish.
4. Turn the Test Set "OFF" by toggling the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch down.

4. Turn the Test Set “OFF” by toggling the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch down.

#### 4.3.3 **Transmitter Frequency Test**

There are two (2) tests available for the Transmitter Frequency Test; Direct Method or Reference Method. The only difference being, the method utilized to measure power levels. Only ONE test is required.

##### 4.3.3.1 **Direct Method**

1. Connect the output of the Test Set **ANTENNA** port directly to a spectrum analyzer.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer to the following settings:

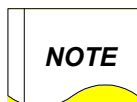
Frequency	1030 MHz
Reference Power Level	-10 dBm
Span	1 MHz
Bandwidth	10 KHz

3. Set the **TCAS/HI – XPDR/TCAS/LO** to **LO**.
4. Select **ATCRBS/MODE S-XPDR TEST** using the **TCAS INTRUDER** switch.
5. Press the **INTERROGATE** button. Verify a carrier signal of 1030.0 MHz /  $\pm 0.1$  MHz.
6. Connect the output of the antenna connector directly to a power meter.
7. Verify a power level of -10 dBm /  $\pm 1$  dB.
8. Set the **TCAS/HI – XPDR/TCAS/LO** switch to **HI** and verify a level of +10 dBm /  $\pm 1$  dB.
9. Return the **TCAS/HI – XPDR/TCAS/LO** switch to **LO**.

##### 4.3.3.2 **Reference Method**

1. Connect the output of the Test Set **ANTENNA** connector port directly to a spectrum analyzer.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer to the following settings.

Frequency	1030 MHz
Reference Power Level	-10 dBm
Span	1 MHz
Bandwidth	10 KHz



It may be necessary to adjust your spectrum analyzer sweep rate for correct display of Test Set signals.

3. Connect the “detected video” output of the spectrum analyzer to the input of an oscilloscope.
4. Press the **INTERROGATE** button. Ensure the spectrum analyzer signal is 1030.0 MHz /  $\pm$  0.1 MHz.
5. Change the spectrum analyzer Span to 0 MHz and BW to 3 MHz; observe the alignment and reference peak of the video on the oscilloscope.
6. Mark or document the Peak Level of the first detected pulse on the oscilloscope. Disconnect the T-49C antenna output and connect it to the “RF OUT” of the signal generator. The spectrum analyzer and the signal generator are now connected.
7. Set the signal generator to 1030.0 MHz / -10 dB level. Modulate the signal with a 1 $\mu$ s pulse and vary the signal generator output to match the noted (marked) measurement observed on the oscilloscope in step 6. The difference between the 2 measurements should be  $\pm$  1dB.
8. Perform the same procedure with the **TCAS/HI-XPDR/TCAS/LO** switch in **HI**. The measurement and frequency should be 1030.0 MHz / $\pm$  0.1 MHz and +10 dBm /  $\pm$  1 dB.

#### 4.3.4 Receiver Local Oscillator Test

1. Set the spectrum analyzer to the following settings:

Frequency	1045 MHz
Power Level	-10 dBm
Span	1 MHz
Bandwidth	10 KHz

2. Confirm the presence of the receiver local oscillator signal measured at 1045 MHz /  $\pm$  0.1 MHz.
3. Disconnect the Test Set from the spectrum analyzer and power down the T-49C Test Set.

#### 4.3.5 Mode S Pulse Modulated Signal Test

1. Set the **TCAS INTRUDER** switch to **MODE S**.
2. Utilizing the **INTERROGATE** and **TEST** buttons, insert a 0 FT altitude.



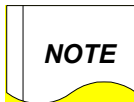
- Set the spectrum analyzer to the following:

Frequency	1090 MHz
Power Level	-10 dBm

- Toggle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch to **STORE**.
- Press the **INTERROGATE** switch and observe a pulse modulated signal at a frequency of 1090.0 MHz /  $\pm$  0.1 MHz.
- Connect the “detected video” output of the spectrum analyzer to an oscilloscope and observe the proper Mode S reply sequence.
- Turn the Test Set off and disconnect all associated test equipment.

#### 4.3.6 Omni-Directional Antenna Transponder Test

- Connect the Omni-Directional antenna directly to the **ANTENNA** connector of the T-49C. Refer to Fig 4-1.
- Have a calibrated and functional transponder connected to the 3' x 3' Blade antenna and turned “ON”.
- Set the **TCAS INTRUDER TYPE** switch to **ATCRBS/MODE S, XPDR TEST**.
- Press the **INTERROGATE** switch on the T-49C. The Test Set will identify the type of transponder (Mode A/C or Mode S).
- Press the **INTERROGATE** switch again to initiate the Auto Sequence of transponder tests.
- Upon successful completion of all tests, ensure the correct display for the appropriate transponder is shown.



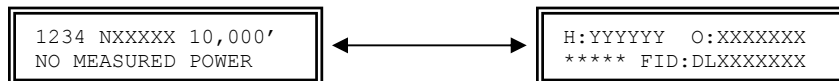
Displays are shown for illustration purposes only. Utilize the literature provided by the transponders manufacturer for correct levels.

4096 Octal	Always displayed
Altitude	Mode C & S Equipped
Tail Number	Mode S Equipped
Aircraft Address in both Hex & Octal	Mode S Equipped

#### Mode 3A/C Transponder

1234	10,000'
NO MEASURED POWER	

## Mode S Transponder

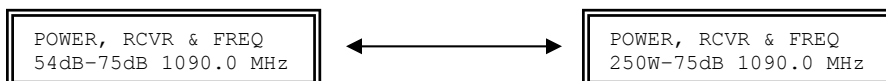


7. Disconnect the Omni-Directional antenna and power down the Test Set and transponder.

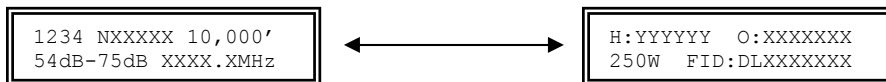
#### 4.3.7 TAP-135 Antenna Coupler Test

1. Connect the TAP-135 Antenna Coupler to the 3'x 3' blade antenna and the T-49C Test Set as shown in Figure 4-1. Connect the transponder to the blade antenna and apply power.
2. Press the **INTERROGATE** button on the Test Set to turn it "ON".
3. Press the **INTERROGATE** button a second time to commence Automatic testing of the transponder by the T-49C.
4. Ensure successful completion of the transponder test sequence, ending in the appropriate display for the type of transponder tested.

## Mode 3A/C Transponder



## Mode S Transponder



5. Ensure the following parameters were shown on the final display:

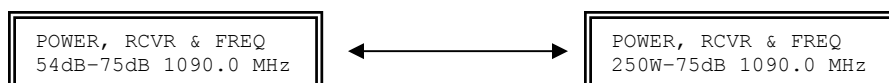
4096 Octal	Always displayed
Altitude	Mode C & S Equipped
Tail Number	Mode S Equipped
Aircraft Address in both Hex & Octal	Mode S Equipped
Frequency	± 300 KHz
Power	± 3 dB
Sensitivity	± 3 dB

- Turn power "OFF" to the transponder and the Test Set. Disconnect the Antenna Coupler, TAP-135, and stow in the Test Set cover.

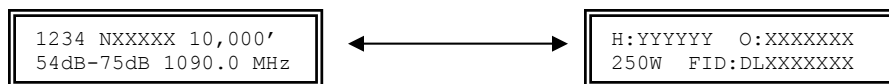
#### 4.3.8 TAP-141 Direct Connect Antenna (Optional Item)

- Connect the TAP-141 Direct Connect Coupler to the Test Set and the Transponder IAW paragraph 2.10.4.
- Apply power to the transponder.
- Press the **INTERROGATE** button to initialize the T-49C.
- Press the **INTERROGATE** button a second time to initiate the auto sequence of tests.
- Ensure successful completion of the transponder test sequence, ending in the appropriate display for the type of transponder tested.

##### Mode 3A/C Transponder



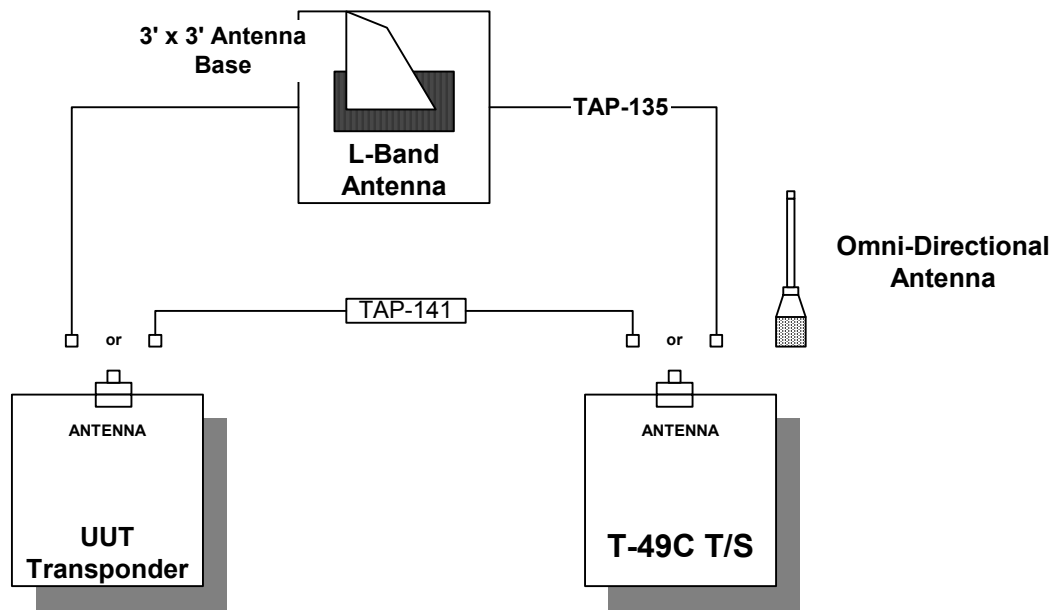
##### Mode S Transponder



- Ensure the following parameters were shown on the final display:

4096 Octal	Always Displayed
Altitude	Mode C & S Equipped
Tail Number	Mode S Equipped
Aircraft Address in both Hex & Octal	Mode S Equipped
Frequency	± 300 KHz
Power	± 2 dB
Sensitivity	± 2 dB

- Turn power "OFF" to the transponder and the Test Set. Disconnect the Direct Connect Antenna Coupler, TAP-141, and stow in the Test Set cover.



T-49C Antenna Tests Setup

Figure 4-1

#### 4.3.9 TCAS Testing

1. Utilize a TCAS Test fixture to verify correct TCAS operation.
2. Set the **TCAS INTRUDER** select to **ATCRBS**.
3. Using the **SCENARIO** switch, select the **0** ft scenario.
4. Connect the Directional Antenna to the T-49C IAW Para. 2.10.2.
5. Press the **INTERROGATE** button and enter the desired altitude by depressing the **INTERROGATE** and **TEST** buttons.
6. Toggle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch down.
7. Press the **INTERROGATE** button to commence the scenario.
8. Verify that a target can be seen on the TCAS mock-up display corresponding to the altitude selected and the heading relevant to the Test Set. Ensure the intruder converges at 0 nmi. and then returns back to a 14 nmi. Range.
9. Repeat the test for each scenario: **+200/-200**, **+4000/-4000**, and **+3500/-3500**.
10. Repeat the test again by selecting **MODE S**, using the **TCAS INTRUDER** switch.

## SECTION C

### ANNUAL CALIBRATION AND ALIGNMENT TESTS

#### 4.4 General

These procedures will be performed on an opened box to allow access to the RF and digital printed circuit boards. Access will be gained to test points and alignment controls to align the Test Set back to manufacturer's specifications. If these adjustments fail to return the Test Set to the specified parameters, the unit will require additional maintenance and/or troubleshooting.

#### 4.5 Test Equipment Required

The following support equipment (or their equivalent) is necessary to perform the Open Box checks of the T-49C Test Set.

1. Digital Voltmeter (Fluke 8000A).
2. Spectrum Analyzer (HP 8558B/182T).
3. RF Signal Generator capable of providing a pulsed RF carrier at a frequency of 1030 MHz and 1090 MHz (Wavetek Model 2520).
4. Pulse Generator (Tektronix Type 114).
5. Oscilloscope with a 50 MHz bandwidth minimum and 10X probe (Tektronix 2235).
6. Frequency Counter with a high impedance input that may be used with a 10X probe (HP 5327A).
7. L Band pulse generator (Hewlett Packard 8648B).
8. Standard hand tools (Phillips Head, Straight Slot etc...).
9. RF Network Analyzer (Hewlett Packard 8712ES).
10. 3' x 3' L-Band Antenna and Base Plate.
11. Photocopy of "**Appendix B**" for documentation of test results.

#### 4.6 Disassembly

Disassembly of the T-49C Test Set can easily be accomplished by following the prescribed steps.

1. Disconnect the Test Set from any external power source.
2. Ensure the Test Set is "OFF" by toggling the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch to **OFF**.

3. Using a #2 straight slot screwdriver; loosen the 8 captive screws located on the front panel of the Test Set enough to release their grasp of the threads. Do not remove the screws entirely.
4. Grasp both handles on the front face and pull the assembly straight out of the Test Set enclosure. Place the assembly in a safe place.



**WARNING**

**Any time you are working with exposed wiring, the potential for electrical shock increases. Ensure all standard electrical safety procedures are strictly enforced to prevent injury.**

#### 4.7 Digital Board Adjustment Procedures

##### 4.7.1 Frequency and Voltage Settings

1. Remove the Test Set from the chassis IAW Para. 4.6.
2. Gain access to the Digital Board Assembly by removing the 5 screws that secure the RF assembly to the chassis. Be sure to leave the RF coax and RF to Digital Board electrical ribbon connected.
3. Using the **TCAS INTRUDER** switch, select **ATCRBS/MODE S-XPDR**. Turn the Test Set on by pressing the **INTERROGATE** button and verify the correct Software version for your T-49C.

TEL-INSTRUMENT  
 T-49C REV. 6.XX

4. Turn the Test Set "OFF" by toggling the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch to **OFF**.
5. Place the Test Set in "Calibration Mode" by toggling the **STORE/REPEAT** switch to the **REPEAT** position. Verify the following display:

CALIBRATION MODE  
 00 dBm XXXX.X MHz

6. With a DVM and utilizing **TP10** as ground, check for the following voltages (Utilize Fig 4-8 for Test Point Locations):

COMPONENT	LEAD/PIN #	RESULT
TP8		+10 V/ $\pm$ 0.2 V
TP7		-10 V/ $\pm$ 0.5 V
U55	Pin 3	+5 V/ $\pm$ 0.2 V

7. Gain access to **TP2 & TP3** by removing the 2 screws attaching the Digital Range Board to the Digital Board. Leave the wiring connected.
8. With an oscilloscope, verify the following  $5\text{ Vpp} \pm 1\text{ V}$  signals:

COMPONENT	RESULT
TP3	$5\text{ Vpp} / 0.20\text{ }\mu\text{s} \pm 0.05\text{ }\mu\text{s}$
TP2	$5\text{ Vpp} / 0.25\text{ }\mu\text{s} \pm 0.05\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

9. Using an oscilloscope, verify a negative sloping pulse of  $-3\text{V to } -6.0\text{V} / \pm 0.5\text{V}$  at **P2, pin 3** or **R-28**.
10. Turn the T-49C "OFF".

#### 4.7.2 **ATCRBS/C Interrogation Test**

1. Utilizing the L-Band pulse generator, simulate an ATCRBS Mode C interrogation at 1030 MHz with an RF output of -10 dBm. Figure 4-2 illustrates the necessary signals.
2. Connect the L-Band pulse generator to the **ANTENNA** connector on the T-49C Test Set.
3. Select **ATCRBS** using the **TCAS INTRUDER** switch
4. Select the **+3500/-3500** simulation using the **SCENARIO** switch.
5. Insert 3500' as the offset by Depressing the **TEST** and **INTERROGATE** buttons.
6. Trigger an oscilloscope using **U18, Pin 3**. Monitor **Pin 8** of **P2** with a second oscilloscope probe.
7. Turn the Test Set "ON" by depressing the **INTERROGATE** button. Verify the following display:

ALT XXXX'    CONT:STR SLEW UP:TEST DN:INTR
---

8. Press the **STORE/REPEAT** button and verify the following display:

MODE 3A/C INTRUDER PRESS INTERROGATE
---

9. Begin the intruder simulation by depressing the **INTERROGATE** button.



10. At **P2, Pin 8**, verify an ATCRBS, Mode C reply *approximately* 190  $\mu$ s from the trigger of the ATCRBS Mode C interrogation. This reply is 21  $\mu$ s long and has a changing pattern which simulates the changing altitude of the intruder aircraft. The reply will move from 190  $\mu$ s to 28  $\mu$ s. When the reply reaches 28  $\mu$ s, the scenario will reverse back out to 190  $\mu$ s. The pulse will be easier to measure by pressing the **TEST** button. This will stop the intruder range convergence. Pressing the **TEST** button a second time will resume the scenario.
11. After verifying the intruder scenario, vary the L band generator pulse to the following settings IAW Figure 4-2:

Mode S
ATCRBS Mode C with full P2 pulse (SLS)

12. These variations should cause the Test Set to cease replying to the invalid interrogations. No reply signal will be present at **Pin 8** of **P2**.

#### 4.7.3 Mode S Interrogation Test

1. With the L Band pulse generator still connected to the **ANTENNA** connector of the T-49C Test Set, apply a signal simulating a Mode S interrogation at 1030 MHz / -10 dBm IAW figure 4-2.
2. Select **MODE S** or **TCAS** utilizing the **TCAS INTRUDER** select switch. Using the **SCENARIO** switch; select the **+3500/-3500** intruder simulation.
3. Insert a 3500' Offset by depressing the **TEST** and **INTERROGATE** buttons.
4. Press the **INTERROGATE** button and then the **STORE/REPEAT** switch down. Verify the following display:

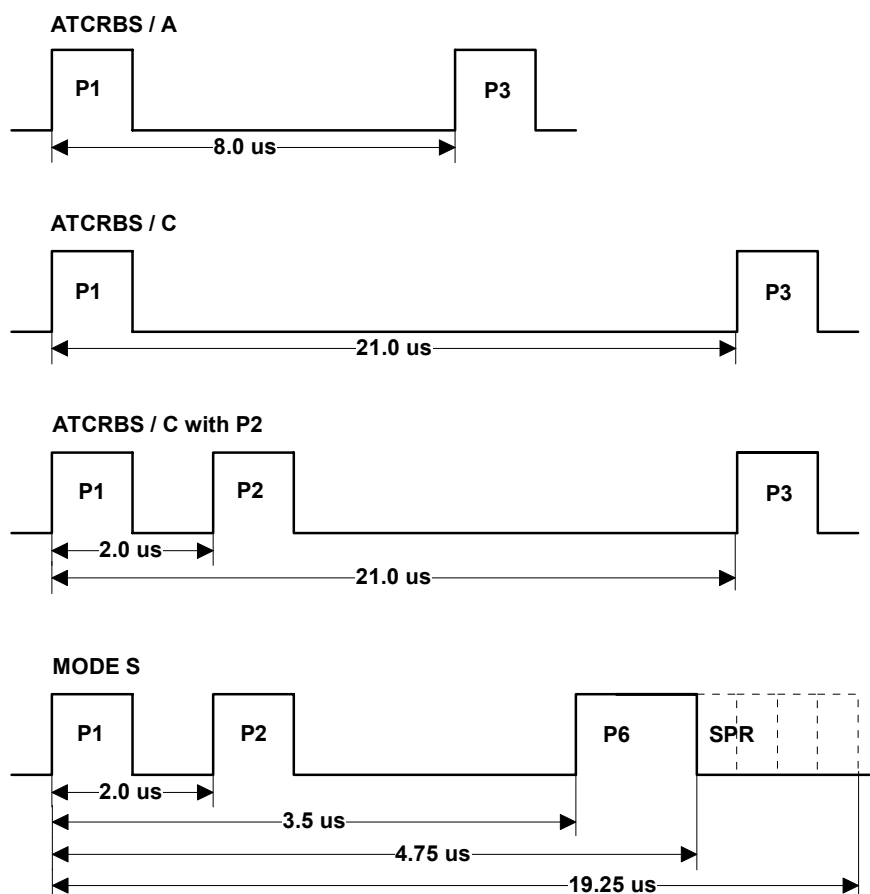
MODE S XPDR COM/AB INTERROGATE TO TEST
---

5. Press the **INTERROGATE** button to commence the Mode S intruder simulation.
6. Trigger an oscilloscope off of **Pin 3** of **U18**. Connect the other oscilloscope probe to **Pin 8** of **P2**.
7. At **P2, Pin 8**, verify a Mode S reply approximately 300  $\mu$ s from the trigger of the Mode S interrogation. This reply is 64  $\mu$ s long and has a changing pattern which simulates the changing altitude of the intruder aircraft. The reply will move from 300  $\mu$ s to 130  $\mu$ s. When the reply reaches 130  $\mu$ s, the scenario will reverse back out to 190  $\mu$ s.

8. After verifying the intruder scenario, vary the L band generator pulse to the following settings IAW Figure 4-2:

ATCRBS Mode A
ATCRBS Mode C

9. These variations should cause the Test Set to cease replying to the invalid interrogations being monitored at **P2, Pin 8**.
10. Secure power to the T-49C Test Set and disconnect all associated test equipment.
11. Re-attach the “Range Board” to the “Digital Board” by reinstalling the 2 Phillips head screws.



**Note:**

1. The width of P1, P2, and P3 is 0.8  $\mu$ s
2. P6 can be any combination of logic ones or zeros

Interrogation Waveforms

Figure 4-2

## 4.8 RF-PCB Procedure



**WARNING**  
Any time you are working with exposed wiring, the potential for electrical shock increases. Ensure all standard electrical safety procedures are strictly enforced to prevent injury.

### 4.8.1 Voltage Settings

1. Gain access to the RF Board assembly by removing the 6 small screws with a #1 Phillips screwdriver and remove the cover.
2. On the T-49C select **ATCRBS/MODES, XPDR TEST** using the **TCAS INTRUDER SWITCH**.
3. Turn the Test Set on by pressing the **INTERROGATE** button.
4. Check the output of the following utilizing a DVM (see Fig 4-8 for locations):

COMPONENT	LEAD/PIN #	RESULT
U18	Pin 3	+5 V / $\pm$ .5V
U34	Pin 3	+6 V / $\pm$ .5V
C76	Negative Lead	-4 V / $\pm$ .5V

5. Connect the DVM to **Pin 5** of **U21**. Adjust **R52** for 10V /  $\pm$  0.1 VDC.
6. Disconnect the DVM and secure Test Set power by toggling the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch to **OFF**.

### 4.8.2 Frequency Settings

1. Place the **TCAS INTRUDER** select switch in **ATCRBS**.
2. Set the **TCAS/HI – XPDR/TCAS/LO** switch to **LO**.
3. Press the **INTERROGATE** button.
4. Toggle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch down and verify the following display:

MODE 3A/C INTRUDER  
PRESS INTERROGATE

5. With a 10X probe, connect the frequency counter to **TP1**.
6. Adjust **C99** for a frequency of 4.023423 MHz /  $\pm$  45 Hz.
7. With a spectrum analyzer connected directly to the T-49C Test Set **ANTENNA** connection, Observe and measure a carrier signal of 1030.0 MHz /  $\pm$  0.1 MHz.
8. Connect the frequency counter with a 10X probe to **U17 Pin 1**.
9. Adjust **C70** for a frequency of 8.164063 MHz /  $\pm$  45 Hz.
10. On the spectrum analyzer, verify a pulse-modulated signal of 1045.0 MHz /  $\pm$  0.1 MHz.
11. Press the **INTERROGATE** button and ensure the following display:

14NMI +XXXXFT 300KTS
AUT ALT XXXXFT

12. With a 10X probe, connect the frequency counter at **TP1**.
13. Adjust **C106** for 4.257813 MHz /  $\pm$  45 Hz.
14. On the spectrum analyzer, verify a pulse-modulated signal of 1090.0 MHz /  $\pm$  0.1 MHz.
15. Connect the frequency counter probe to **Pin 1 of U17**.
16. Adjust **C65** for 8.398438 MHz /  $\pm$  45 Hz.
17. Measure and verify the pulse-modulated signal of 1075 MHz /  $\pm$  0.1 MHz.
18. Secure power to the Test Set by toggling the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch to **OFF** and remove all associated test equipment.

#### 4.8.3 Dynamic Range and RF Output Power Level Setting

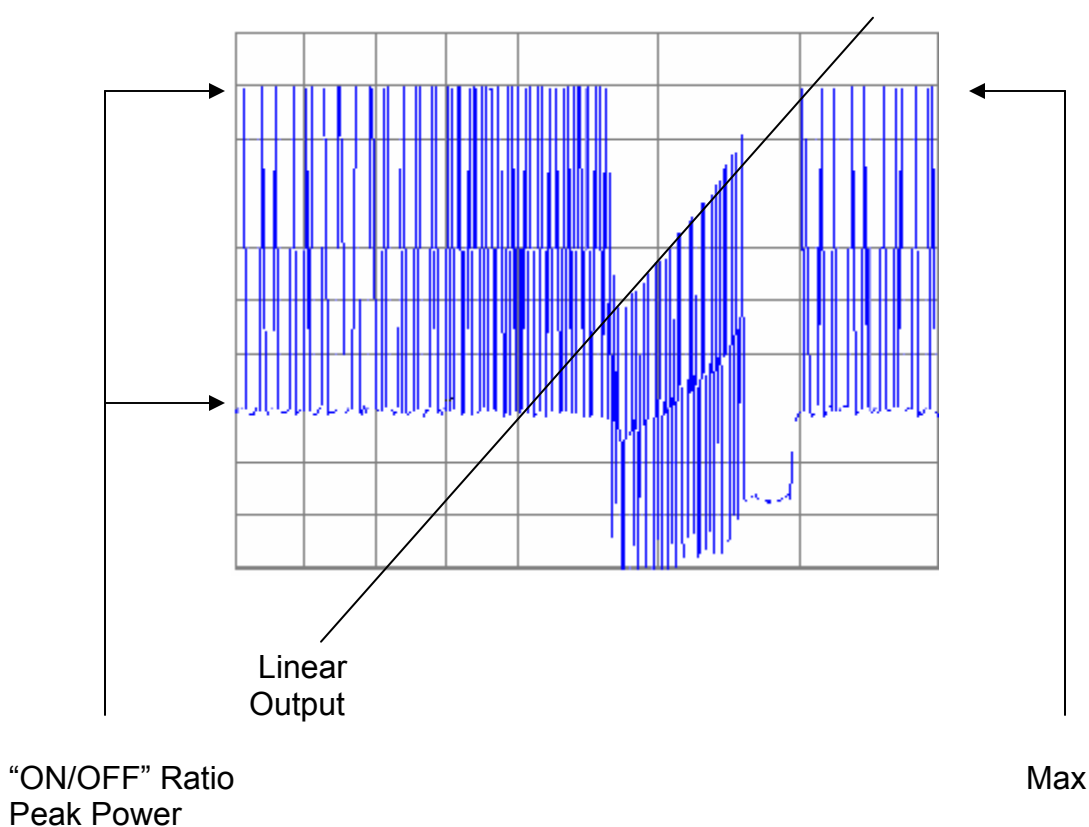
1. Turn the T-49C Test Set "ON" and place in the "Calibration Mode" by toggling the **STORE/REPEAT** switch to the **REPEAT** position.

CALIBRATION MODE
00 dBm XXXX.X MHz

2. Connect a spectrum analyzer directly to the **ANTENNA** port on the Test Set. Set the spectrum analyzer to the following:

Frequency	1030.0 MHz
Power Level	-10 dBm
Span	Zero
Bandwidth	5 MHz

3. Toggle the **TCAS/Hi – XPDR/TCAS/LO** switch to the **HI** position. The T-49C Test Set will transmit on a frequency of 1030 MHz.
4. Observe an “Output Response” signal as shown in Figure 4-3.



Linear Output Response

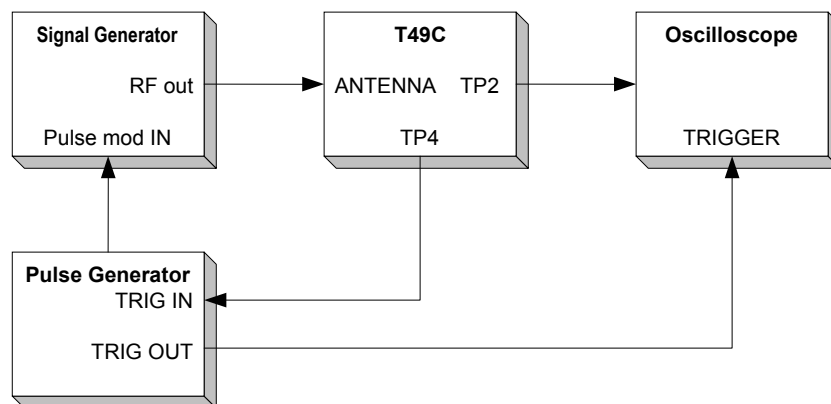
Figure 4-3

5. Verify the “ON/OFF” ratio is greater than 30 dB. Adjust **R101**, if required.
6. Measure and verify a maximum peak power output of  $+10 \pm 1$  dBm.
7. Toggle the **TCAS/Hi – XPDR/TCAS/LO** switch to **LO**.

8. Measure and confirm the max peak power output at  $-10 \pm 1$  dBm. Adjust **C12**, if required. Adjust **R28** and **R30** (on “Digital PCB Board”) in order to achieve a linear output response during the saw-tooth signal beginning at  $-22 \pm 1$  dB and ending at  $-5 \pm 1$  dB relative to the maximum output level. Make sure the maximum output level remains at  $-10 \pm 1$  dBm. Adjust **C12**, if necessary.
9. Turn power “OFF” to the T-49C Test Set and turn back “ON” in the **ATCRBS/MODE S, XPDR TEST** mode.
10. Connect the vertical output of the spectrum analyzer to the oscilloscope and measure **P2** to read  $-9 \pm 1$  dB relative to **P1**. Adjust **R96**, if required. If the ratio cannot be set, continue with steps 10a and 10b.
  - 10a. Adjust **R96** fully counterclockwise. Adjust **R101** for minimum amplitude of the **P2** pulse.
  - 10b. Adjust **R96** for a power level of -9 dB from the peak power of the **P1** pulse.

#### 4.8.4 1030 MHz Receiver Sensitivity Test

1. Connect the T-49C IAW Figure 4-4 and set the signal generator frequency to 1030.0 MHz at 0 dB. Modulate the signal with a  $1.0 \mu\text{s}$  pulse at a 1 KHz rate. Feed the pulse modulated signal into the **ANTENNA** connector on the T-49C.
2. Place the **TCAS INTRUDER** switch to the **ATCRBS** position and turn the Test Set “ON” by pressing the **INTERROGATE** button.
3. Toggle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch down and press the **INTERROGATE** button a second time.



Receiver Sensitivity Setup

Figure 4-4

4. Monitor the demodulated pulse at **TP2** (Digital Board) while triggering the oscilloscope from the pulse generator.
5. Reduce the signal level until the demodulated pulses begin to break up. This should occur at a level of -25 to -30 dBm. If the receiver lacks sensitivity, the input band-pass filter requires alignment. *It is not recommended that this be adjusted in the field. Contact Tel-Instruments for further assistance.*

#### 4.8.5 1090 MHz Receiver Sensitivity Test

1. Reset the T-49C by toggling the **LIGHTS/OFF** switch down and then pressing the **INTERROGATE** button.
2. Set the signal generator frequency to 1090.0 MHz.
3. Monitor the demodulated pulses at **TP2** (Digital Board), while triggering the oscilloscope from the pulse generator.
4. Reduce the signal level until the demodulated pulses begin to break up. This should occur at a level of -25 dBm to -30 dBm. This difference in receiver sensitivity between the 1090 and 1030 MHz inputs should not exceed about 5 dB. A disparity greater than this indicates a mis-tuning of the receiver input filter. *It is not recommended that this item be adjusted in the field. Contact Tel-Instruments for further assistance.*

#### 4.8.6 RF Power and Frequency Measurement/Calibration Setting

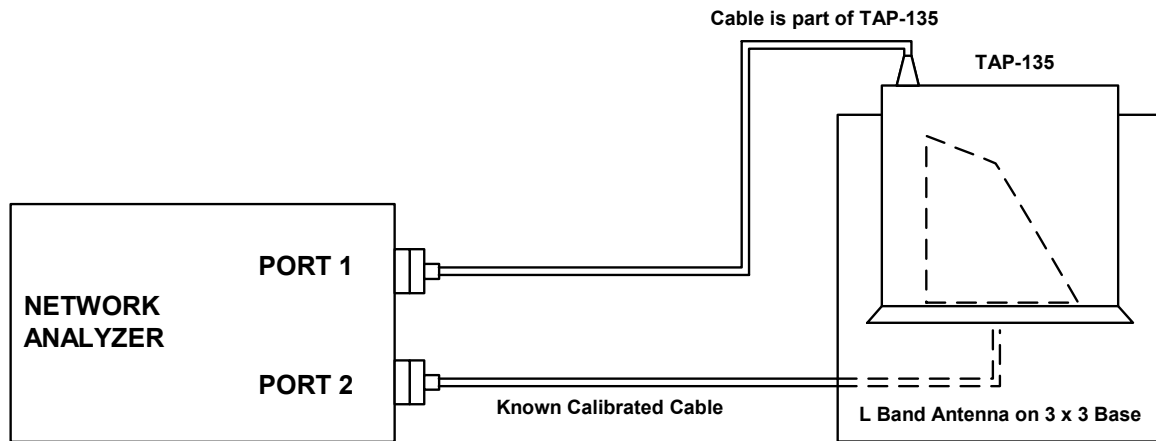
1. Synchronize the pulse generator to the Test Set transmitted signal **TP4** (RF Board). Modulate the signal generator with two (2) pulses that are  $0.45 \pm 0.1 \mu\text{s}$  wide and spaced  $20.3 \pm 0.1 \mu\text{s}$  apart. Ensure the modulation signal is **delayed** from the sync signal by at least 25  $\mu\text{s}$ .
2. Turn the T-49C Test Set "ON" in the **ATCRBS/MODE S – XPDR TEST** mode. Make sure that a "100 Reply" message is shown on the display.
3. Turn the Test Set "OFF".
4. Toggle the **STORE/REPEAT** switch "UP". The Test Set will be placed in "Calibration Mode".
5. Adjust and measure the power output IAW the following chart. Adjust **R137**, if necessary.

POWER INPUT	POWER MEASUREMENT
-10 dBm	40 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm
-5 dBm	45 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm
0 dBm	50 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm
+5 dBm	55 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm
+10 dBm	60 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm

6. Set the signal generator level to +5 dBm. Verify a frequency of 1090.0 MHz /  $\pm 0.1$  MHz. Adjust **R23** if necessary. Verify the frequency reading tracks to the input signal frequency in the  $\pm 3.0$  MHz range and the accuracy is  $\pm 0.3$  MHz.

#### 4.9 TAP-135 Calibration

1. Connect the TAP-135 to a Network Analyzer and L-BAND Antenna IAW Figure 4-5.



TAP-135 Calibration Setup

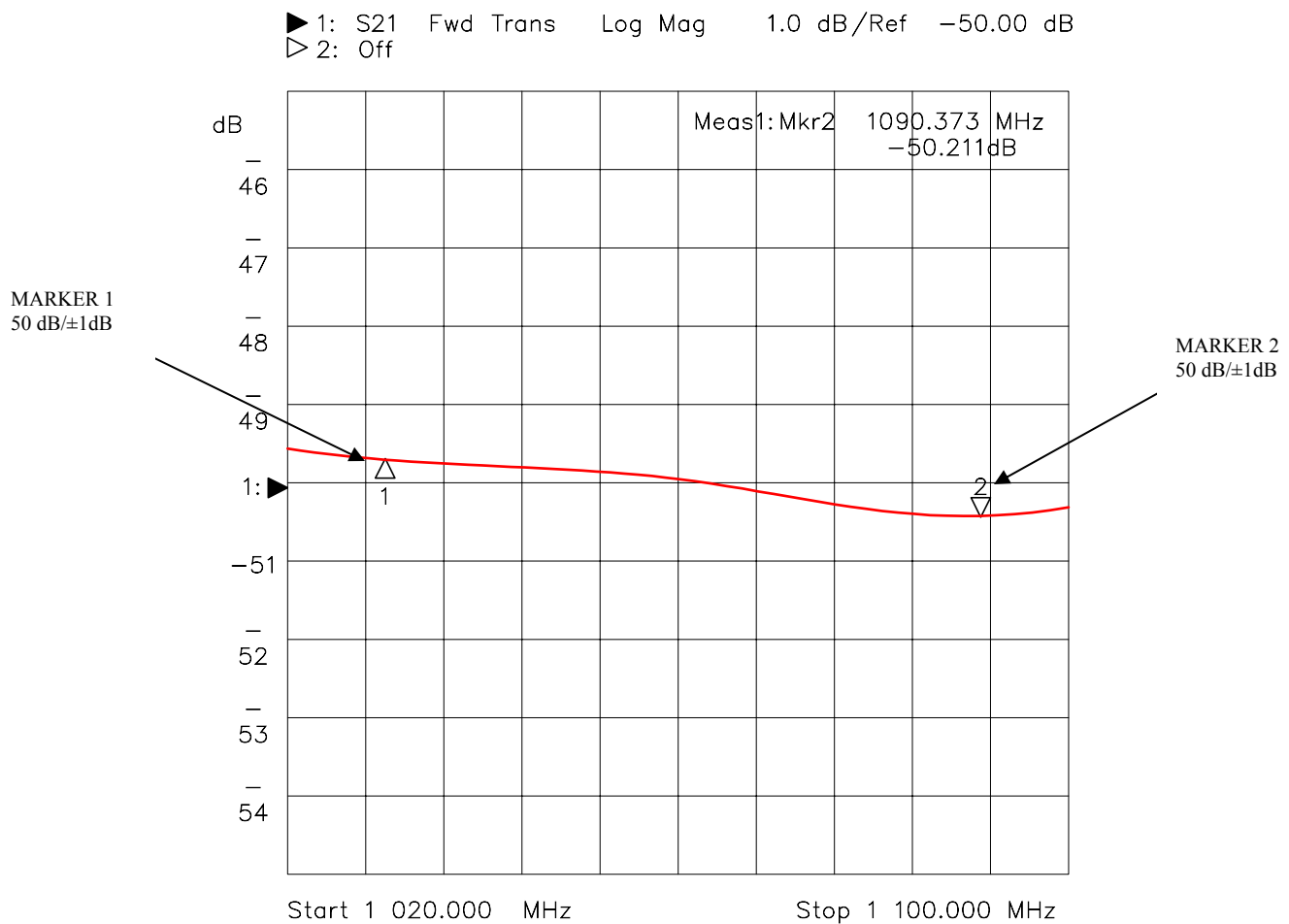
Figure 4-5

2. Ensure that the TAP-135 is centered directly over the L-Band Antenna.
3. Set the Network Analyzer to the following:

Start Frequency	1020.0 MHz
Stop Frequency	1100.0 MHz
Scale Ref. Level	-50 dB (Take into account calibrated cable)
Ref. Position	5
Scale/Div	1.0 dB
Power Level	10 dBm
Averaging	"ON"
Marker 1	1030.0 MHz
Marker 2	1090.0 MHz

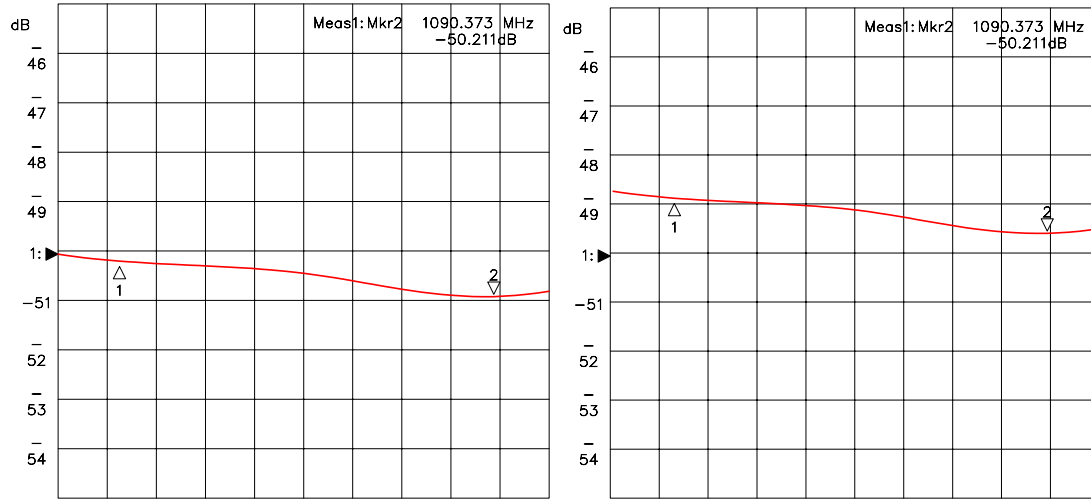


4. Observe a display similar to Figure 4-6. Patterns may vary.
5. Adjust **C4** (located on top of the TAP-135) so that the displayed measurement can be adjusted in a approx  $\pm 3$  dB. There is two positions in which **C4** might provide results. Select the location which provides the minimal slope and allows smooth adjustability around its range.
6. Fine tune **C4** so that at *MARKER 1*, the display is at  $-50$  dB $\pm 1$  dB, at the same time, *MARKER 2* is also at  $-50$  dB $\pm 1$  dB (see Figure 4-7). Ensure that the cable loss from Port 2 to the L Band antenna was accounted for. Variations in the displayed measurement are not linear. Do not adjust the measurement in the center, only at the markers.

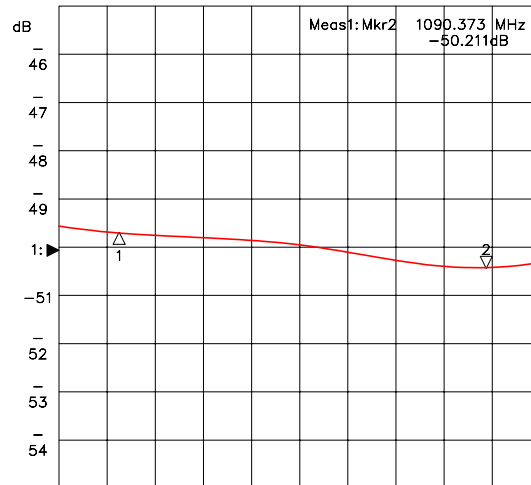


TAP-135 Network Analyzer Display

Figure 4-6



INCORRECTLY ADJUSTED



CORRECT

TAP-135 Adjustment Examples

Figure 4-7

## SECTION D

### BATTERY REPLACEMENT

#### 4.10 Battery Replacement

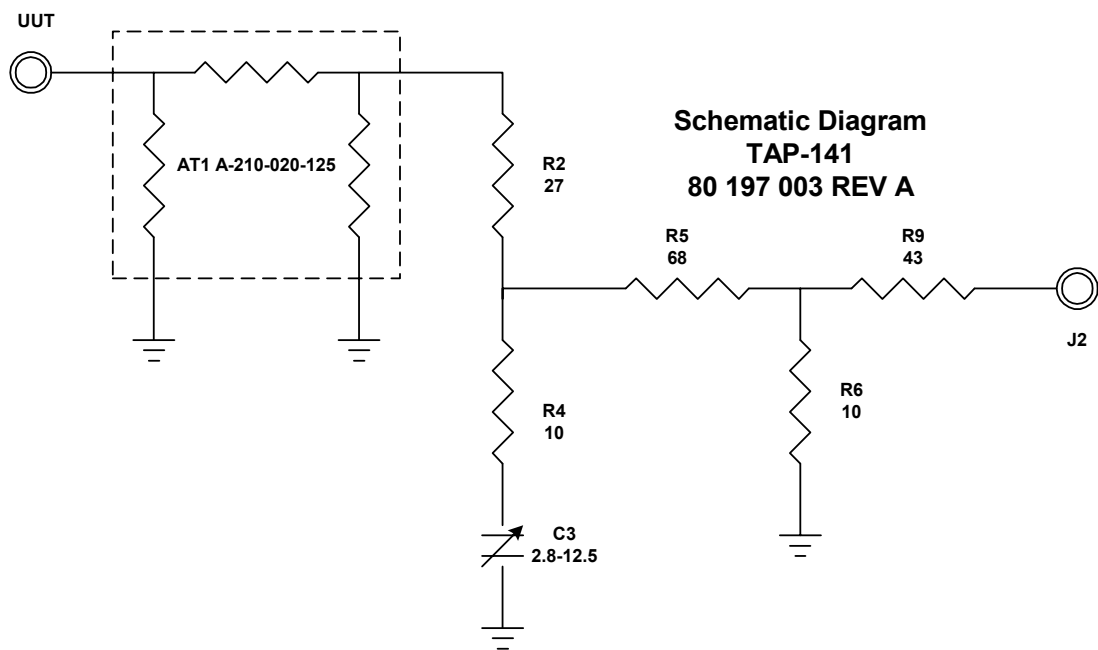
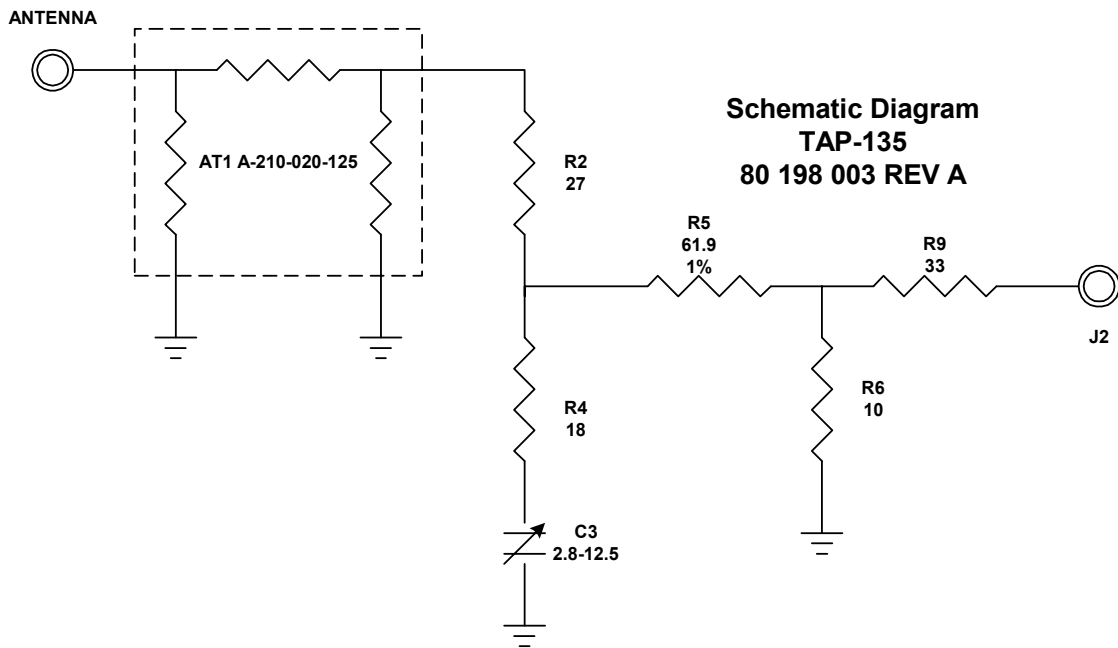
In the event the T-49C Test Set batteries require replacement due to age or failure, proceed with the following steps when a replacement battery is available:

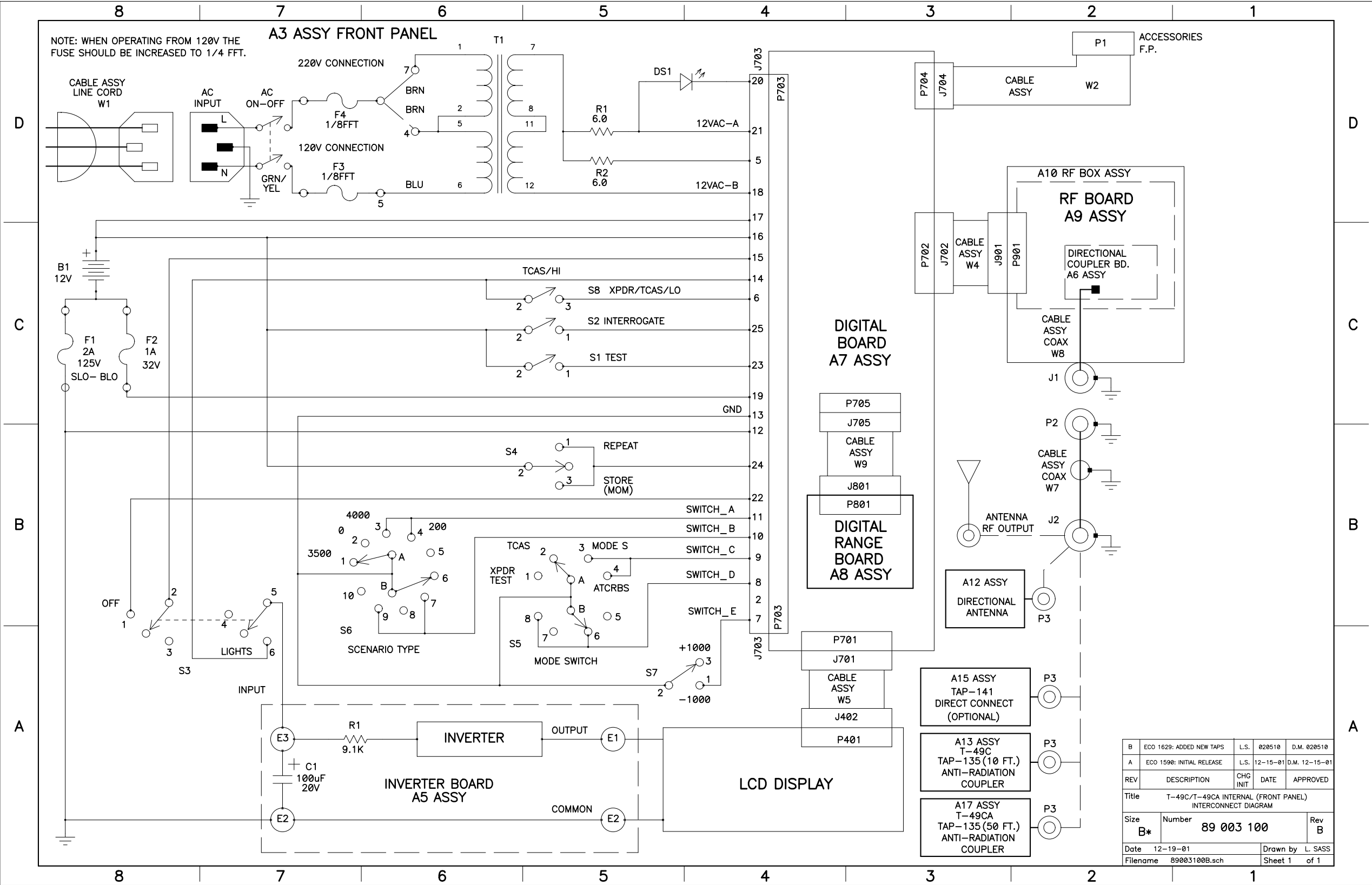
1. Loosen the 8 captive screws on the front panel of the Test Set and carefully remove the unit from the case.
2. Loosen, but do not remove, the 2 nuts on the battery assembly retaining bracket.
3. Turn the unit over so that the front panel is accessible.
4. Back out the center panel retaining screw so that the tip is flush with the rear surface of the panel.
5. Hold the battery assembly and remove the 2 Phillips head screws in the panel that secures the battery assembly.
6. Turn the unit over again and gently slide the battery assembly off the retaining bracket.
7. Remove the top bracket from the battery by pulling straight up with the mounting spacers attached.
8. Remove the battery pack from the lower tray.
9. Remove the tape protecting the solder contacts.
10. Unsolder the **3 RED** leads and the **1 BLACK** lead from the battery assembly.
11. Solder the new leads of the new battery pack. Ensure you follow correct polarity.
12. Replace the protective tape over the terminals.
13. Reassemble the Test Set in the reverse order for disassembly.
14. Plug the unit in and check the display for proper operation.
15. Charge the battery as prescribed in 4.2.3.



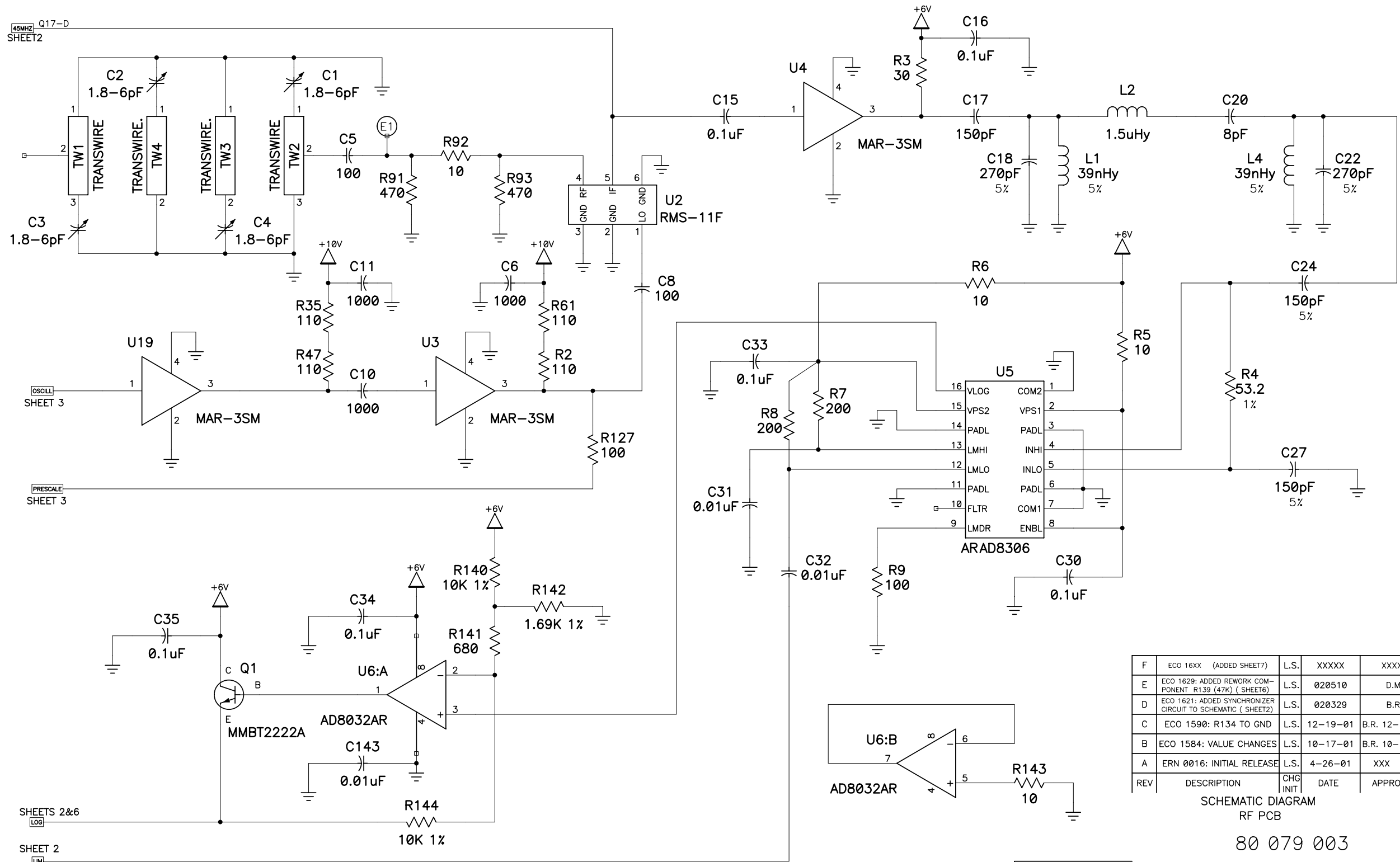
## CHAPTER V

### SCHEMATICS





B	ECO 1629: ADDED NEW TAPS	L.S.	020510	D.M. 020510
A	ECO 1590: INITIAL RELEASE	L.S.	12-15-01	D.M. 12-15-01
REV	DESCRIPTION	CHG INIT	DATE	APPROVED
Title T-49C/T-49CA INTERNAL (FRONT PANEL) INTERCONNECT DIAGRAM				
Size B*	Number 89 003 100			Rev B
Date 12-19-01		Drawn by L. SASS		
Filename 89003100B.sch		Sheet 1 of 1		



F	ECO 16XX (ADDED SHEET7)	L.S.	XXXXX	XXXXX
E	ECO 1629: ADDED REWORK COMPONENT R139 (47K) (SHEET6)	L.S.	020510	D.M.
D	ECO 1621: ADDED SYNCHRONIZER CIRCUIT TO SCHEMATIC (SHEET2)	L.S.	020329	B.R.
C	ECO 1590: R134 TO GND	L.S.	12-19-01	B.R. 12-19-01
B	ECO 1584: VALUE CHANGES	L.S.	10-17-01	B.R. 10-18-01
A	ERN 0016: INITIAL RELEASE	L.S.	4-26-01	XXX
REV	DESCRIPTION	CHG INIT	DATE	APPROVED

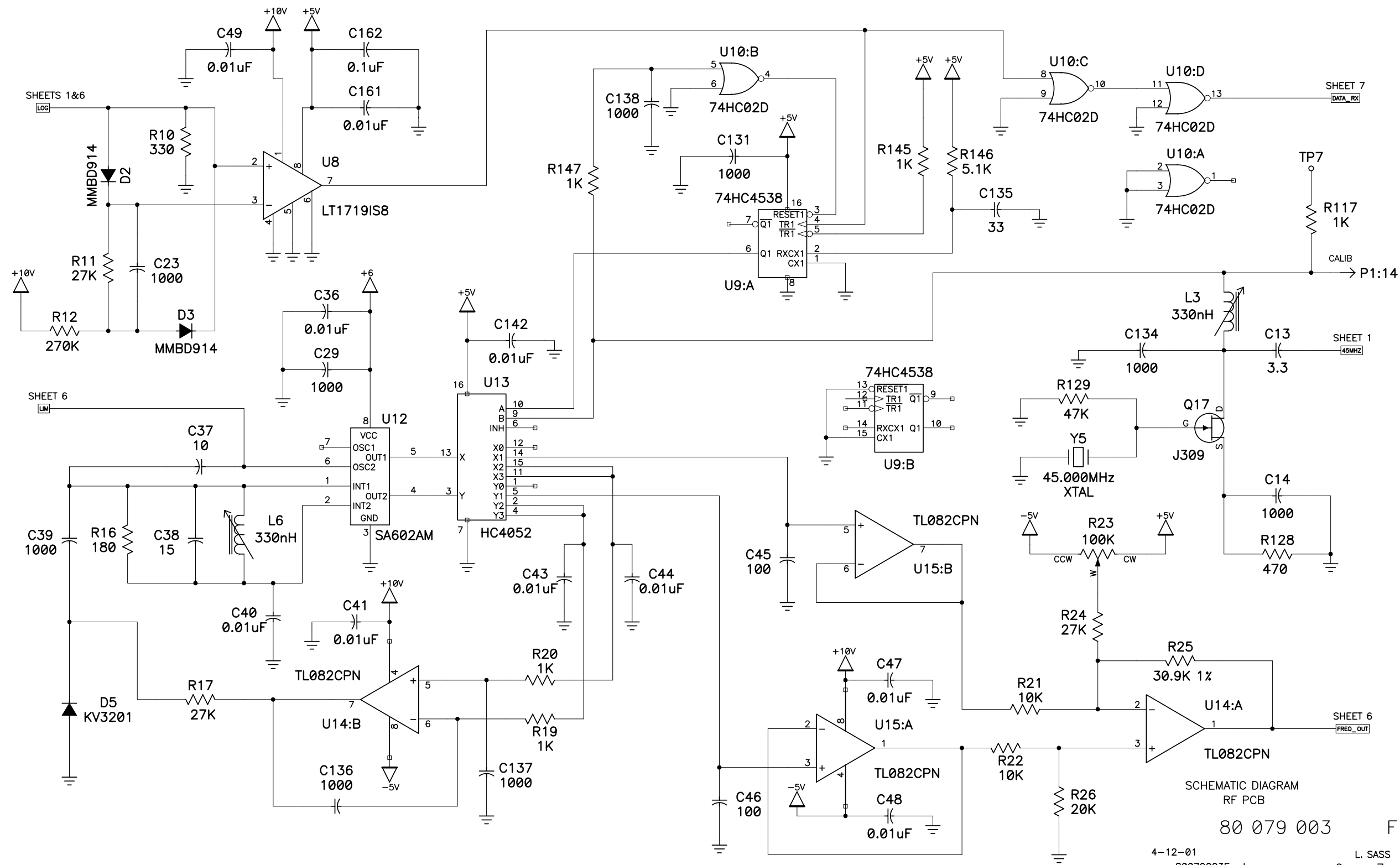
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM  
RF PCB

80 079 003 F

Checked: O.P. 10-17-01  
Issued: O.P. 10-17-01

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15:53:39  
L. SASS  
1  
7  
Mon Jan 06, 2003



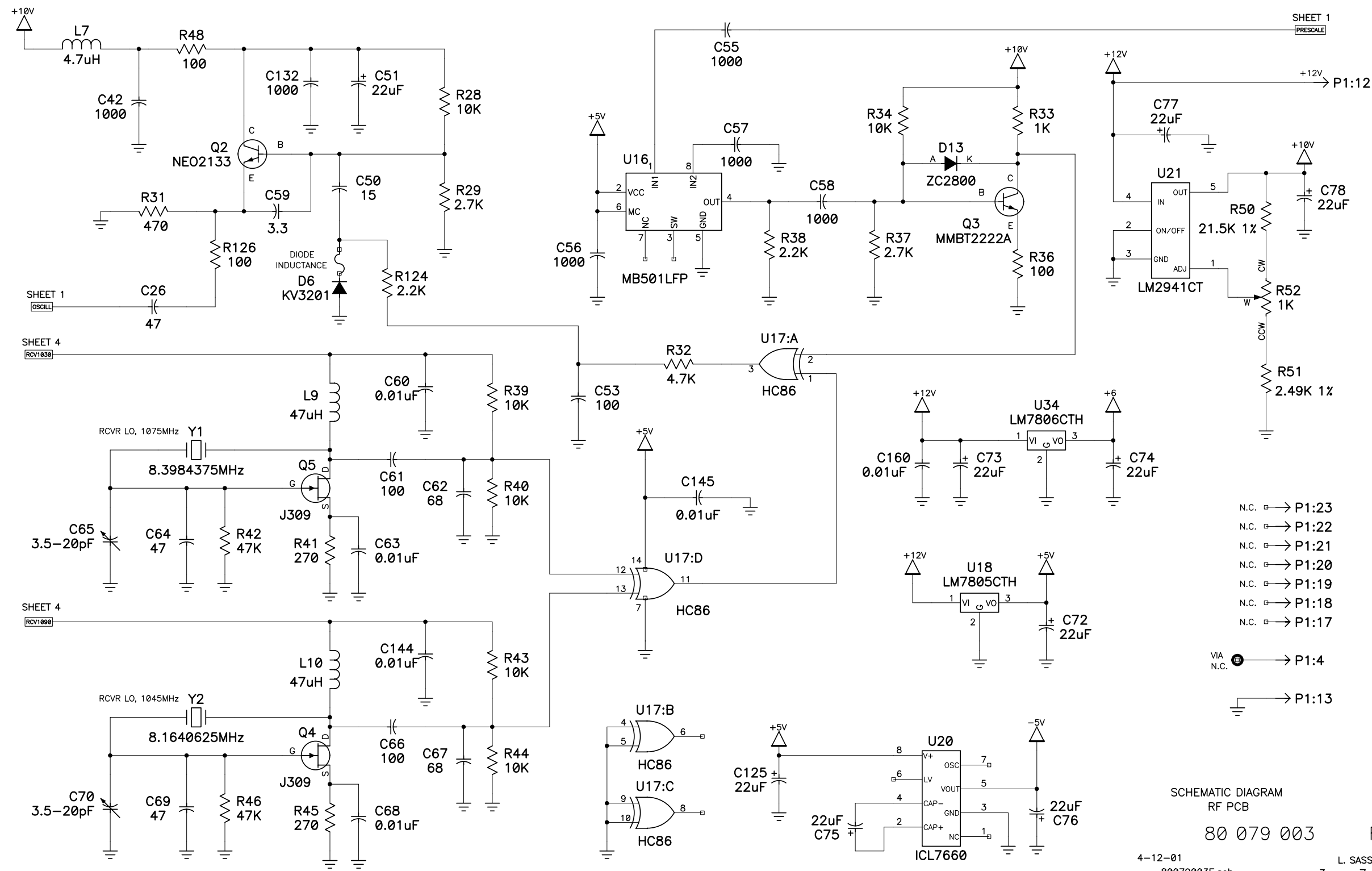


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM  
RF PCB

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2  
7  
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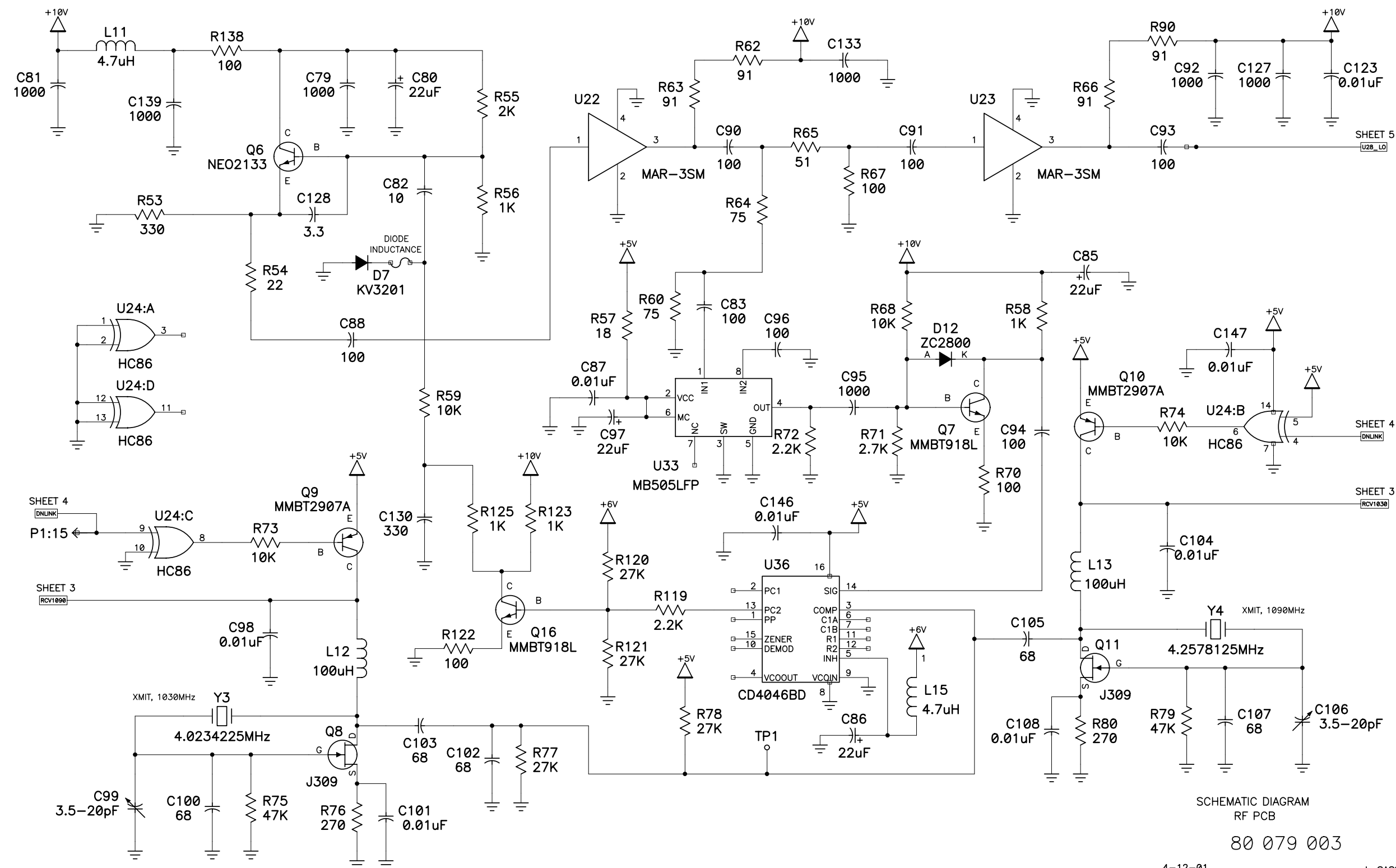


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80 079 003 F

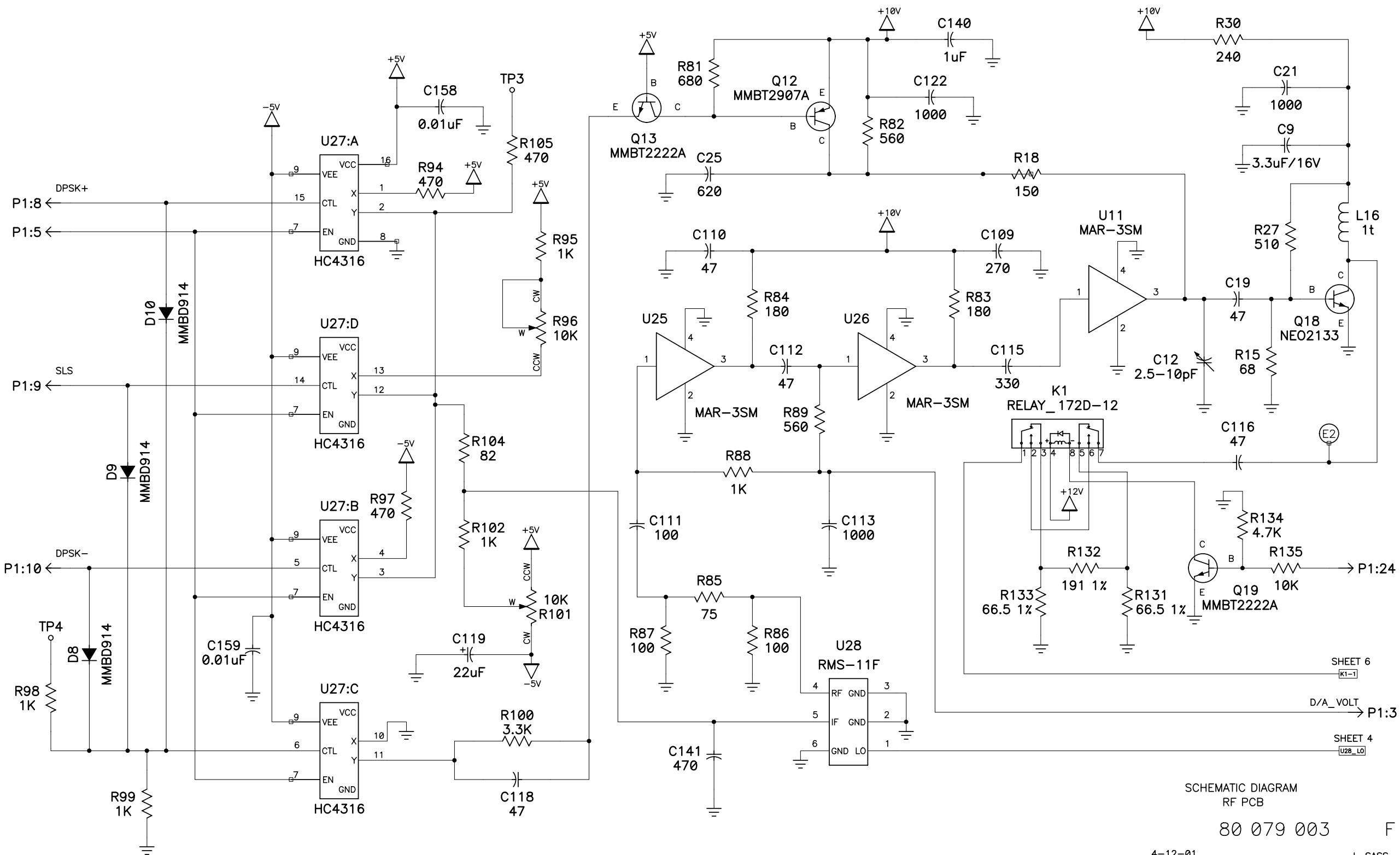
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L. SASS  
3  
Mon Jan 06, 2003





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15:52:52

L. SASS  
4  
Mon Jan 06, 2003



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM  
RF PCB

80 079 003

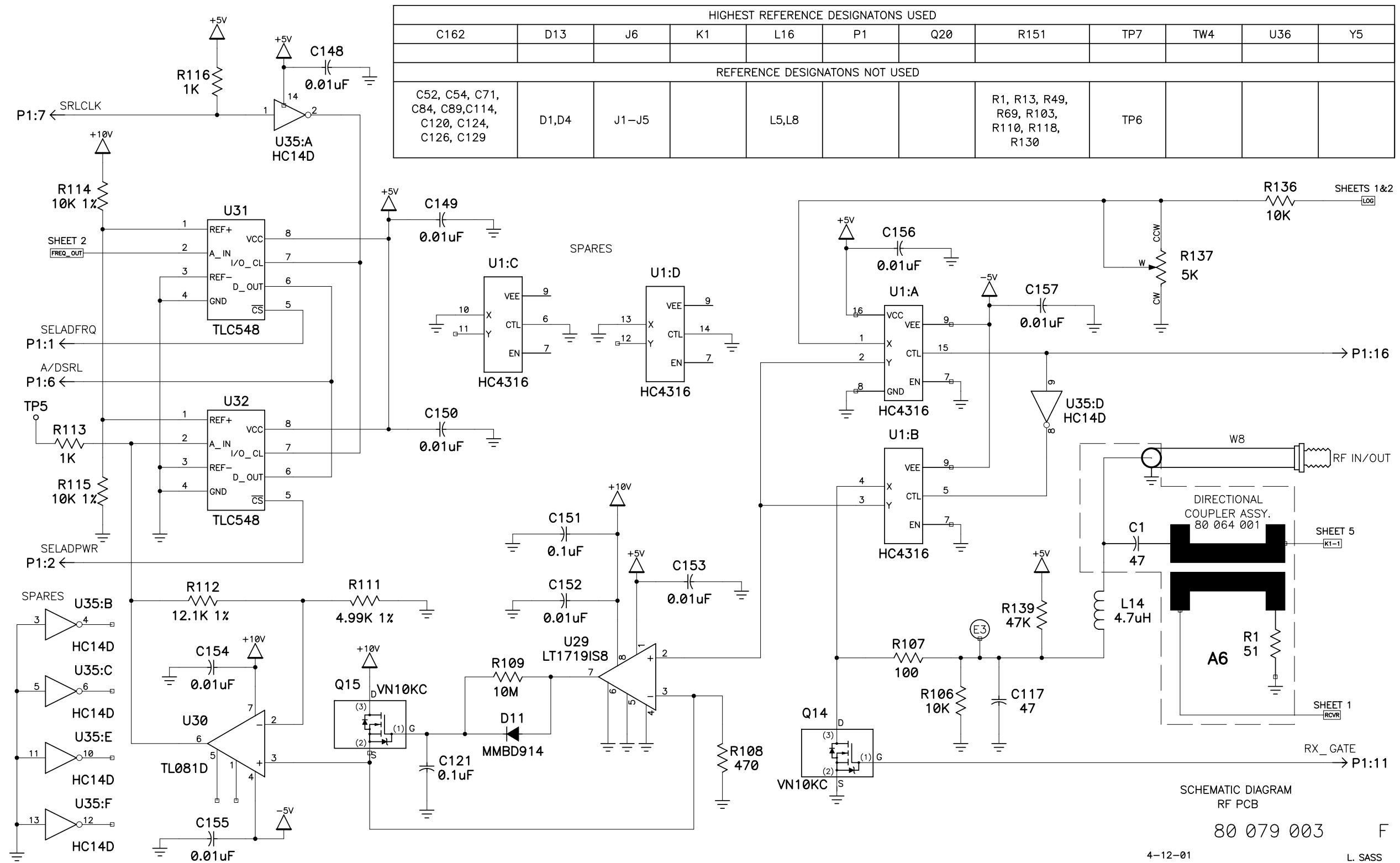
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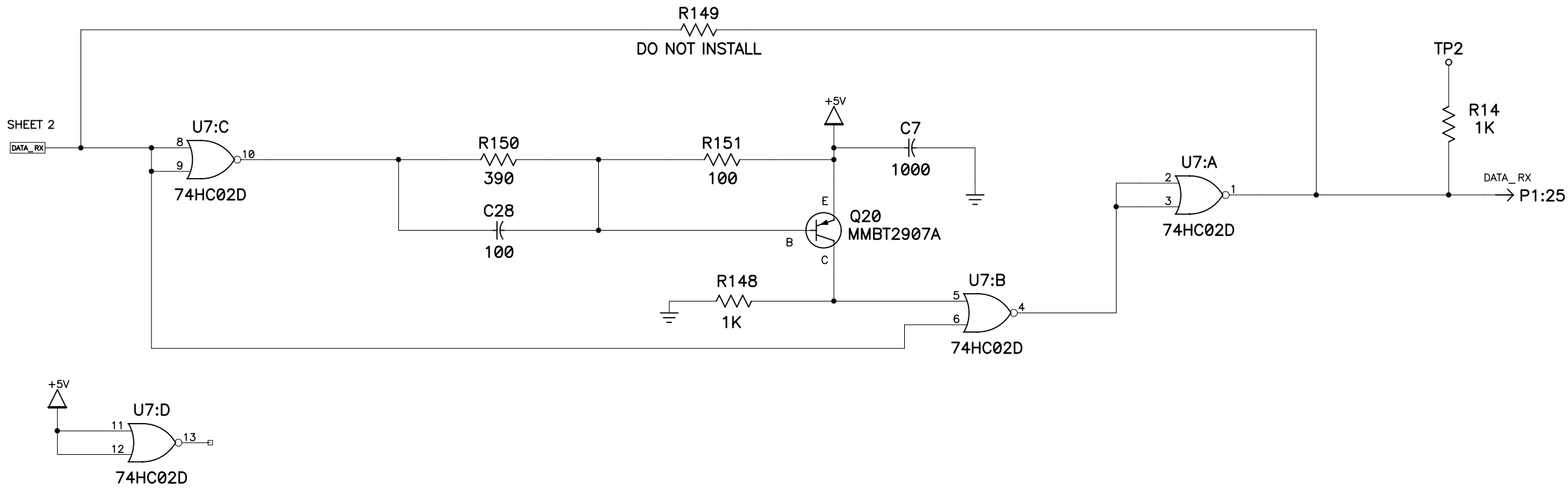
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L. SASS  
5 7

15:52:40

Mon Jan 06, 2003

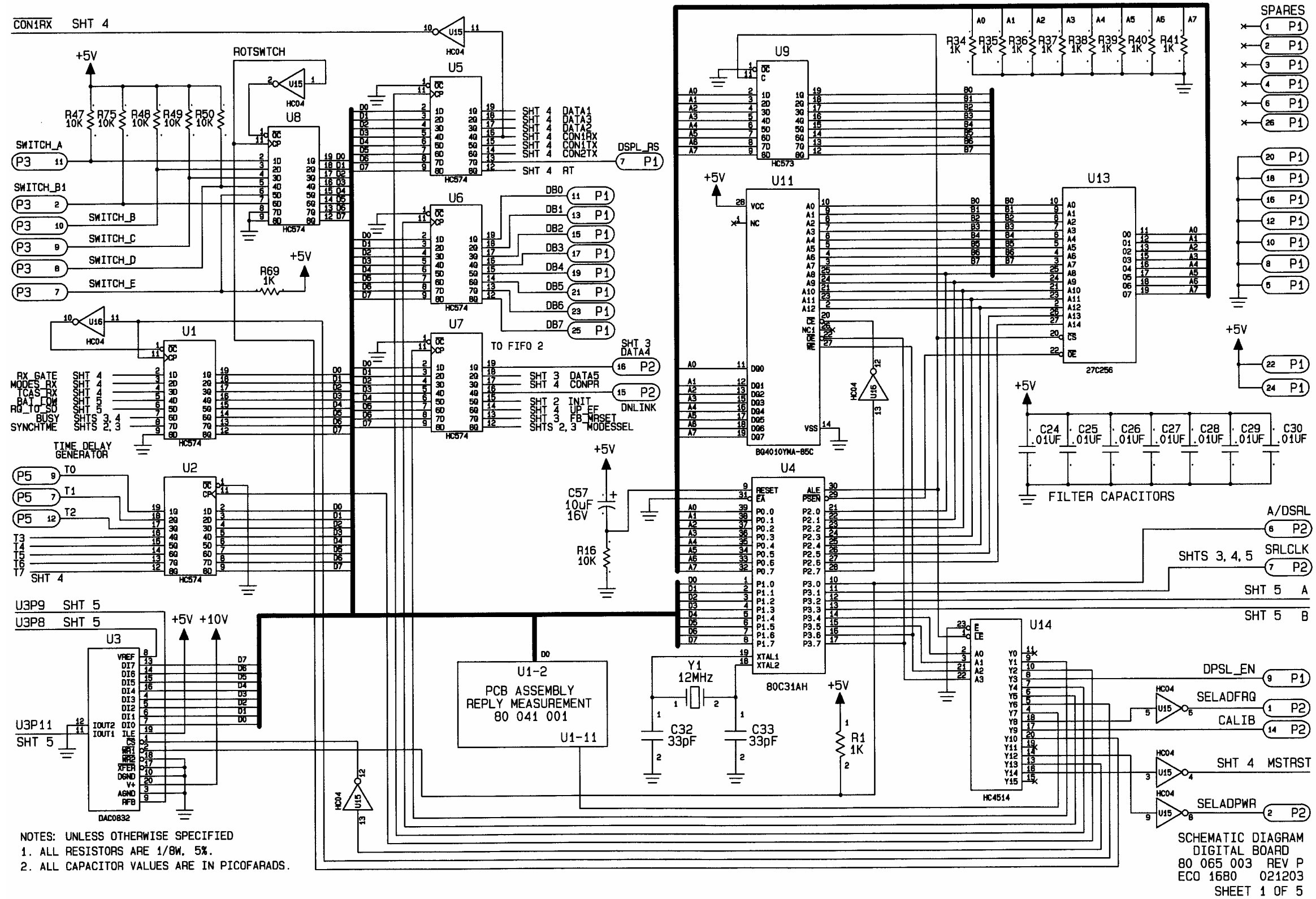


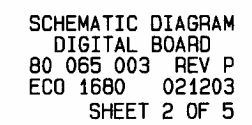


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM  
RF PCB

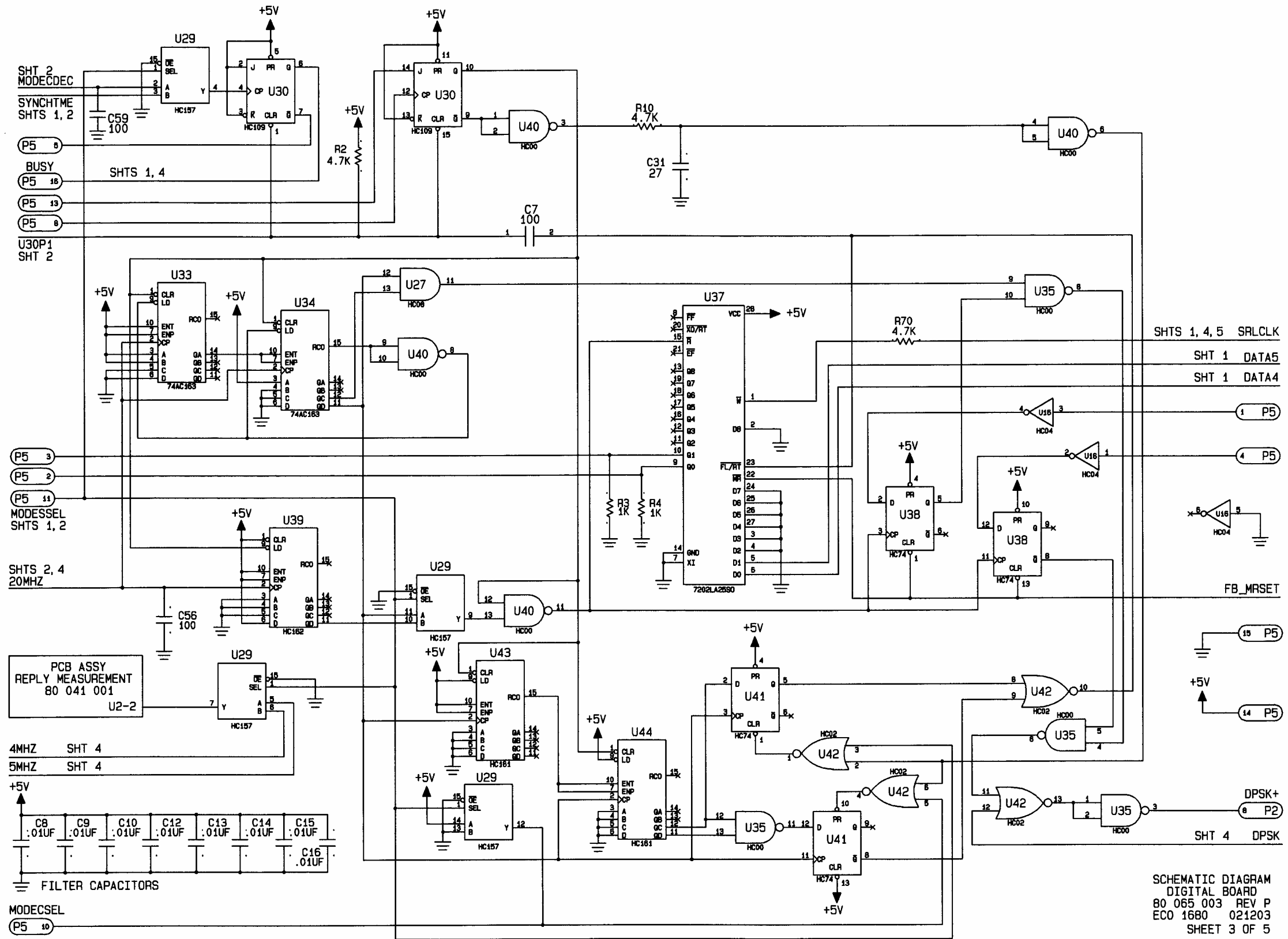
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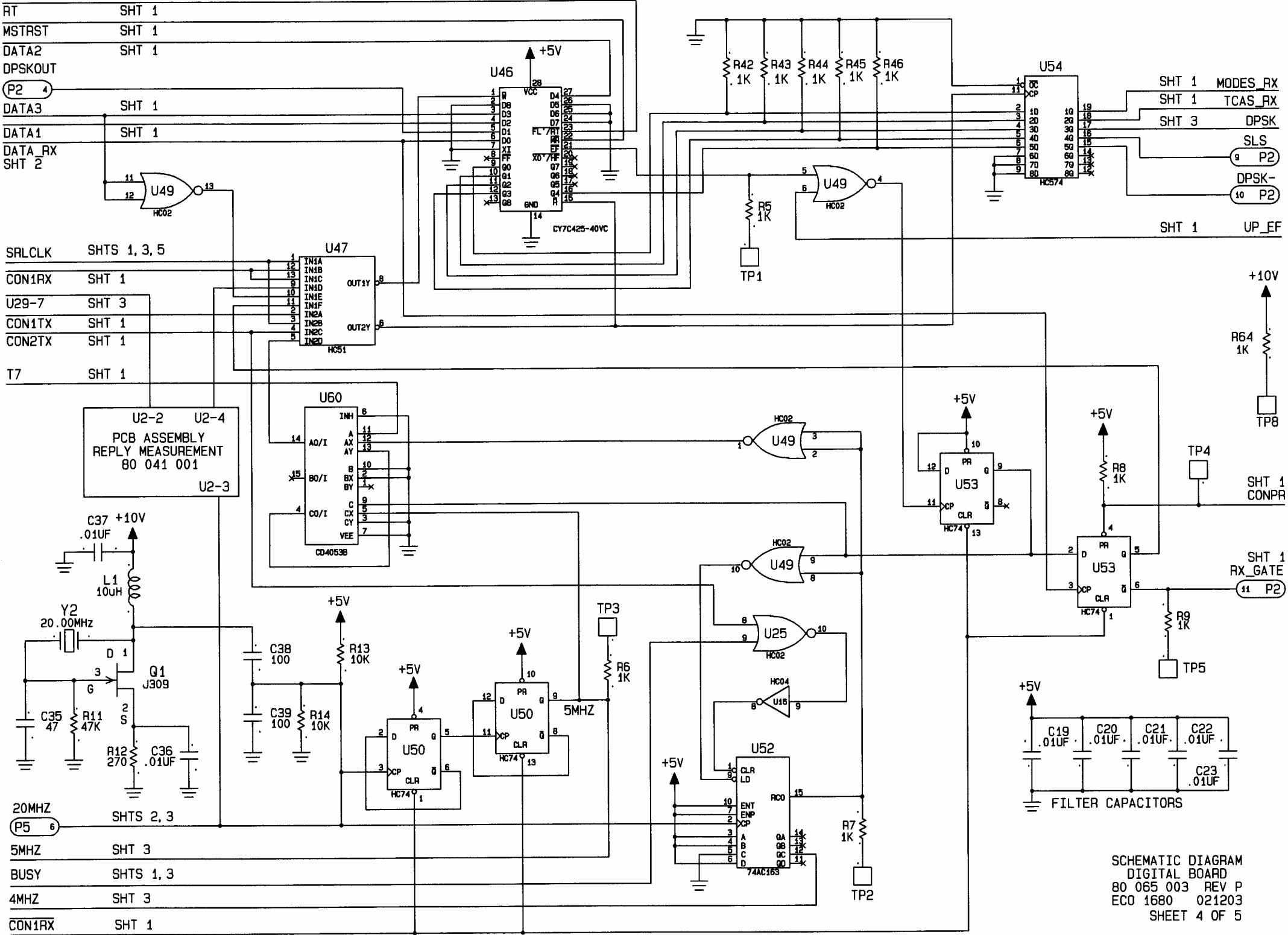
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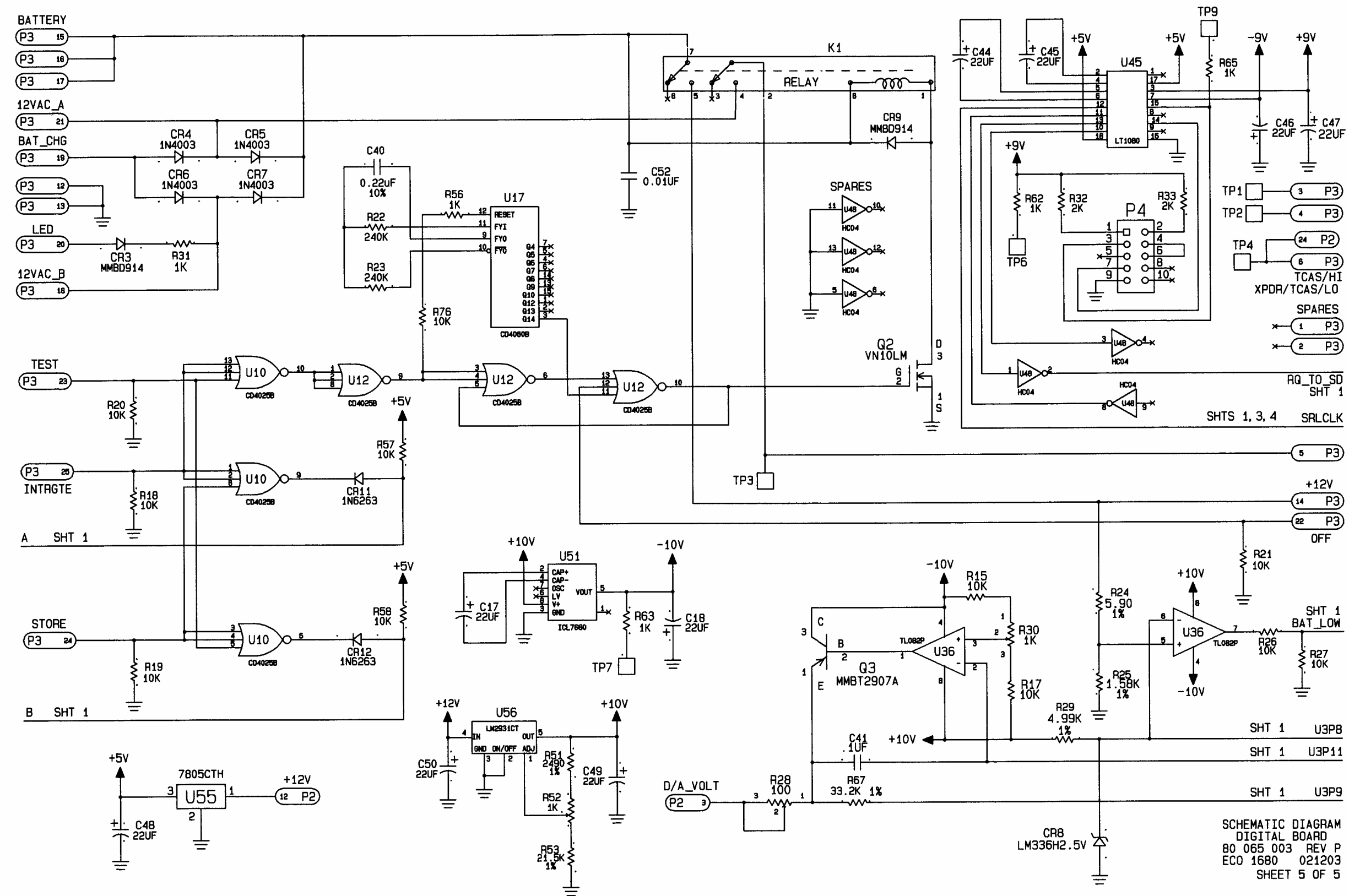




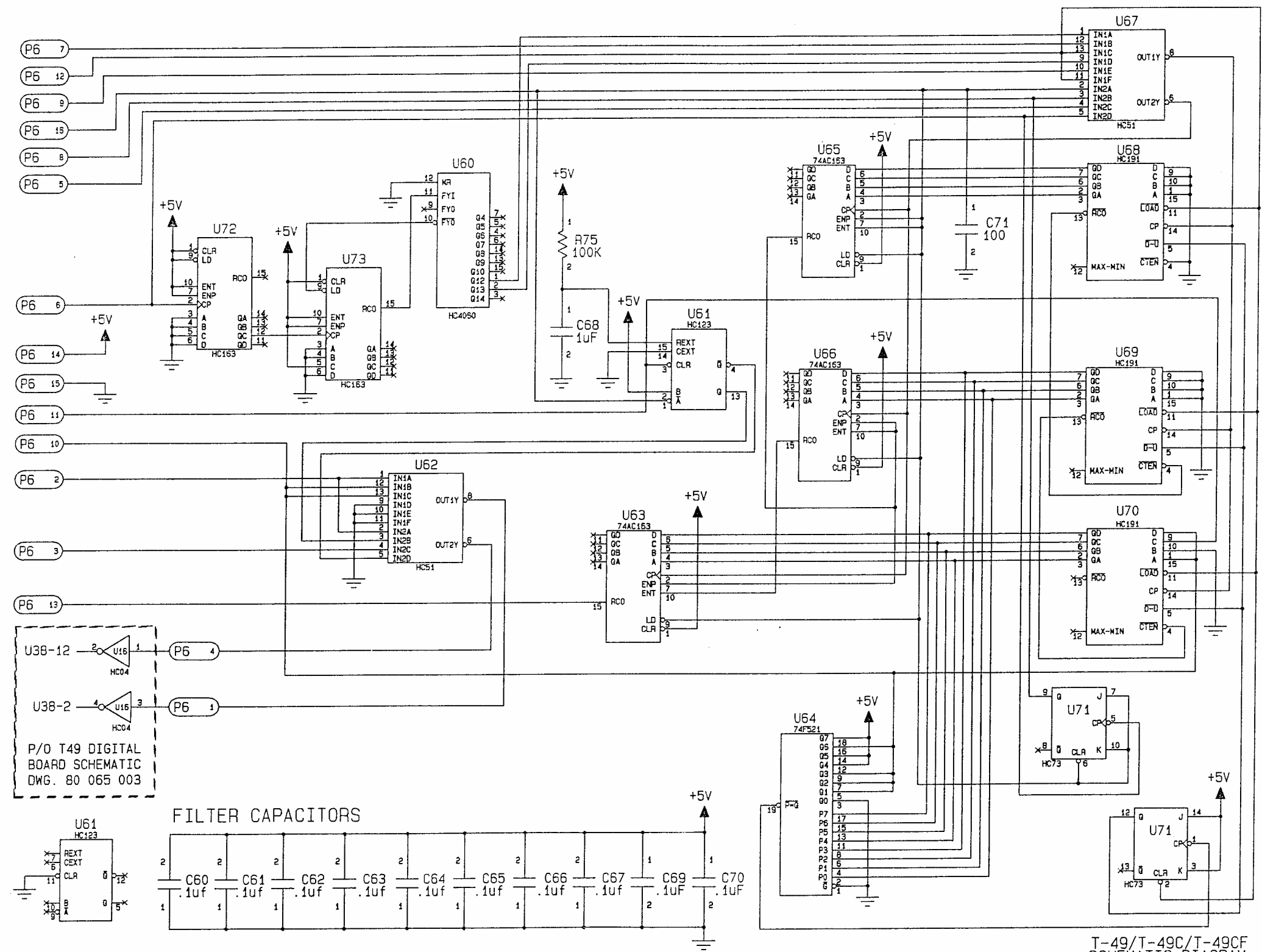








SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM  
DIGITAL BOARD  
80 065 003 REV P  
ECO 1680 021203  
SHEET 5 OF 5

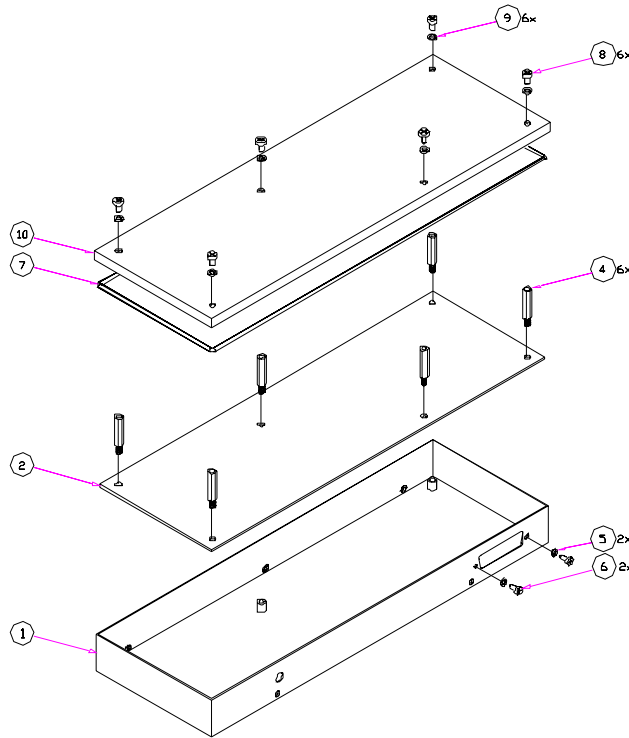


T-49/T-49C/T-49CF  
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM  
DIGITAL RANGE BOARD  
80 087 003 REV C  
10-22-92



## CHAPTER VI

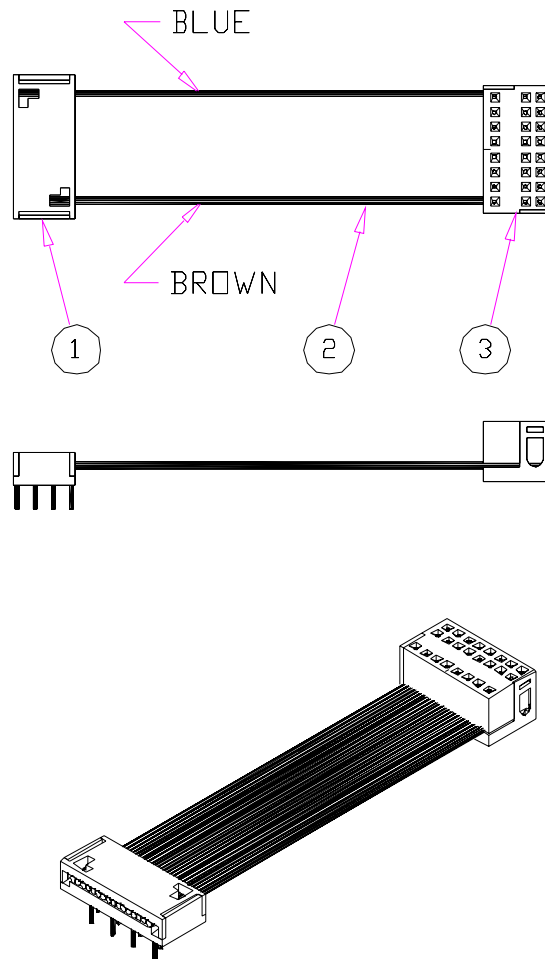
### ILLUSTRATED PARTS BREAKDOWN PARTS LIST



RF Box Assembly

Figure 6-1

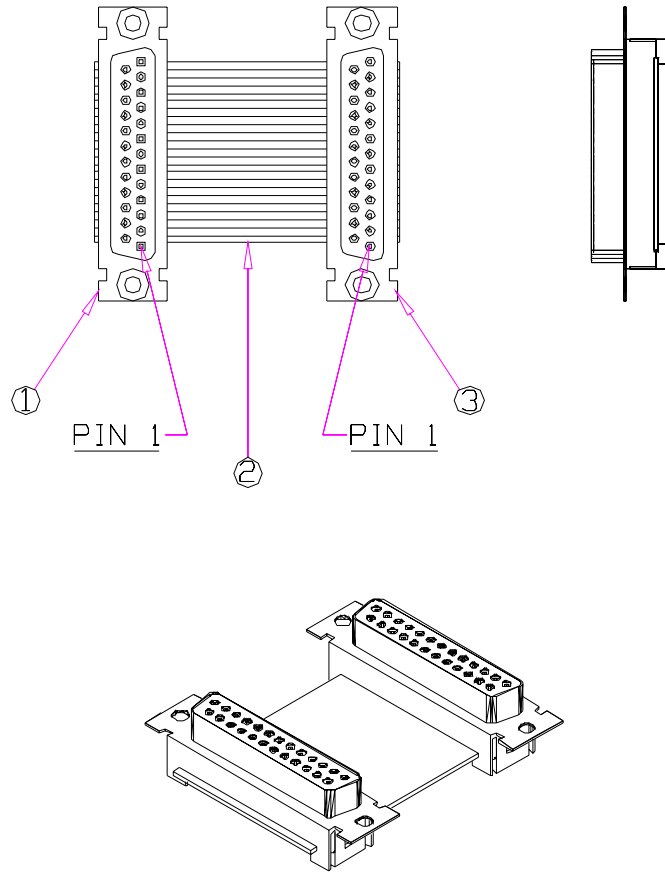
RF Box Assembly				89 004 022 (A10)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		CHASSIS, RF	<b>62000015</b>			1
2		PCB ASSEMBLY, RF BOARD	<b>80079001</b>			1
3						
4		STANDOFF, 1/4" HEX, ,MALE-FEMALE	<b>52700001</b>	#4540-632-SS-20	RAF	6
5		WASHER, LOCK, #4	<b>52020002</b>	MS35338-135		2
6		SCREW, PAN HD, #4-40 X 1/4" LONG	<b>50110002</b>	MS51957-17		2
7		SHIELDING, SPIROL	<b>55060001</b>	#SS-06	SPIRA CORP	3'
8		SCREW, PAN HD, #6-32 X 1/4" LONG	<b>50110015</b>	MS51957-26		6
9		WASHER, LOCK, #6	<b>52020001</b>	MS35338-136		6
10		COVER, RF	<b>62040004</b>			1



Cable Assembly, Digital Range to Digital

Figure 6-2

Cable Assembly, Digital Range to Digital				75 010 016 (W9)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		TRANS. CONN, STANDARD 4 ROW PCB SOLDER	48000043	609-1603	T & B	1
2		CABLE, FLAT (16 COND.), COLOR CODED	75000016	3302-16	3M	
3		CONNECTOR, DIP SOCKET, 16 PIN	48000044	609-F161M2	T & B	1

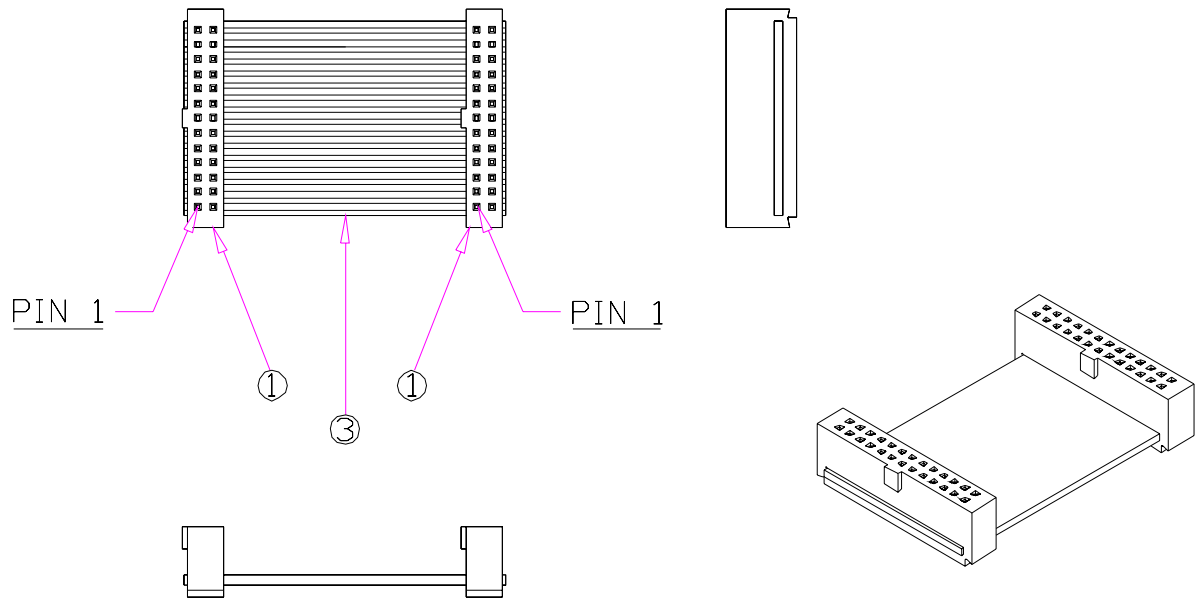


Cable Assembly, Digital Range to RF

Figure 6-3

Cable Assembly, Digital Range to RF				75 010 027 (W4)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1	J1, J2	CONNECTOR "D" SOCKET	48000015	#622-25S-M	T & B	1
2		CABLE, FLAT 26 CONDUCTOR	75000013	#3302-26	SCOTCHFLEX	

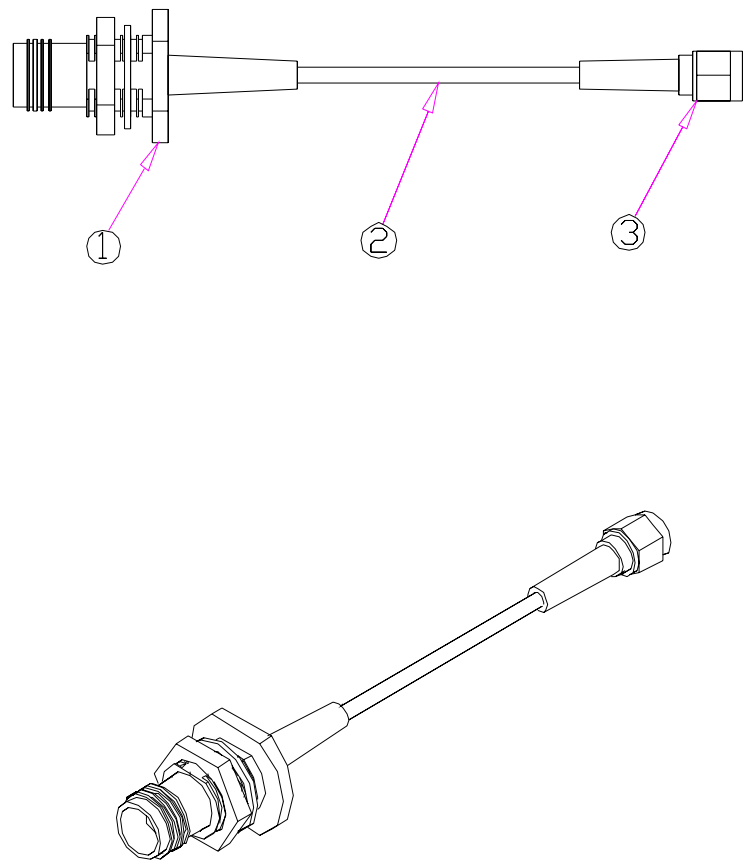




Cable Assembly, LCD to Digital

Figure 6-4

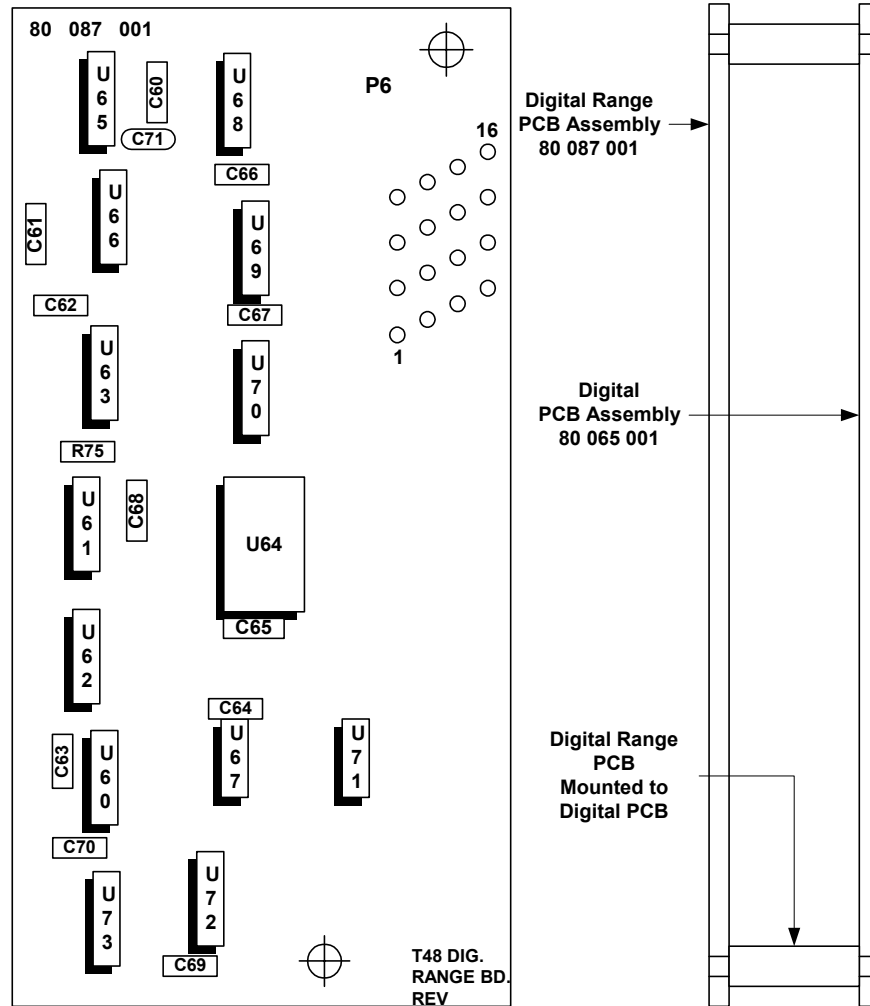
Cable Assembly, LCD to Digital				75 010 028 (W5)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		CONNECTOR, SOCKET, 26OIN, POLARIZED	48000016	#622-2630	T & B	2
2		CABLE, FLAT 26 CONDUCTOR	75000013	#3302-26	SCOTCHFLEX	



Cable Assembly, RF/ANT FP

Figure 6-5

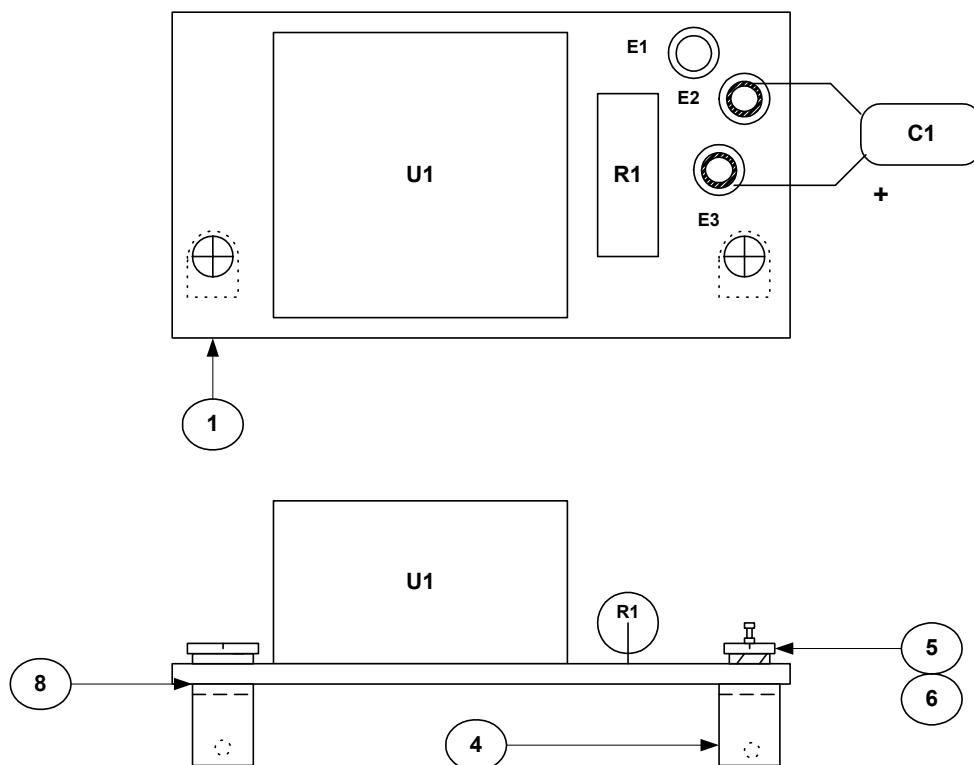
Cable Assembly RF/ANT FP				75 010 029 (W7)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		CONNECTOR, TNC	48040029	31-2318	AMPHENOL	1
2		WIRE, COAXIAL	71110007	RG-318/U	ALPHA	
3		CONNECTOR, SMA, CRIMP	48040026	142-0321-001	E.F.JOHNSON	1



Digital Range PCB Assembly

Figure 6-6

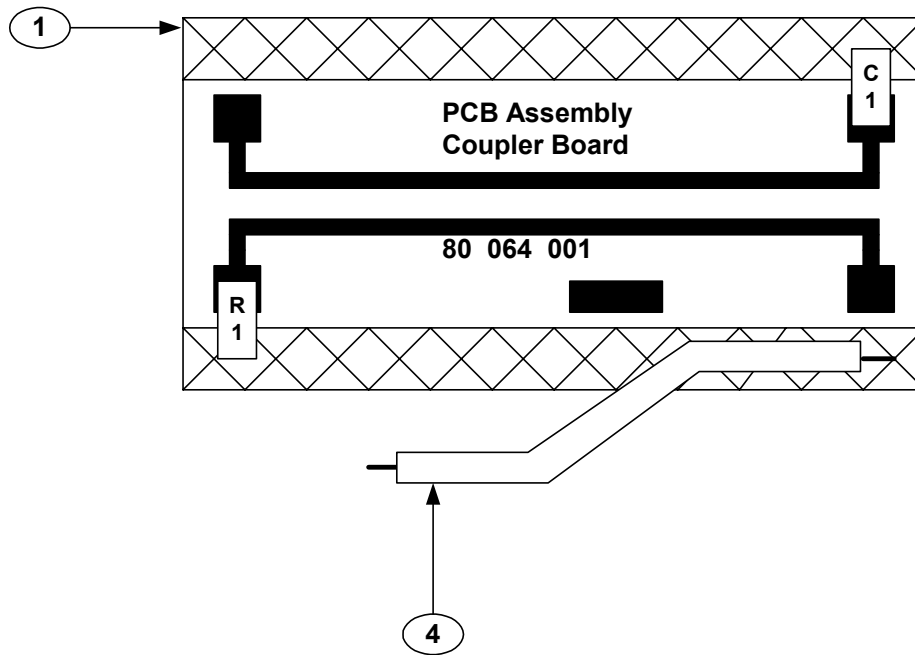
PCB Digital Range				80 087 004 (A8)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
1	U62, U67	I.C.-SM	40201041	74HC51M	NAT'L SEMI	2
2	U68, U69, U70	I.C.-SM	40201069	74HC191D	NAT'L SEMI	3
3	U71	I.C.-SM	40201070	74HC73M	NAT'L SEMI	1
4	U63, U65, U66	I.C.-SM	40201056	74AC163D	NAT'L SEMI	3
5	U60	I.C.-SM	40201071	74HC4060M	NAT'L SEMI	1
6	U64	I.C.-SM	40201096	74HC688WM	NAT'L SEMI	1
7	U72, U73	I.C.-SM	40201002	74HC163M	NAT'L SEMI	2
8	U61	I.C.-SM	40201074	74HC123M1R	NAT'L SEMI	1
9						
10						
11	C60-C67, C69, C70	CAP. CHIP 5% X7R .1uf	42020013			10
12	R75	RES. CHIP 5% 100K	41160025			1
13	C68	CAP. CHIP 5% X7R 1.0uf	42026001			1
14		PCB DRILLING AND FABRICATION, (REV. B)	80087002			1
15	C71	CAP., CERAMIC 100pf	42000031	CN15C101J	CENTRALAB	1



Inverter PCB Assembly

Figure 6-7

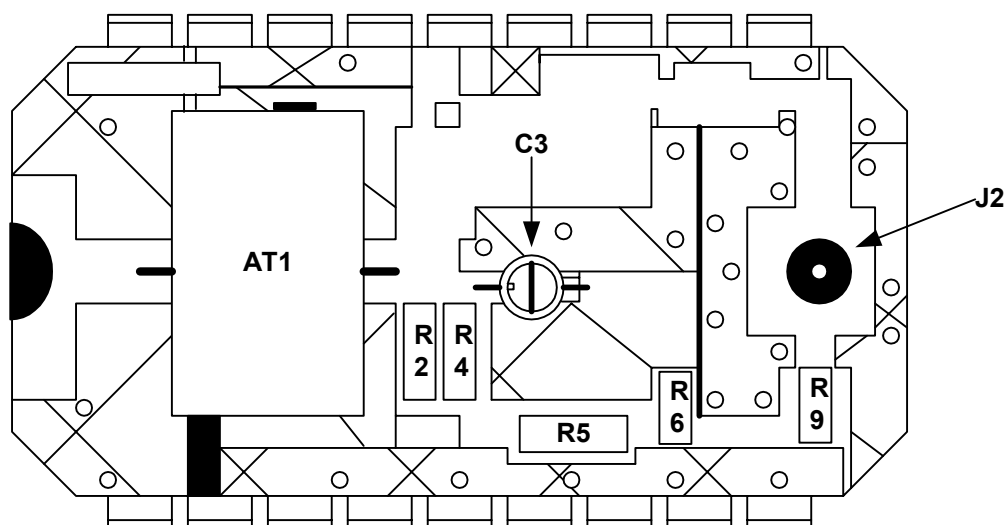
PCB Assembly, Inverter			80 067 004 (A5)			
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
1	A5	DRILLING AND FABRICATION (REV A)	80067002			1
2	U1	INVERTER	48072002	46713-01	IEE	1
3	E1, E2, E3	TERMINAL, DOUBLE TURRET	55025002	160-2043-02-01	CAMBION	3
4		BRACKET, MOUNTING	62020041	621	KEYSTONE	2
5		SCREW, PAN HD, #4-40 X 1/4" LONG	50110007	MS51957-13		2
6		WASHER, LOCK, #4	52020002	MS35338-135		2
7	R1	RESISTOR, W.W., 9.1 OHMS	41300003	SPH-9.1 OHM	INTER. RECT.	1
8		INSULATOR, INVERTER BOARD	31000002			AR
9		SOLDER	31007502	60/40 Sn60BS	ALPHA METAL	AR
10	C1	CAPACITOR, TANT, 100UF/20V, 10%	42470021	199D107X90200 FE2	SPRAGUE	1



Coupler PCB Assembly

Figure 6-8

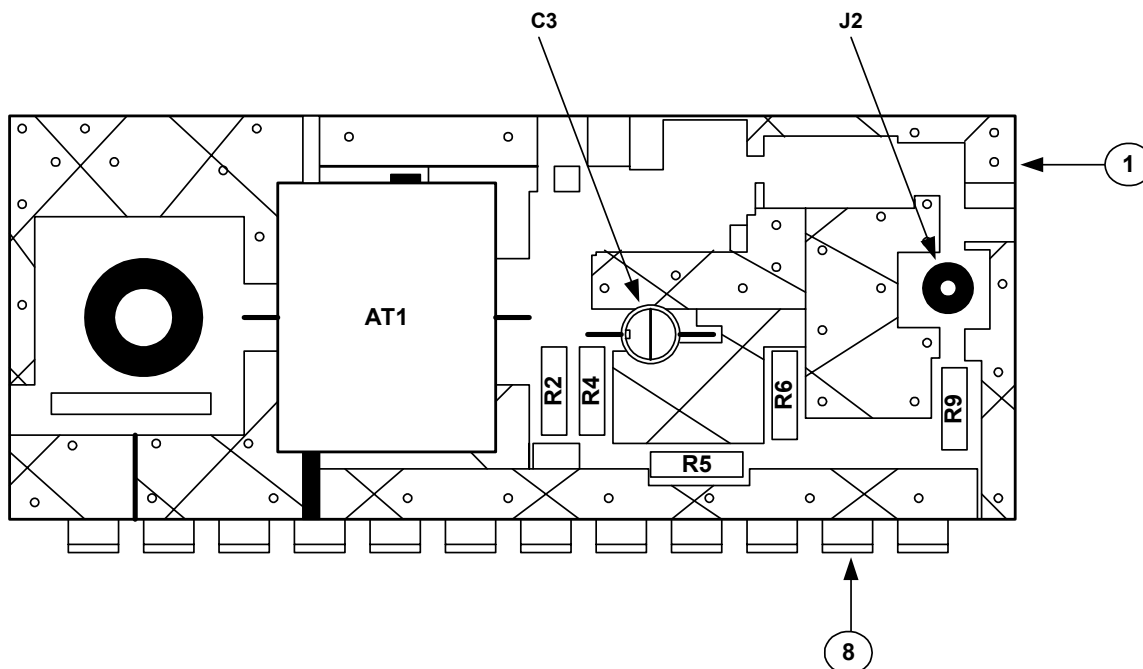
PCB Assembly, Coupler				80 064 004 (A6)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
1		DRILLING AND FABRICATION (REV C)	80064002			1
2	R1	RESISTOR CHIP 5% RC1206; 51 Ohm	41160043			1
3	C1	CAPACITOR CHIP 5% X7R, CC1206; 47pF	42020004			1
4		CABLE, COAXIAL	71110006	53284 (RG-316/U)	OLYMPIC	AR



Direct Connect PCB Assembly

Figure 6-9

PCB Assembly, Direct Connect				80 197 004 (A16)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
1		Drilling and Fabrication, Direct Connect PCB (REV A)	80094002			1
2	AT1	Attenuator, 125W, 20db	44002003	A210-20-125	JFW	1
3	C3	Cap, SM, Trimmer, 2.8-12.5pf	42260013	24AA071	MOUSER	1
4	R2	Resistor, Chip, RC1206 5%, 27 Ohm	41160012			1
5	R4, R6	Resistor, Chip, RC1206 5%, 10 Ohm	41160052			2
6	R9	Resistor, Chip, RC1206 5%, 43 Ohm	41160061			1
7	R5	Resistor, Chip, RC1206 5%, 68 Ohm	41160100			2
8		Contact Strip, 1.65 lg.	55075002		INST. SPEC.	2

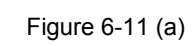


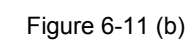
TAP-135 Anti-Radiation Hat PCB Assembly

Figure 6-10

PCB Assembly, TAP-135				80 198 004 (A14)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
1		Drilling and Fabrication, ARC PCB (REV A)	80094002			1
2	AT1	Attenuator, 125W, 20db	44002003	A210-20-125	JFW	1
3	C3	Cap, SM, Trimmer, 2.8-12.5pf	42260013	24AA071	MOUSER	1
4	R6, R4	Resistor, Chip, 18 Ohm, RC1206	41160038			2
5	R2	Resistor, Chip, 27 Ohm, RC1206	41160012			1
6	R9	Resistor, Chip, 33 Ohm, RC1206	41160007			1
7	R5	Resistor, Chip, 61.9 Ohm, RC1206	41101077			1
8		Contact Strip, 2.20" LG.	55075002	97-110-01	INST. SPEC.	2



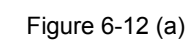


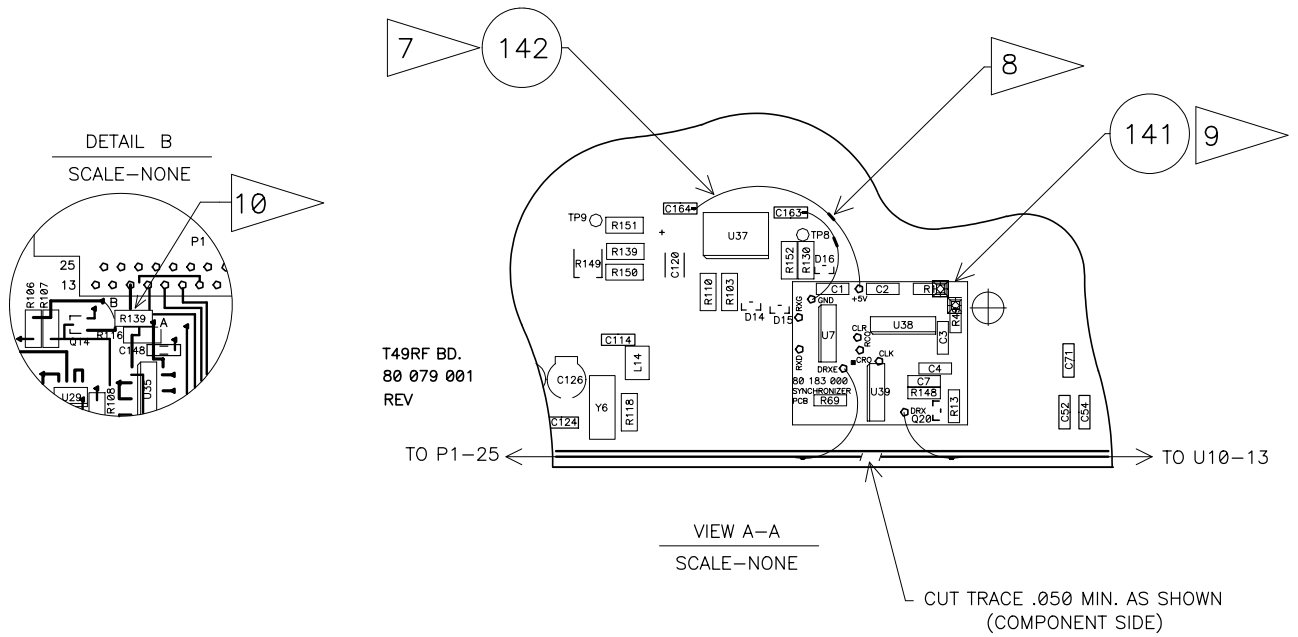


Digital PCB Assembly (1 of 3)				80 065 004 (A7)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
1		Blank Bd. Drilling and Fabrication (REV. E)	80065002			1
2	U1,U2,U5,U6,U7,U8,U54	I.C.-SM	40201013	MM74HC574WM		7
3	U3	I.C.-SM	40200036	DAC0832LCN	Nat'l Semicond.	1
4	U4	I.C.	40200027	80C31BH	Nat'l Semicond.	1
5	U10, U12	I.C.-SM	40201015	CD4025BCM	Intel	2
6	U11	I.C.	40200103	BQ4010YMA-85C	Benchmark	1
7	R30	Trimpot, SM, 1K	41050007	3314G-1-102E	Bourns	1
8	U14	I.C.-SM	40201018	MM74HC4514WM	Nat'l Semicond.	1
9	U15, U16, U48	I.C.-SM	40201019	MM74HC04M	Nat'l Semicond.	3
10	U17	I.C.-SM	40201020	CD4060BCM	Nat'l Semicond.	1
11	U18,U21,22,U38,U41,U50,53,58	I.C.-SM	40201021	MM74HC74AM	Nat'l Semicond.	8
12	U19, U20	I.C.	40200077	MM74HC160N	Nat'l Semicond.	2
13	U23, U43, U44	I.C.-SM	40201022	MM74HC161M	Nat'l Semicond.	3
14	U24	I.C.-SM	40201033	MM74HC112D	Nat'l Semicond.	1
15	U25, U42, U49	I.C.-SM	40201034	MM74HC02M	Nat'l Semicond.	3
16	U26, U27	I.C.-SM	40201035	MM74HC08M	Nat'l Semicond.	2
17	U37	I.C.-SM	40201151	7202LA25SO	I D T	1
18	U29	I.C.	40200082	MM74HC157N	Nat'l Semicond.	1
19	U30	I.C.-SM	40201036	MC74HC109D	Nat'l Semicond.	1
20	U33, U34, U52	I.C.-SM	40201037	74AC163SC	Fairchild	3
21	U35, U40	I.C.-SM	40201038	MM74HC00M	Nat'l Semicond.	2
22		Blank Bd. Drilling and Fabrication (REV. E)	80065002			1
23	U1,U2,U5,U6,U7,U8,U54	I.C.-SM	40201013	MM74HC574WM		1
24	U3	I.C.-SM	40200036	DAC0832LCN	Nat'l Semicond.	1
25	U4	I.C.	40200027	80C31BH	Nat'l Semicond.	1
26	U47	I.C.-SM	40201041	MM74HC51M	Nat'l Semicond.	1
27	U9	I.C.-SM	40201014	MM74HC573WM	Nat'l Semicond.	1
28	U51	I.C.-SM	40201012	ICL7660CSA	Maxim	1
29	Q1	Transistor	40001005	J-309		1
30	Q2	Transistor	40001012	VN10LM	Siliconix	1

Digital PCB Assembly (2 of 3)				80 065 004 (A7)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
31	Q3	Transistor-SM	40001014	MMBT2907A	Siliconix	1
32	CR11, CR12	Diode	40010007	1N6263	Texas Instrum.	2
33	U60	I.C.-SM	40201049	CD4053D	Nat'l Semicond.	1
34	CR3, CR9	Diode-SM	40010014	MMBD914	Nat'l Semicond.	2
35	CR4-CR7	Diode	40010012	1N4003		4
36	CR8	Diode	40200040	LM336BZ2.5	Nat'l Semicond.	1
37	Y1	Crystal 12.000MHZ	40040016		Bomar	1
38	Y2	Crystal 20.000MHZ	40040006		Bomar	1
39	C1-C6, C8-C10, C12-C16, C19-C30, C36, C37, C52	Cap. Chip X7R 0.01uf	42020001			29
40	C7, C38, C39, C51, C59	Cap. Chip NPO 100pf	42025025			5
41	C35	Cap. Chip NPO 47pf	42025021			1
42	C32, C33	Cap. Chip NPO 33pf	42025019			2
43	C31	Cap. Chip X7R 27pf	42020007			1
44	C41	Cap. Chip X7R 0.1uf	42020013			1
45	C17, C18, C44-C50	Cap. Elect 22uf/16V	42480001	PCT-3226-ND	Digikey	9
46	C57	Cap. Elect 10uf/16V	42185030	ECE-V1CA100R	Panasonic	1
47	R12	Res. Chip 5% 270 OHM	41160001			1
48	R1,R3-R9,R31,R34-R46, R55,R56,R62-R66,R68,R69	Res. Chip 5% 1K	41160003			31
49	R28	Potentiometer, SM, 100Ohm	41050004	3314G-1-101E	Bourns	1
50	R32, R33	Res. Chip 5% 2K	41160030			2
51	R11	Res. Chip 5% 47K	41160031			1
52	C56	Cap. Cerm 100pf	42000031	CN15C101J	Centra-Labs	1
53	R22, R23	Res. Chip 5% 240K	41160035			2
54	R75	Res. Carb 5% RCR07G 10K	41140014			1
55	R29	Res. MF 1% RN55C 4.99K	41000029			1
56	R24	Res. MF 1% RN55C 5.90K	41000030			1
57	R25	Res. MF 1% RN55C 1.58K	41000031			1
58	P2	Conn. Rt. Angle 25 Pin	48000025	927M21-01-25-30	3M	1
59	P1	Conn. 26 Pin	48000021	622-2614ES	T & B	1
60	P4	Conn. 10 Pin	48000022	842-800-560-005	Spectra	1
61	P3	Conn. 25 Pin	48000026	2-103670-4	AMP	1
62	XU13	Socket-I.C. 28 Pin	48064001	RN-ICN-286-S5T	Rob-Nugent	1
63	K1	Relay	48005001	FBR46ND012P	Fujitsu	1
64	L1	Inductor 10uh	43011013	1641-103	Delevan	1
65	R2, R10, R60, R70	Res. Chip 5% 4.7K	41160013			4
66	R13-21,R26,R27, R47-50,R54,R57, R58,R61	Res. Chip 5% 10K	41160015			19
67	U56	Voltage Reg.	56060001	LM2931CT		1

Digital PCB Assembly (3 of 3)				80 065 004 (A7)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty.
68	U55	Voltage Reg.	56060003	LM7805CTH		1
69	R51	Res. MF 1% RN55C 2.49K	41000014			1
70	R53	Res. MF 1% RN55C 21.5K	41000004			1
71	R52	Res. Var 1K	41700013	RT24C2W102		1
72	E1-E4, TP1-TP10	Terminal Double-Turret	55025002	160-2043-02-01	Cambion	14
73	C40	Cap. Chip 5% X7R 0.22uf	42020065	C1206C224K3RAC	Kemet	1
74	C55	Cap. Chip 5% X7R 2200pf	42020015			1
75	C53	Cap. Chip 5% X7R 1000pf	42020005			1
76	R59	Res. Chip 5% 15K	41160041			1
77	C54	Cap. Chip 5% X7R 150pf	42020010			1
78	CR13, CR14	Diode	41010005	1N4148	Nat'l Semicond.	2
79	U57	I.C.-SM	40201044	LM319M	Nat'l Semicond.	1
80	R67	Res. MF 1% RN55C 33.2K	41000034			1
81	N/A	Screw P.H. 4-40 X 5/16LG	50110009	MS-51957-14		2
82	N/A	Washer Flat No. 4	52010002	MS-15795-804		2
83	N/A	Washer Lock No. 4	52020002	MS-35338-135		2
84	N/A	Nut Hex No. 4	53010002	MS-35649-244		2
85	N/A	Washer, Lock No.6	52020001	MS-35338-136		4
86	XY1, XY2	Mount Crystal	55080002	470-025	Bivar	2
87	N/A	Washer Black Fiber	52062003			1
88	P5	Conn. Socket 16 Pin	48000044	609-F161M	T & B	1
89	XP5	Header 16 Pin	55050003	609-1678	T & B	1
90		Pcb Assy, Digital Range	80087001			1
91		Standoff, 1/4 Hex (F), 3/16 Lg.	52400010	2099-632-SS-20	RAF	2
92		Screw P.H. 6-32 X 3/16 Lg.	50110033	MS51957-25		2
93		Cable Assy, Digital Range to Digital	75010016			1
94		Drilling and Fabrication	80160002			1
95		Drilling and Fabrication	80161002			1
96		Wire, Kynar, 28AWG, Blk	72628001	461-0	Olympic	A/R
97	N/A	Washer, Flat No. 6	52010001	MS-15795-805		2
98		Breadboard, PCB	63030002			1
99		PCB Assembly	80041001			1
100		Fish Paper, PCB Insulator	31000022			1





RF Board PCB Assembly (2 of 2)

Figure 6-12 (b)

RF PCB Assembly (1 of 5)				80 079 004 (A9)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1	A3	Blank Bd. Drilling (REV. A)	80079002			1
2	U3,U4,U11, U19,U22- 23,U25-26	I.C. RF-Amp. 12dB@1GHz, SM, 86 Plastic	40201087	MAR-3SM	Mini-Circuits	8
3	U5	I.C. Precision Limiting- Logarithmic Amp SM, SO-16	40201166	AD8306AR	Analog Devices	1
4	U30	I.C. OpAmp. SM, SO-8	40201007	TLO81CD	Texas Instrum.	1
5	U14, U15	I.C. OpAmp. SM, SO-8	40201008	TLO82CD	Texas Instrum.	2
6	U13	I.C. Dual 4-Channel Analog Multiplexer, SM, M16-B	40201009	MM74HC4052W M	Nat'l Semicond	1
7	U17, U24	I.C. Quad 2-InputExclusive OR Gate, SM, SO-14	40201005	MM74HC86M	Nat'l Semicond	2
8	U16	I.C. Two Modulus Prescaler 1.1GHz, SM, FPT-08P-M01	40201003	MB501LFP	Fujitsu	1
9	U35	I.C. Hex Inverting Schmitt Trigger, SM, SO-14	40201010	MM74HC14M	Nat'l Semicond	1
10	U1, U27	I.C. Quad Analog Switch with Lev. Translation, SM, M16-B	40201011	MM74HC4316W M	Nat'l Semicond	2
11	U8, U29	I.C. Dual Supply Comparator, SM, SO-8	40201182	LT1719IS8	Linear	2
12	U12	I.C. Double-balanced Mixer with Oscillator, SM, SO-8	40201145	SA602AM	Philips	1
13	U20	I.C. Voltage Inverter, SM, SO-8	40201012	ICL7660CSA	Maxim	1
14	U18	I.C. Voltage Reg. +5V, TO-220	56060003	LM7805CTH	Motorola	1
15	U34	I.C. Voltage Reg. +6V, TO-220	56060004	LM7806CTH	Motorola	1
16	U21	I.C. Voltage Reg. +10V, TO- 220	56060005	LM2941CT	Nat'l Semicond	1
17	U31, U32	I.C. 8-Bit Serial A/D Converter, DIP-8	40200052	TLC548IP	Texas Instrum.	2
18	U2, U28	I.C. Mixer-RF, SM	40201086	RMS11-F	Mini-Circuits	2
19	Q1, Q3, Q13, Q19	Transistor-SM, SOT-23, N-P-N	40001011	MMBT2222A	Nat'l Semicond	4
20	Q9, Q10, Q12	Transistor-SM, SOT-23, P-N-P	40001014	MMBT2907A	Nat'l Semicond	3
21	Q4, Q5, Q8, Q11, Q17	Transistor	40001005	J-309		5
22	Q2, Q6, Q18	Transistor, High Frequency, SM,	40001013	NE02133	NEC	3
23	Q14, Q15	Transistor-SM, SC-59, N- Channel	40001030	VN10KC	Vishey	2
24	R41, R45, R76, R80	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 270 OHM	41160001			4
25	R7, R8	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 200 OHM	41160067			2
26	R14,R19,R2 0,R33,R56, R58,R88,R9 5,R98,R99, R102,R113, R116,R117, R123,R125, R145,R147	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 1K	41160003			18
27	R37, R71, R29	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 2.7K	41160004			3
28	R16,R83, R84	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 180 OHM	41160006			3
29	R3	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 30 OHM	41160018			1

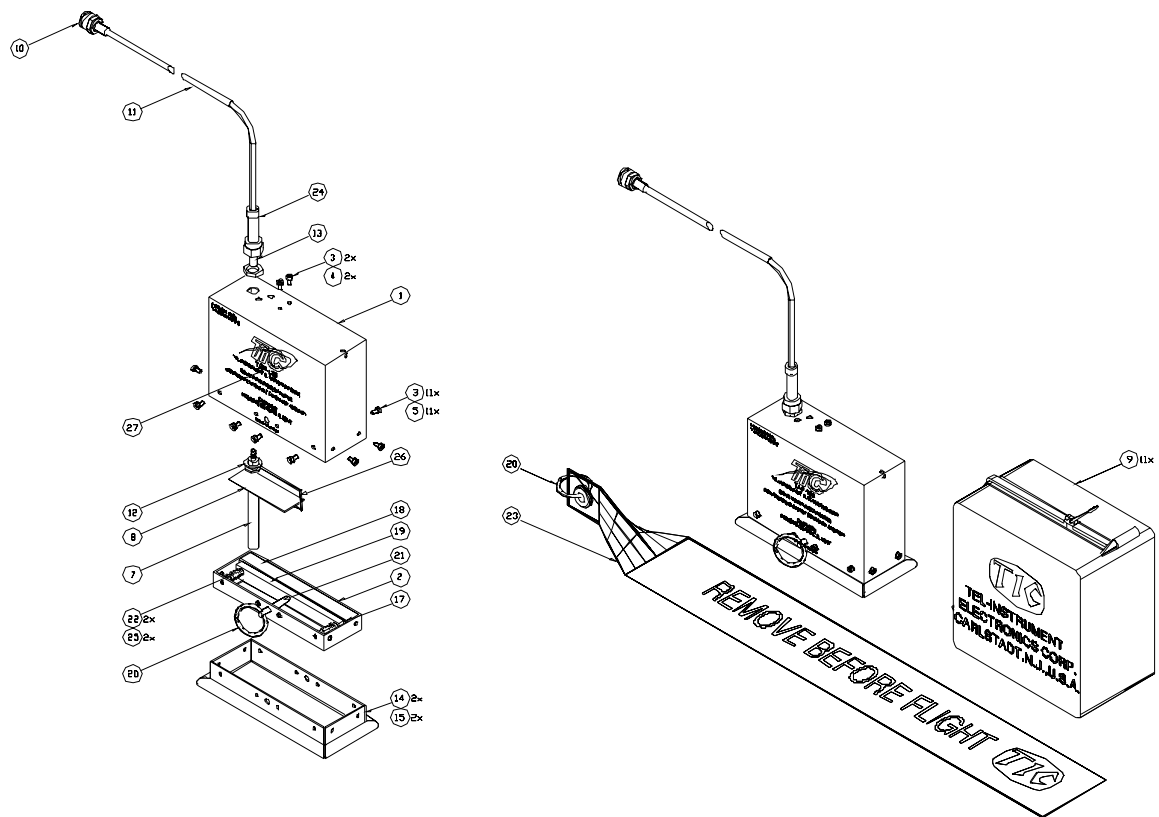


RF PCB Assembly (2 of 5)				80 079 004 (A9)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
30	R38, R72, R119, R124	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 2.2K	41160008			4
31	R18	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 150 OHM	41160009			1
32						
33	R9,R36,R48 ,R67,R70,R 86, R87,R107,R 122,R126-127,R138	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 100 OHM	41160011			12
34	R25	Res. Chip 1% NRC12TR 1/8W 30.9K	41101336			1
35	R32, R134	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 4.7K	41160013			2
36	R65	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 51 OHM	41160043			1
37	R21-22,R28,R34, R39-40,R43-44,R59,R68, R73,-74,R106,R1 35-136	Res. Chip 5% RC1206,10K	41160015			15
38	R15	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 68 OHM	41160016			1
39	R82, R89	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 560 OHM	41160017			2
40	R31,R91,R9 3-94,R97,R10 5,R108,R12 8	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 470 OHM	41160021			8
41	R55	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 2K	41160030			1
42	R10, R53	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 330 OHM	41160023			2
43	R11,R17,R2 4,R77-78,R120-121	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 27K	41160024			7
44	R5, R6, R92	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 10 OHM	41160052			3
45	R12	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 270K	41160026			1
46	R81, R141	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 680 OHM	41160027			2
47	R54	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 22 OHM	41160028			1
48	R100	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 3.3K	41160029			1
49	R60, R64, R85	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 75 OHM	41160040			3
50	R42,R46,R7 5,R79,R129, R139	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 47K	41160031			5
51	R104	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 82 OHM	41160032			1
52	R109	Res. Chip 5% RC1206,10M	41160033			1
53	R2, R35, R47, R61	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 110 OHM	41160044			4
54	R57	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 18 OHM	41160038			1

RF PCB Assembly (3 of 5)				80 079 004 (A9)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
55	R62, R63, R66, R90	Res. Chip 5% RC1206, 91 OHM	41160019			4
56	R50	Res. Chip MF 1% RC1206; 21.5K	41101321			1
57	R111	Res. Chip MF 1% RC1206; 4.99K	41101260			1
58	R114, R115, R140, R144	Res. Chip MF 1% RC1206; 10.0K	41101289			4
59	R112	Res. Chip.MF 1% RC1206; 12.1K	41101297			1
60	R51	Res. Chip.MF 1% RC1206; 2.49K	41101231			1
61	R52	Pot., SM, 1K	41050007	3314G-1-102	Bourns	1
62	R96, R101	Pot., SM, 10K	41050010	3314G-1-103E	Bourns	2
63	R23	Pot., SM, 100K	41050013	3314G-1-104	Bourns	1
64	P1	Conn. Rt. Angle 25 Pin	48000025	927M21-01-25-30	3M	1
65	A6	PCB Assy Coupler Bd.	80064001			1
66	K1	Relay	46002004	172D-12	Teledyne	1
67	C15,C31,C32,C40,C41,C43,C44,C47-49,C60,C63,C68,C87,C98,C101,C104,C108,C123,C142-151,C153-161	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206; 0.01uf	42020001			38
68	C8,C45,C46,C53,C61,C66,C83,C88,C90,C91,C93-94,C96,C111	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206; 100pf	42020002			14
69	C6,C11,C10,C14,C21,C23,C29,C39,C42,C55,C56,C57,C58,C79,C81,C92,C95,C113,C122,C127,C131-C133,C134,C136-C139	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206; 1000pf	42020005			28
70						
71	C19,C64,C69,C110,C116,C117,C118,C26	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206; 47pf	42020004			8
72	C135	Cap. Chip 5% NPO, CC1206; 33pf	42025019			1
73						
74	C16,C30,33-36,C121,C152,C162	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206; 0.1uF	42020013			9

RF PCB Assembly (4 of 5)				80 079 004 (A9)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
75						
76	C17	Cap. Chip 5% NPO, CC1206; 150pf	42025027			1
77	C37, C82	Cap. Chip 5% NPO, CC1206; 10pf	42025013			2
78	C62,C67,C100,102,103,105,107	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206; 68pf	42020012			7
79	C141	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206;	42020020			1
80	C51,C72-78,C80,C85-86,C97,C119,C125	Cap. Elect. 22uf/16V	42480001	PCT3226-ND	Panasonic	14
81	C5	Cap. Cerm 100pf	42000031	CN15C101J	C' Lab	1
82	C109	Cap. Chip 5% NPO, CC1206; 270pf	42025030			1
83	C1-C4	Cap. Trimmer 1.8-6.0pf	42260011	24AA020	Mouser	4
84	U9	I.C. Dual Retrigr. Monostable Multivibrator, SM, SO-16	40201146	MM74HC4538M	Nat'l Semicond	1
85	C65, C70, C99, C106	Cap. Trimmer 3.5-20pf	42260002	24AA022	Mouser	4
86	D12, D13	Diode Shotky, SM	40010016	ZC2800	Zetex	2
87	D2, D3, D8-D11	Diode General, SM	40010014	MMBD914	Nat'l Semicond	6
88	D5-D7	Diode Tuning	40010011	KV3201	Freq. Sources	3
89	Y4	Crystal 4.2578125MHZ	40040019		Bomar	1
90	Y1	Crystal 8.3984375MHZ	40040015		Bomar	1
91	Y3	Crystal 4.0234225MHZ	40040018		Bomar	1
92	Y2	Crystal 8.1640625MHZ	40040008			1
93	L3, L6	Inductor 330nHy	43011009	BTKXNS-T1047Z	Toko	2
94	C12	Cap. Trimmer 2.5-10pf	42260008	9611	Johanson	1
95	L1, L4	Inductor-SM, 1008; 39nHy	43011067	ELJ-NC39NKF	Panasonic	2
96	L2	Inductor-SM, 1008; 1.5uHy	43011068	FSLM2520-1R5J	Toko	1
97	L14	Inductor .47uh	43011008	1641-471	Delevan	1
98	TW1-TW4	Filter	43020001			4
99	TP1-TP5	Terminal	55025008	TP-105-01-09(white)	Comp. Corp.	5
100	N/A	Shield, Isolation	31020044			1
101	N/A	Shield, Isolation	31020045			1
102	W8	Coax Assy	75010033			1
103	XY1-XY5	Crystal Mt.	55080002	470-025	Bivar	5
104	Q7, Q16	Transistor-SM	40001017	MMBT918L		2
105	L7, L11, L15	Inductor SM, 43FS; 4.7uh	43011031	300LS-4R7K	Toko	3
106	U6	Rail-to-rail I/O Amp, 80MHz, SM, SO-8	40201150	AD8032AR	Analog Devices	1
107	U36	I.C. CMOS Phase Lock Loop, SM, SO-16	40201042	MM74HC4046M		1
108	L9, L10, L12, L13	Inductor SM, 43FS; 100uh	43011018	300LS-101J	Toko	4
109	U33	I.C. Two Modulus Prescaler, 1.6GHz, SM, FPT-08P-MO1	40201043	MB505LFP		1
110	C13, C59, C128	Cap. Chip 5% NPO, CC1206; 3.3pf	42025007			3
111	Y5	Crystal 45MHZ	40040020		Bivar	1
112	C9	Cap. Elect 3.3uf/16V	42480003	PCT3335-ND	Panasonic	1
113	L16	Coil Formed 1T 5/32 Dia. 24AWG	43025023			1
114	N/A	Screw P.H. 4-40 X 5/16Lg	50110009	MS-51957-14		3

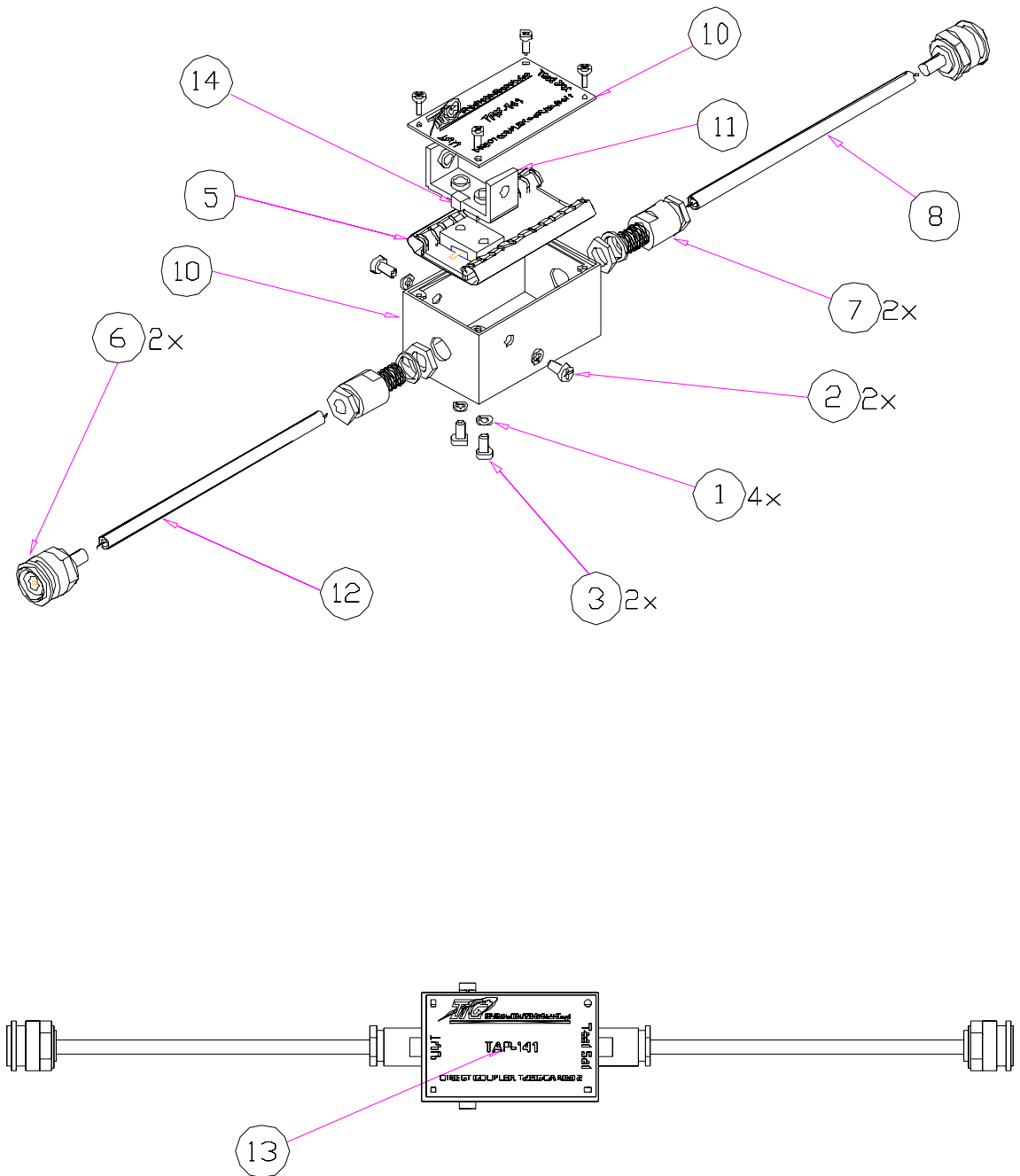
RF PCB Assembly (5 of 5)				80 079 004 (A9)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
115	N/A	Washer Flat No. 4	52010002	MS-15795-804		3
116	N/A	Washer Split-Lock No. 4	52020002	MS-35338-135		3
117	N/A	Nut Hex No. 4	53010002	MS-35649-244		3
118		Solder	31007502	60/40 SN60BS	Alpha Metals	A/R
119	R30	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 240 OHM	41160045			1
120	R27	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 510 OHM	41160046			1
121	C112, C115, C130	Cap. Chip 5% X7R, CC1206; 330pf	42020018			3
122	N/A	Washer Nylon	52062002	5610-214-20	Seastrom	4
123	R146	Res. Chip 5% RC1206; 5.1K	41160082			1
124	R131, R133	Res. Chip 1% RC1206; 66.5 Ohm	41101080			2
125	R132	Res. Chip 1% RC1206; 191 Ohm	41101124			1
126	U10	I.C. Quad 2-Input NOR Gate, SM, SO-14	40201034	MM74HC02D	Nat'l Semicond	1
127	C25	Cap. Chip 5% NPO, CC1206; 620pf	42025046			1
128	C140	Cap. Chip 5% CC1210 1uf	42026001			1
129	R26	Res Chip 5% 20K	41160092			1
130	C50, C38	Cap Chip 5%, NPO, CC1206; 15pF	42025015			2
131	C20	Cap. Chip NPO CC0805; 8pF	42040005	ECU-V1H080DCN	Panasonic	1
132	C24, C27	Cap. Chip NPO CC0805; 150pF	42040004	ECU-V1H151JCG	Panasonic	2
133	C18, C22	Cap. Chip NPO CC0805; 270pF	42040006	ECU-V1H271JCG	Panasonic	2
134		Wire, Tefl Insul., Stranded 26AWG, Blk	72626007	5853-2	Alpha	A/R
135	R4	Res Chip 1% RC1206; 52.3 Ohm	41101070			1
136	R142	Res Chip 1% RC1206; 1.69 K	41101215			1
137	R137	Pot., SM, 5K	41050009	3314G-1-502	Bourns	1
138		Cover, RF Shielding	62040006			1
139		Washer, Split-Lock No. 4	52020002	MS35338-135		4
140		Screw, P.H. 4-40 X 1/4 Lg.	50110007	MS51957-13		4
141		Synchronizer PCB Assy.	80183001			1
142		Wire, Kynar, Insulated 28 Awg.	72628001	461-4	Olympic	AR



TAP-135 Assembly

Figure 6-13

TAP-135 Sub-Assembly				89 004 145 (A13)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		CAN	64050014			1
2		FRAME, INNER	64050015			1
3		WASHER, LOCK, #4	52020002	MS35338-135		13
4		SCREW, PAN HEAD, #4-40 X 1/2" LONG	50110002	MS51957-17		2
5		SCREW, PAN HEAD, #4-40 X 5/16" LONG	50110009	MS51957-14		11
6						
7		ANTENNA, TUBE ASSEMBLY	40030006			1
8		PCB ASSEMBLY, ARC	80198001			1
9		POUCH (OPTIONAL)	64030023			1
10		CONNECTOR, STRAIGHT, TNC	48040018	31-2367	AMPHENOL	1
11		WIRE, COAXIAL, FLEXIBLE	71110001	8262 OR EQUIVALENT	BELDEN	10"
12		CONNECTOR, COAX, 1/2 HEX	48040033			1
13		FERRULE, CRIMP SLEEVE	31020071	31-1357-2G	AMPHENOL	1
14		GASKET. RF FILTER, LARGE	55082007			2
15		GASKET. RF FILTER, SMALL	55082009			2
16						
17		GASKET, DURO 50, 1/2" X 1/4"	55082010			1.5'
18		PLATE, FIXED, PHENOLIC	62070026			1
19		PLATE, MOVABLE, PHENOLIC	62070027			1
20		RING, KEY	53700002	KR-4-Z	WORTH	2
21		ROD, PULL	51009002			1
22		STANDOFF, 3/16" HEX	52400017	4515-440-SS-40	RAF	2
23		STREAMER, WARNING	31016001	30042	AUW	1
24		STRAIN RELIEF, MODIFIED	55001002	3237(MODIFIED)	HEYCO	1
25		SPRING	56023001	C0300-030-1000-S	ASSOCIATED	2
26		LUG, GROUND	55010004	334-.375-.020	ZIERICK	1
27		SILKSCREEN, TAP-135	57005061			1

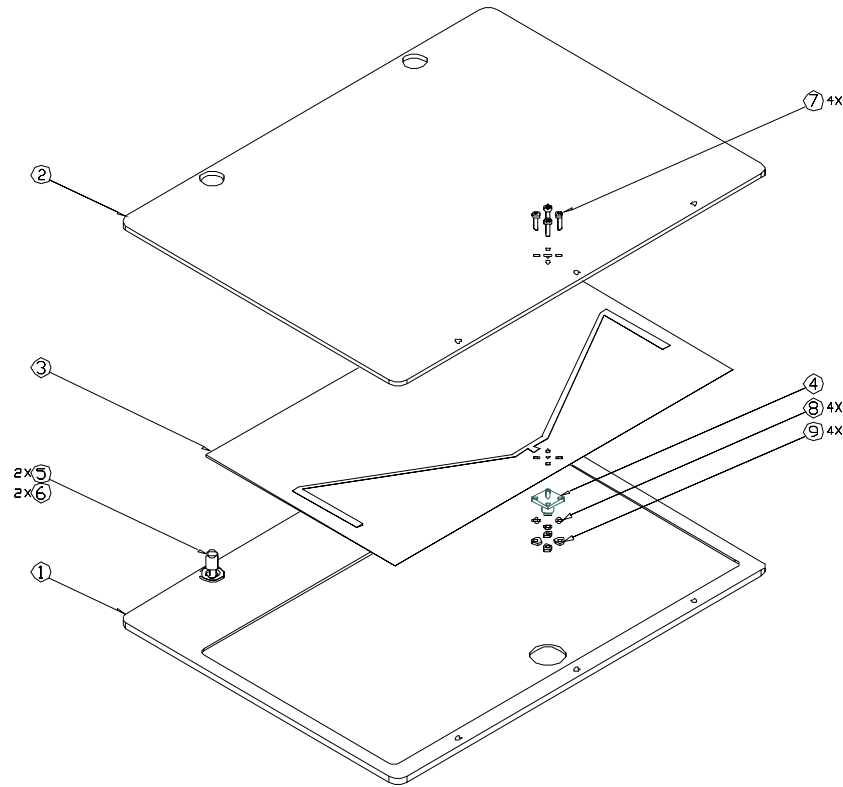


TAP-141 Assembly

Figure 6-14

TAP-141 Sub-Assembly				89 004 147 (A15)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		LOCKWASHER, #4	52020002	MS35338-135		4
2		SCREW, PAN-HEAD #4-40 X 5/8	50110017	MS51957-18		2
3		SCREW, PAN-HEAD #4-40 X 5/16	50110009	MS51957-14		2
4						
5		PCB ASSEMBLY	80197001			1
6		CONNECTOR, COAX, TNC	48040018	AMPHENOL	31-2367	2
7		CONNECTOR, COAX	48040034	HUBER-SUHNER	71Z-0-3-4	2
8		CABLE, COAX	71110001	BELDEN	RG-58C/U	12.5'
9						
10		CHASSIS, DIRECT CONNECT	62000029			1
11		HEAT SINK, ATTENUATOR	54000007			1
12		CABLE, COAX	71110001	BELDEN	RG-58C/U	5"
13		SILKSCREEN, CHASSIS, DIRECT CONNECT TAP-141	57005062			1
14		INSULATOR TAPE, KAPTON 3/8	31006001	DUPONT	KPT-3/8	



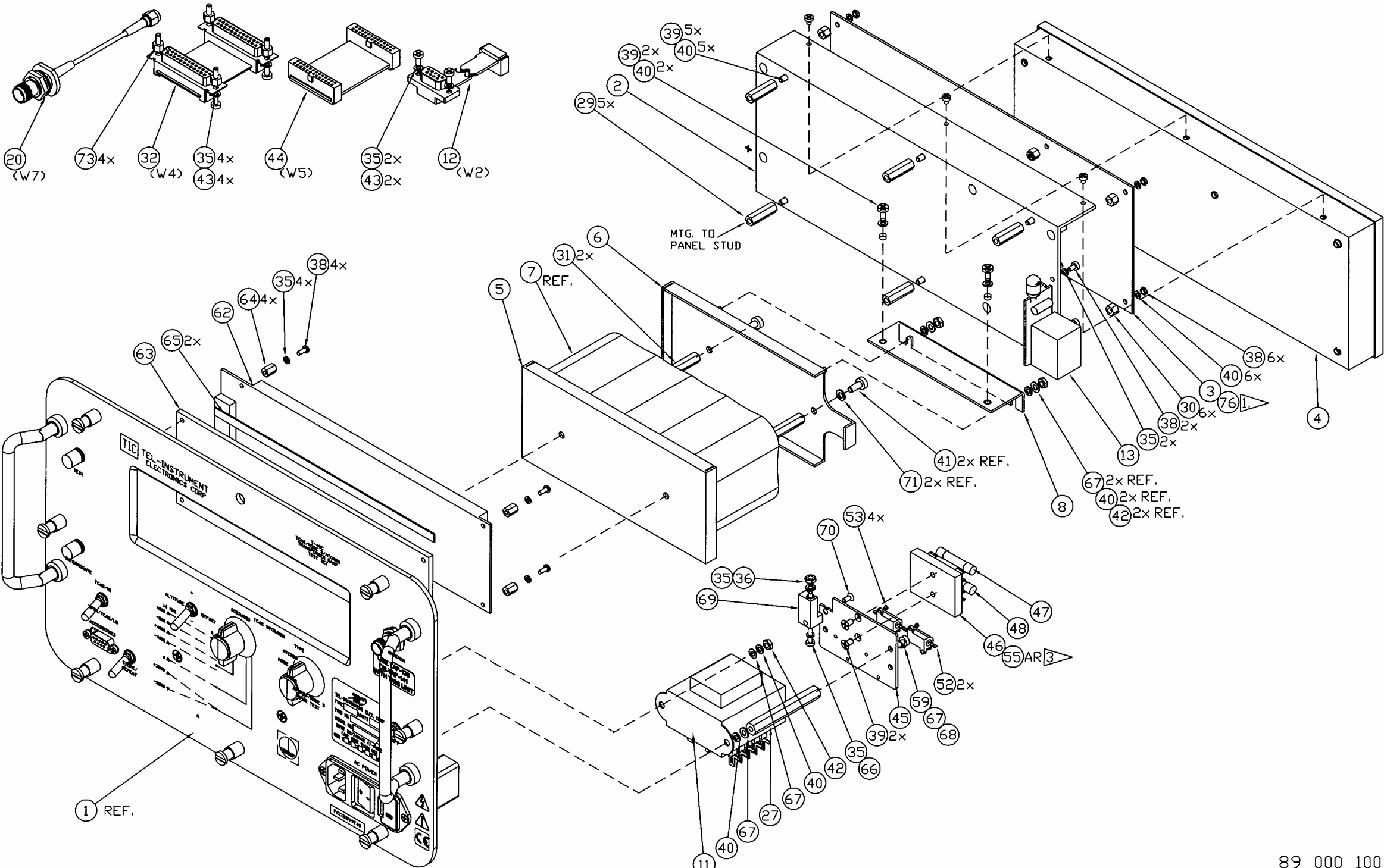


Directional Antenna Assembly

Figure 6-15

Directional Antenna Assembly				89 004 028 (A12)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		COVER, PROTECTIVE, TOP	62070017			1
2		COVER, PROTECTIVE, BOTTOM	62070018			1
3		PCB, DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA	80068001			1
4		CONNECTOR, FLANGE MOUNTING	48040017	142-0701-631	E.F. JOHNSON	1
5		STUD	50700001	15S1-3-1AF	CAMLOC	2
6		RETAINER RING	53700001	15S11-1AD	CAMLOC	2
7		SCREW, PAN HEAD, #3-48 x 5/16 LG-CROSS SLOT	50110018			4
8		WASHER, SPLIT-LOCK, #3	52020006	92148A150	McMASTER-CARR	4
9		NUT, HEX, #3	53010003			4





Front Panel Assembly (2 of 2)

Figure 6-16 (b)

89 000 100  
SHEET 2 OF 2



T-49C Chassis Breakdown (1 of 2)				89 004 100 (A3)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
1		FRONT PANEL	61060015			1
2		DIGITAL CHASSIS	62000014			1
3		DIGITAL PCB ASSEMBLY	80065001			1
4		RF BOX ASSEMBLY	89000022			1
5		BOTTOM MOUNTING BRACKET, BATTERY	62020033			1
6		TOP MOUNTING BRACKET, BATTERY	62020038			1
7		BATTERY PACK, FULL D	48071001			1
8		BATTERY BRACKET SUPPORT	62020039			1
9	S7, S8	SWITCH, TOGGLE	46027508	C & K	7101SHZQE	2
10		PANEL FASTENER	56020001	PEM	PFC2-832-94	8
11		TRANSFORMER	43000007	SIGNAL TRANS.	A41-25-16	1
12	W2	CABLE ASSEMBLY, ACCESSORIES	75010030			1
13		PCB ASSEMBLY, INVERTER	80067001			1
14	S1, S2	SWITCH, SPDT PUSHBUTTON	46027506	C & K	8168-LHZBE	2
15		BUTTON, KNOB				
16		NUT, 1/4 4-40 HEX				
17		WASHER, BLACK NYLON	52062001			
18		WASHER, 1/4 O.D.				
19		NUT, 1/4 4-40 HEX				
20	W7	CABLE ASSEMBLY, COAX	75010029			1
21		NUT, HEX 1/2-28				
22		LOCK-WASHER, INTERNAL TOOTH				
23		AC RECEPTACLE, CASING	48035001	SCHURTER	KD14.4101.15 1	1
24		FUSEDRAWER	48035016	SCHURTER	4303.2014.01	1
25		HANDLE	56025006	VEMALINE	BZ130-1	2
26		FERRULE	31020035	PROMPTUS	288-09ALC	4
27		STANDOFF, 5/16 HEX, #6-32 X 2.375 LG.	52400057	RAF	2198-632-SS-20	1
28		NAMEPLATE, GENERIC	57030014			1
29		STANDOFF, 1/4 HEX, #6-32 X 7/8	52400009	RAF	2110-632-SS-20	5
30		STANDOFF, 1/4 HEX, #6-32 X 3/16	52400010	RAF	2099-632-SS-20	6
31		STANDOFF, 1/4 HEX, #8-32 X 2.5	52400001	RAF	2132-832-SS-20	2
32	W4	CABLE ASSEMBLY, DIGITAL TO RF	75010027			1
33		SCREW, FLAT HEAD, BLACK, #8-32 X 7/16	50140003		MS51959-44B	2
34		SCREW, FLAT HEAD, BLACK, #4-40 X 3/8	50140005		MS51959-15B	2
35		WASHER, SPLIT-LOCK, #4	52020002		MS35338-135	21
36		NUT, HEX, #4	53010002		MS35649-244	3
37		SCREW, FLATHEAD, #8-32 X 3/8	50140002		MS51959-43	4
38		SCREW, PANHEAD, #4-40 X 1/4	50110007		MS51957-13	4
39		SCREW, PANHEAD, #6-32 X 5/16	50110001		MS51957-27	7
40		WASHER, SPLIT-LOCK, #6	52020001		MS35338-136	16
41		SCREW, PANHEAD, #8-32 X 3/8	50110013		MS51957-43	2
42		NUT, HEX, #6	53010001		MS35649-264	3
43		SCREW, PANHEAD, #4-40 X 5/16	50110009		MS51957-14	3

T-49C Chassis Breakdown (2 of 2)				89 004 100 (A3)		
Item No.	Ref. Designation	Nomenclature	Tel Designation	Vendor P/N	Resource	Qty
44	W5	CABLE ASSEMBLY, LCD TO DIGITAL	75010028			1
45		PLATE, MOUNTING (POWER RESISTOR/FUSE)	62070028			1
46		FUSE BLOCK	48063001	LITTLEFUSE	357002	1
47	F2	FUSE, 1A	45100004	BUSSMANN	AGC-1	1
48	F1	FUSE, 2a, SLO-BLO	45100005	BUSSMANN	MDL-2	1
49		LED INDICATOR, GREEN	45001015	DIALIGHT	559-0201-007	1
50	S4	SWITCH, TOGGLE, DPDT	46027507	C & K	7205SHZQ	1
51		FUSE, 125 Ma/250V, SUPER TIME LAG	45100027	SHURTER	0034.5004	2
52	R1, R2	RESISTOR, POWER, 6 OHM	41400002	DALE	RH-5	2
53		ELELET	51010001	STIMPSON	G/S 3-6	4
54	S3	SWITCH, TOGGLE, SPDT	46027533	C & K	7107-SHZQE	1
55		FUSE COVER	48063003	RICHCO	840836	2
56		NUT, ¼-28 HEX				1
57		WASHER, ¼ O.D.				1
58		FUSE, 250 Ma/250V, SUPER TIME LAG	45100028	SCHURTER	0034.5037	2
59		LUG, GROUND #4	55010001	KEYSTONE	7311	2
60		LABEL, SAFETY FUNCTION	57031011	PANDUIT	PESC-H-EC	1
61		SILKSCREEN, FRONT PANEL	57005052			1
62		LCD DISPLAY MODULE	45010001	IEE	03857-03-040	1
63		FILTER, LCD DISPLAY	43015002	PANELGRAPHICS	901-AG, 75.125 THICK	1
64		STANDOFF, ¼ HEX, 5/16 LG	52400008	RAF	2101-440-SS-20	4
65		TAPE, FOAM ¼ x 8"	31000011	3M	4032	2
66		SCREW, PAN HEAD, SLOTTED, #4-40 x 1 1/8	50010002	ASM	112280-SS-12	1
67		WASHER, FLAT, #6	52010001		MS15795-805	4
68		SCREW, PAN HEAD, #6-32 x ¼	50110005		MS51957-26	2
69		BRACKET, MOUNTING, FUSE PLATE	62020082			1
70		SCREW, FLATHEAD, CROSS REC. #6-32 x ¼	50140017		MS51959-41	1
71		WASHER, SPLIT LOCK, #8	52020003		MS35338-137	2
72		STANDOFF, JACK SCREWS, 3/16 HEX	52400032	RAF	4750-2	4
73	S5	SWITCH, ROTARY	46020011	GRAYHILL	50M45-01-2-4NF	1
74	S6	SWITCH, ROTARY	46020012	GRAYHILL	50CD36-01-2-4N	1
75		KNOB	57025023	ELEC. HARDWARE	MS91528-1111B	2
76		PROGRAMED MEMORY	48077005-01			1
77		LABEL, INSTRUCTION	40200072			1

# APPENDIX

## APPENDIX A

### T-49C MOD 2 Test Set Verification Tests

### Calibration Test Report

Serial Number  
Technician  
Date of Test


Para. Ref.	Test Description and/or Location	Normal Value Expected	Actual Value Measured	PASS/FAIL	Initials
<b>4.3.2</b>	<b>Display Operation</b>				
2	Verify Start Screen		Y N		
3	Toggle Lights, Verify Backlighting	Backlight <i>ON</i>	Y N		
4	Test Set Turns <i>OFF</i>	T/S <i>OFF</i>	Y N		
<b>4.3.3</b>	<b>Transmitter Frequency Test</b>				
<b>4.3.3.1</b>	<b>Direct Method</b>				
5	Verify Carrier Signal	1030.0 MHz ± 0.1 MHz			
7	Verify Power Level	-10 dBm ± 1dB			
8	Verify Power Level/TCAS HI	+10 dBm ± 1 dB			
<b>4.3.3.2</b>	<b>Reference Method</b>				
6	Document the Peak Level	N/A		N/A	
7	Difference Between Step 6 and 7	± 1 dB			
8	TCAS HI/LO Switch in HI	± 1 dB			
<b>4.3.4</b>	<b>Receiver Oscillator Test</b>				
2	Confirm Presence of Local Oscillator Signal	Signal Present	Y N		

Para. Ref.	Test Description and/or Location	Normal Value Expected	Actual Value Measured	PASS/FAIL	Initials
<b>4.3.5</b>	<b>Mode S Pulse Modulation Signal Test</b>				
5	Observe Pulse Modulated Signal	1090.0 MHz ± 0.1 MHz			
6	Observe Mode S Reply Sequence	Mode S Reply	Y N		
<b>4.3.6</b>	<b>Omni-Directional Antenna Transponder Test</b>				
4	Test Set Identifies Transponder (Mode 3A, Mode S)		Y N		
6	Verify Correct Final Display for appropriate transponder (Mode 3A, Mode S)		Y N		
<b>4.3.7</b>	<b>TAP-135 Antenna Coupler Test</b>				
4	Ensure successful completion of Tests		Y N		
5	Verify Correct Final Display for appropriate transponder (Mode 3A, Mode S)		Y N		
<b>4.3.8</b>	<b>TAP-141 Direct Connect Antenna (Optional Test)</b>				
5	Ensure successful completion of Tests		Y N		
6	Verify Correct Final Display for appropriate transponder (Mode 3A, Mode S)		Y N		
<b>4.3.9</b>	<b>TCAS Testing</b>				
8	0' TCAS Scenario	Verify Target on TCAS Display	Y N		
9	+200/-200	Verify Target on TCAS Display	Y N		
	+4000/-4000	Verify Target on TCAS Display	Y N		
	+3500/-3500	Verify Target on TCAS Display	Y N		
<b>PASS</b>		<b>FAIL</b>			

TECHNICIAN \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_



## APPENDIX B

### T-49C MOD 2 Annual Calibration and Alignment Tests

### Calibration Test Report

Serial Number

Technician

Date of Test


Para. Ref.	Test Description and/or Location	Normal Value Expected	Actual Value Measured	Final Adjusted Value	Initials
<b>4.7</b>	<b>Digital Board Adjustment Procedures</b>				
<b>4.7.1</b>	<b>Frequency and Voltage Settings</b>				
	TP8	+10V/ $\pm 0.2V$	V	V	
	TP7	-10V/ $\pm 0.5V$	V	V	
	U55, Pin 3	+5V/ $\pm 0.2V$	V	V	
	TP3	5 Vpp $\pm 1V$	Vpp	Vpp	
		0.20 $\mu$ s/ $\pm 0.05\mu$ s	$\mu$ s	$\mu$ s	
	TP2	5 Vpp $\pm 1V$	Vpp	Vpp	
		0.25 $\mu$ s/ $\pm 0.05\mu$ s	$\mu$ s	$\mu$ s	
	P2, Pin 3 or R-28/Negative Sloping Pulse	-3.0V to -6.0V $\pm 0.5V$	V	V	
<b>4.7.2</b>	<b>ATCRBS/C Interrogation Test</b>				
	ATCRBS Mode C Reply/Intruder Simulation at P2, Pin 8	Mode C/Intruder at 190 $\mu$ s moving to 28 $\mu$ s & back			
	Mode S Interrogation Non-Reply	No Intruder			
	ATCRBS/C with P2 Pulse Interrogation Non-Reply	No Intruder			
<b>4.7.3</b>	<b>Mode S Interrogation Test</b>				
	Mode S Reply/Intruder Simulation at P2, Pin 8	Mode S/Intruder at 300 $\mu$ s moving to 130 $\mu$ s & back			
	ATCRBS Mode A Non-Reply	No Intruder			
	ATCRBS Mode C Non-Reply	No Intruder			

Para. Ref.	Test Description and/or Location	Normal Value Expected	Actual Value Measured	Final Adjusted Value	Initials
<b>4.8</b>	<b>RF-PCB Procedure</b>				
<b>4.8.1</b>	<b>Voltage Settings</b>				
	U18, Pin 3	+5 V / $\pm 0.5$ V	V	V	
	U34, Pin 3	+6 V / $\pm 0.5$ V	V	V	
	C76 Negative Lead	-4 V / $\pm 0.5$ V	V	V	
	U21, Pin 5	10 V / $\pm 0.1$ V	V	V	
<b>4.8.2</b>	<b>Frequency Settings</b>				
	TP1	4.023423 MHz $\pm 45$ Hz	MHz	MHz	
	Antenna Direct Connect Carrier Frequency Verification	1030.0 MHz $\pm 0.1$ MHz	MHz	MHz	
	U17, Pin 1	8.164063 MHz $\pm 45$ Hz	MHz	MHz	
	Antenna Direct Connect Carrier Frequency Verification	1045.0 MHz $\pm 0.1$ MHz	MHz	MHz	
	TP1	4.257813 MHz $\pm 45$ Hz	MHz	MHz	
	Antenna Direct Connect Carrier Frequency Verification	1090.0 MHz $\pm 0.1$ MHz	MHz	MHz	
	U17, Pin 1	8.398438 MHz $\pm 45$ Hz	MHz	MHz	
	Antenna Direct Connect Carrier Frequency Verification	1075.0 MHz $\pm 0.1$ MHz	MHz	MHz	
<b>4.8.3</b>	<b>Dynamic Range and RF Output Power Level Setting</b>				
	Linear Output Response	Verify Signal			
	ON/OFF Ratio	> 30 dB	dB	dB	
	Power Output and Linear Response during saw-tooth signal	-10 dBm Begin -22 $\pm$ 1dB End -5 $\pm$ 1dB	dBm	dBm	
	P2 relative to P1	-9 dB $\pm$ 1 dB	dB	dB	

Para. Ref.	Test Description and/or Location	Normal Value Expected	Actual Value Measured	Final Adjusted Value	Initials
4.8.4	1030.0 MHz Receiver Sensitivity Test				
	TP2/Demodulated Pulse Breakup	-25 to -30 dBm	dBm	dBm	
4.8.5	1090.0 MHz Receiver Sensitivity Test				
	TP2/Demodulated Pulse Breakup	-25 to -30 dBm	dBm	dBm	
4.8.6	RF Power Frequency Measurement Calibration Setting				
	-10 dBm	40 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm	dBm	dBm	
	-5 dBm	45 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm	dBm	dBm	
	-0 dBm	50 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm	dBm	dBm	
	+5 dBm	55 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm	dBm	dBm	
	+10 dBm	60 dBm $\pm$ 1 dBm	dBm	dBm	
4.9	TAP-135 Calibration				
	Observe Display, Adjust C4, if necessary				

Technician Signature	
Date of Completion	

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>APPENDIX C</b> <b>dBm to Watts Conversion Table</b></p>
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dBm	Watts
0	0.0010
1	0.0013
2	0.0016
3	0.0020
4	0.0025
5	0.0032
6	0.0040
7	0.0050
8	0.0063
9	0.0079
10	0.0100
11	0.0126
12	0.0159
13	0.0200
14	0.0251
15	0.0316
16	0.0398
17	0.0501
18	0.0631
19	0.0794
20	0.1
30	1.0
40	10.0
50	100
51	125
52	150
53	200
54	250
55	300
56	400
57	500
58	620
59	800
60	1000

## APPENDIX D

### TEST MODES OF THE T-49C MOD 2 TEST SET

A single asterisk, \*, following a test indicates the test is required by FAR part 43 section 91 for ATCRBS (Mode A/C) and Mode S transponders. A double asterisk, \*\*, indicates the test is required for Mode S transponders only. All of the tests required by the FARs are performed by the Test Set.

**ATCRBS MODE A \*** This mode interrogates transponders with the ATCRBS Mode A interrogation with nominal pulse width and separation and a P2 amplitude 9dB below P1 and P3. SLS operation is verified by transmitting interrogations with nominal pulse width and separation but a P2 level equal to P1 and P3. Both ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponders and Mode S transponders should reply with the "4096" code. A typical main display would be: ATCRBS/A 1200. The percent reply will also be displayed. The pass criteria are a 90% or greater reply efficiency for the normal Mode A interrogation and 10% or less for the SLS interrogation.

**ATCRBS MODE C \*** This mode interrogates transponders with the ATCRBS Mode C interrogation with nominal pulse width and separation, P2 amplitude 9dB below P1 and P3, and with SLS. Both ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponders and Mode S transponders should reply with an altitude reply. The altitude will be displayed with the percent reply. The pass criteria is a 90% or greater reply efficiency.

**ATCRBS MODE A/ MODE S ALL-CALL \*\*** In this mode, the transponder is interrogated with nominal pulse amplitudes, widths, and separations, with P2 9dB below P1, P3, and P4, and with SLS. ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponders will respond with a Mode A reply while Mode S transponders will respond with the Mode S all-call reply. The pass criteria are a 90% or greater reply efficiency for an ATCRBS transponder and 99% or greater reply efficiency for a Mode S transponder.

**ATCRBS MODE C/ MODE S ALL-CALL \*\*** In this mode, the transponder is interrogated with nominal pulse amplitudes, widths, and separations, with P2 9dB below P1, P3, and P4, and with SLS. ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponders will respond with the Mode S address reply. The pass criteria is a 90% or greater reply efficiency for an ATCRBS transponder and 99% or greater reply efficiency for a Mode S transponder.

**ATCRBS MODE A ONLY \*\*** The transponder is interrogated with nominal pulse width and separation, with P2 amplitude 9dB below P1 and P3, and with SLS. This interrogation causes only ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponders to reply. Although a Mode S transponder will respond to both Mode A and Mode C ATCRBS interrogations, the Mode A only interrogation will not cause a reply from Mode S transponders. The pass criterion for an ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponder is 90% or greater reply efficiency. For a Mode S transponder, the pass criterion is less than 1% reply efficiency.

**ATCRBS MODE C ONLY \*\*** The transponder is interrogated with nominal pulse width and separation, with P2 amplitude 9dB below P1 and P3, and with SLS. This interrogation causes only ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponders to reply. Although a Mode S transponder will respond to both Mode A and Mode C ATCRBS interrogations, the Mode C only interrogation will not cause a reply from Mode S transponders. ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponders equipped with Mode C will respond with a Mode C reply. The pass criterion for an ATCRBS (Mode A/C) transponder is 90% or greater reply efficiency. For a Mode S transponder, the pass criterion is less than 1% reply efficiency.

**SURVEILLANCE ID. UF=5 \*\*** In this mode, the Mode S address that was received during the previous Mode S all-call test is used to interrogate the transponder. The Mode S transponder will respond with "4096" code. The pass criterion are a reply efficiency of 99% or greater with the correct download format and a valid message.

**SURVEILLANCE ALT. UF=4 \*\*** In this mode, the Mode S address that was received during the previous Mode S all-call test is used to interrogate the transponder. The Mode S transponder will respond with altitude code. The pass criterion are a reply efficiency of 99% or greater with the correct download format and a valid message.

**SURVEILLANCE SHORT. UF=0 \*\*** In this mode, the Mode S address that was received during the previous Mode S all-call test is used to interrogate the transponder. The Mode S transponder will respond with maximum true airspeed information. The pass criterion are a reply efficiency of 99% or greater with the correct download format and a valid message.

**UNDESIRED REPLIES \*** Random address surveillance ID interrogations are made, with the exception of the transponder's address determined from the Mode S all-call. If the transponder replies an error message is displayed.

**SQUITTER \*\*** In this mode, the test set transmits no interrogations but is available to receive download format 11. The receipt of this format within 1.25 seconds constitutes a pass situation.

**MAXIMUM TRUE AIRSPEED \*\*** In this mode, the maximum true airspeed is determined by interrogating a Mode S transponder with an UF=0 and with the acquisition bit set to "one." The transponder will reply with its maximum true airspeed capability. This is done only in the test mode.

**IDENT \*** The testing of a transponder's IDENT switch is done only for ATCRBS/A and C in the test mode. If the IDENT switch is pressed during one of the above interrogations, then ATCRBS/A IDENT is displayed along with the "4096" code or altitude and the percent reply.